St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

VOL. XXX. ST. LOUIS, FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 25, 1881. NO. 152.

LADIES IMPROVE THE HOUR!

Procrastination will deprive you of the CHOICE OF OUR varied and extensive stock of

BOYS' AND CHILDREN'S CLOTHING!

We wish it understood that we have not selected odd or broken lots and marked them down for the purpose of closing out Odd Stock, dear at any price. We have MARKED DOWN EVERY GARMENT we have on sale. The greater part of our stock was bought THIS FALL, is new, stylish and first-class in all respects. The contemplated improvement of our premises compel us to SELL. These are a few of our reductions in Kilt Suits. Come early as we have made the prices low to close out quickly.

Lot 80,252, former price $10 00; now $6 50
Lot 10.000, former price 10 00; now 7 50
Lot 406,097 former price 9 50; now 6 00
Lot 10,388, former price 9 00; now 6 50
Lot 80.295, former price 7 50; now 3 50
Lot 5.080, former price 6 00; now 4 50
Lot 5,015, former price 6 50; now 5 00
Lot 6,035, former price 6 00; now 4 75
Lot 1,307, former price 6 00; now 4 50
Lot 10 422, former price 7 00; now 5 50
Lot 10,450, former price 8 00; now 6 00
Lot 9,093, former price 7 00; now 5 00
Lot 10,025, former price 6 00; now 4 75
Lot 10,284, former price 5 00; now 4 00
Lot 10,063, former price 5 50; now 3 75
Lot 9,099, former price 7 00; now 5 75
Lot 10,070, former price 10 00; now 7 50
Lot 80,374, former price 7 50; now 3 50

Lot 40,505, former price $6 00; now $3 75
Lot 5,813, former price 5 00; now 2 50
Lot 20,326, former price 1 50; now 75
Lot 40,632, former price 7 50; now 5 00
Lot 40,619, former price 5 00; now 3 00
Lot 40,695, former price 4 50; now 3 50
Lot 80,378, former price 5 00; now 3 00
Lot 80,270, former price 3 00; now 2 00
Lot 80,489, former price 12 00; now 6 00
Lot 80,410, former price 8 00; now 5 00
Lot 10,007, former price 7 50; now 6 00
Lot 80,462, former price 7 00; now 5 00
Lot 6,009, former price 7 50; now 6 00
Lot 70,121, former price 9 00; now 7 50
Lot 10,087, former price 8 00; now 5 00
Lot 10,072, former price 8 00; now 5 00
Lot 80,391, former price 8 50; now 3 50
Lot 408,473 former price 9 50; now 6 00

As we desire our patrons to get the benefit of these reductions we will not sell to dealers at above prices.

POLACK'S,

SOUTHEAST CORNER FOURTH AND OLIVE.

Superintendents, Conductors and Drivers

Of Street Railroad Companies and

MECHANICS,

1,000

OVERCOATS

To be Sold to you for

$2.25 EACH.

Examine one and tell your Neighbor.

FINLEY & HULL,

Capital City Clothing House,

210 North Fourth Street, Between Pine and Olive

Pianos & ORGANS. Our Guarantee MEANS Just what it says.

A Perfect INSTRUMENT or no sale.

$300. **Pianos** at $15., $20. &c., **per month, Organs** at $5. and $10. $60.
We have no cheap, medium and high price Pianos, of different makes, graded **to suit the Pockets** of buyers. **We keep only the best,—THE CHASE** and sell at lower rates than any other **first-class** Piano can be sold for. $350. $80.
Parties **relying on our judgment** may return anything purchased of us if it does not come up to our description. **This has been our guarantee** for $400. $90.
over 30 years.
Pianos & Organs **TUNED & repaired.** $450 $100.
Special rates **on yearly** contracts.
Our illustrated price list of musical merchandise, **sent free.** It will give you a great amount of useful information. $500. $125. $550 $150.

Peter's Music Store

307 North Fifth Street, St. Louis. The old Reliable House, Estab'd 1829.

Disturbing the Peace.

Timothy Sullivan was arraigned in the First District Police Court to-day on a charge of disturbing the peace His wife was the prosecuting witness She implored the Court to send him to the Work-house, as she and her four small children had no peace at home while he was out. She told how he had beaten her, and on hearing the testimony, Judge Jecko fined Sullivan $50. In default he was sent to the Work-house for 100 days.

PHILIP CURTIS, a driver in the employ of the St. Louis Shot Tower Company, was ordered by the officers of the Humane Society to stop working two mules with galled shoulders, and also to repair the stable in which the above named animals were kept, as it was nothing better than an open shed.

A WARRANT was sworn out by the Humane Society to-day against Rheinhardt Steitz, a butcher, occupying a stall in French Market, and was arrested for carrying three calves in a wagon with their legs tied and the body of one calf lying upon the legs of another.

SURE TO DIE.

Horrible Accident to Conductor Draper at Carondelet.

A shocking railroad accident, which will terminat in the death of James Durner, one of the best known and most reliable conductor on the St. Louis, Iron Mountain and Southern railroad took place about 11 a. m. Mr. Durner left a barber shop about 11 o'clock and started for the depot, turning on St. Louis street to walk down the track. The short train leaving Plum street at 10:30 a. m. engine No. 56, train 39, was due a Taylor street and was at St. Louis street when Mr. Durner had proceeded about fifteen feet on the tracks. Wm. Brumer engineer saw Durner, but thinking he would step off before the engine came to near, neglected to blow the whistle till too late. Durner was struck by the forepart of the engine, knocking him up to the pilot, to which he clung for a minute and then rolled under the tender The engine was immediately reversed and Turner found in a horribly mangled condition The left side of the body was crushed in such a manner as to prevent the possibility of recovery. He was carried to Dr Outten's office and afterwards taken to the Employes' House on Fifth and Nebraska streets. The left arm and left leg must be amputated. Durner was conductor on the same train that struck him, nor was not running that trip. He was married and has a wife and two small children. At the time of the accident Mr. Durner was making a collection for the widow of a man who was killed by an engine a short time since and had already collected $95.

BELLEVILLE.

The Farmers' and Fruit-Growers' Association will hold their monthly meeting at the Courthouse at 2 p. m. to-morrow.

The Belleville Guards gave their annual ball at the City Hall last night, which was attended by a fashionable audience. The ball was a grand success and reflects credit upon its managers.

The English Mission will open in St. Peter's Catholic Church at the 9 o'clock mass Sunday and continue till December 4. The sermons will be at 8 o'clock in the morning and 3:30 in the afternoon. Benediction of the blessed sacrament will take place after the evening services.

Sneak thieves infest the town in great numbers and petty thefts are of nightly occurrence. A number of tramps that have been hovering around the suburbs all summer have moved to town and could account for the disappearance of many of the articles. A little vigilance on the part of the police would make it too warm for this element of the population.

The following prisoners were taken to the Chester penitentiary this morning by Jailer Dawson, to serve terms ranging from one to twelve years: Herman Engler, one year; Louis St James, five years; Robert Gay, five years; Wm. Mitchell, one year; Charles Goert, five years; Charles Bonlan, alias Miller, three years, and Edward Tremaine twelve years.

The question about the Glass Works is thought by the knowing ones to be amicably settled. At a conference with Cols Slaack and Aberle, the two principal promoters of the scheme, Mayor West proposed to donate five acres of land to the company, exempt from taxes for five years. The proposition was regarded very favorably, and the representatives of the Glass Works promised a final decision in ten days. The company seems very anxious to settle in Belleville, and it is now rumored that the Mayor's proposition has been accepted.

FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

England.

LONDON, November 25.—A Paris correspondent says: A book is published entitled, "The Real Mission of Kings, by one of them." The King of Bavaria is credited with the authorship. The book is very severe on Bismarck. It denounces the war of '70 as immoral and iniquitous and describes Bismarck as incurably inimical to kings and people.

IRISH TOPICS.

LONDON, November 25.—It is understood that it is the intention of the Government to release all the imprisoned members of the House of Commons before the commencement of Parliament, provided no treasonable conspiracy exists and tenants are not intimidated from applying to the Land Court. The principal Irish Judges strongly deprecate any suspension of trials by jury. The Cabinet will probably meet the first week in December. The date of the assembling of Parliament will then be arranged probably for the 2d of January or 9th of February.

and.

LONDON, November 25.—In consequence of the increase of pressure in the business of the Land Court in Ireland the Government intend to appoint additional Sub-Commissioners.

ARMED MEN ARRESTED.

LONDON, November 25.—A large party of men, armed and disguised, raided a house in Dublin county for arms. Thirteen are arrested. Several of whom have been committed for trial.

CHARGED WITH MURDER.

LONDON, November 25.—The Coroner's jury returned a verdict of willful murder against Sub-Inspectors O'Brien and Bouchier, who commanded the police on the occasion of the killing of Mansfield at Ballyrogget, County Kilkenny, on the 9th of October. Warrants for their apprehension have been issued.

ARRESTS.

LONDON, November 25.—There were five arrests under the coercion act to-day.

A Protestant church in the rural district of County Cork has been wrecked.

Germany.

BERLIN, November 25.—Several newspapers here state that at the Parliamentary dinner yesterday Bismarck observed that he apprehended no conflict with the Reichstag during its present session, and did not anticipate a dissolution. The bills announced in the imperial message, he said, would not be dealt with all at once. Considerable time was required to dispose of them.

If he should be unable to carry out his project he would confine himself to foreign affairs and appoint a Vice Chancellor for the Home Department.

DEATH OF BUSCH.

LONDON, November 25.—The death of Wilhelm Busch, Surgeon-General of the Russian army from 1866 to 1870 is announced.

THE SOCIALISTS.

BERLIN, November 25.—The Reichstag has passed a resolution for the suspension of criminal proceedings against the Socialist members Kraecker and Hasenclever during the present session.

THANKSGIVING IN BERLIN.

BERLIN, November 25.—The Americans here celebrated Thanksgiving by a grand banquet. Everett, the First Secretary, in charge of the Legation, presided, and proposed the health of the Emperor William and President Arthur. Herr Gneist, in responding to the toast to the Emperor, said nowhere more than in Germany was a nation esteemed which shed so much blood for the abolition of slavery. Baron Von der Heidt, Court Chaplain, Herr Frommel and all the American colony of Berlin were present.

Spain.

MADRID, November 25.—In the Senate committee Senor Martinez, Minister of Justice, declared the Government was negotiating with the Vatican for an arrangement of the civil marriage question and hoped for a favorable result, but in the contrary event the Government would maintain the principles of its bill on the subject and uphold the prerogative of the State The Minister's declaration received considerable applause.

Tunis.

LONDON, November 25.—The Tunisian troops encamped at Zaghonan have returned to Tunis. Most of them will be disbanded.

Egypt.

ALEXANDRIA, November 25.—A dispatch from Madrid announcing the outbreak of cholera in this city is unfounded.

Turkey.

ROME, November 25.—The death is announced of the Latin Patriarch of Constantinople.

Greece.

LONDON, November 25.—The Greek Postoffice at Janina was forcibly closed.

Kansas City News.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

KANSAS CITY, November 25.—The elevator in Meyer Bros. & Co.'s wholesale drug house broke at 11 o'clock, falling from the fourth story. Wm. C. Pinkard, a porter, with a load of sulphur, was on the elevator. The concussion of the fall caused an explosion and fire Loss $3,000 or $4,000. Pinkard is terribly injured and may die.

J. H. Russell, the murderer of John Smarr in this city November 9, to day waived examination. The case goes to the grand jury next week.

The funeral of John W. Reid this afternoon at 2 o'clock was the largest ever seen here. The bar of Jackson county attended in a body.

Tannery Destroyed.

PITTSBURG, November 25.—This morning about 5 o'clock the extensive tannery of Keifer, Stiefel & Co., on Spring Garden avenue, Allegheny City, caught fire in the finishing department, and before the flames could be subdued the entire tannery was in ruins. The loss is estimated at $125,000, on which there was an insurance of $75,000, but in what companies it cannot be stated this morning as the policies are in the safe, which is buried in the flames. The origin of the fire is unknown, but it is believed to be the work of incendiaries. This is the second time within a year the tannery has been destroyed.

Death of a Noted Toledoan.

TOLEDO, O., November 25.—Gen. Charles W. Hill, an old and prominent resident of Toledo, died at his residence here yesterday. During the early part of the War of the Rebellion Gen. Hill held command under McClellan in West Virginia. He afterwards served as Adjutant-General of Ohio under Gov. Todd. He was a zealous worker in the cause of education, was a founder of the present system of public schools of this place, and for twenty-one years held the position of President of the Board of Education.

Wedding Bells.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

BLOOMINGTON, ILL., November 25.—A very brilliant wedding occurred in this city last evening, being the marriage of Mr. Clinton H. Soper, a prominent and well known business man of Bloomington, and Miss Emma Burr, the beautiful and accomplished daughter of Hon Hutson Burr, one of the leading civil lawyers of Illinois. Several hundred guests were present, including Senator David Davis, Lieut.-Gov. Hamilton and other prominent personages of the State. The wedding party left for St. Louis and the South on their wedding tour.

Indications.

WASHINGTON, D. C., November 24.—For Tennessee and the Ohio Valley, warmer south to west winds, falling barometer and fair weather. Lake Region, slowly rising temperature, falling barometer during the rest of Friday, south to west winds, partly cloudy weather and areas of light snow. Upper Mississippi and Missouri Valleys, rising temperature, falling followed by rising barometer, southwest to northwest winds, partly cloudy weather and in northern portions light snow.

Canned Meat Patents.

CHICAGO, November 25.—In the Federal Court this morning Judge Drummond decided that the patent for preserving meat reissued in 1875 to Wm. J. Wilson, and the John A. Wilson patent for the construction of a can in which to pack and preserve meat, reissued in 1877, are both invalid. The amount involved is said to be a million dollars.

Fell Dead.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

WILLIAMTON, ILL., November 25.—George Meyer, an employe of the Reynolds Brewery, fell dead this morning while engaged in his work. His death is attributed to strong drink and dissipated habits.

Cincinnati Chamber of Commerce.

CINCINNATI, O., November 25.—The Chamber of Commerce took possession of its new quarters in Pike's Opera-house to day. The members are much pleased with the improved accommodations. The Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company opened three offices in the city today for general business.

Atlanta Exposition.

ATLANTA, November 25.—The International Exposition designated December 9 as Mayor's Day. The Mayor or his representative from every city in the Union is expected.

River Telegrams.

EVANSVILLE, IND., November 25.—Arrived: Grey Eagle, Louisville, 7:30 a. m.; Evansville, Bowling Green, 7:30 a. m.; John S. Hopkins, Cairy, 7 a. m.; J. S. Throop, 11:45 a. m. Departed: Grey Eagle, Louisville, 11 a. m.; Evansville, Bowling Green, midnight; Silver Cloud, Florence, 12:30 a. m. Clear and cold; fresh south wind; mercury 20 to 34. River rising fast, 13 2 10 feet on the gauge.

CAIRO, ILL., November 25.—Arrived: Carrier, New Orleans, 10 p. m.; Scudder, St. Louis, 7. Departed: Carrier, St. Louis, midnight: Anderson, Nashville, 4 a. m.; Ubert, Vicksburg, 6. Weather clear and cold.

LOUISVILLE, November 25.—River rising; 10 feet 8 inches in canal and 8 feet 8 inches in chute on falls. Clear and cold. Sim Wood, Bengal Tiger, W. C. Geffry and Dick Fulton, with tows of coal, arrived from Pittsburg.

MEMPHIS, November 25.—River rising. Arrived: Andy Baum, Cincinnati; City of Providence, Vicksburg. Departed: Belle Memphis, Vicksburg, 10 a. m. Clear and cold.

PITTSBURG, November 25.—River 5 feet 6 inches and falling. Weather cold. Scotia arrived at 5 a. m. and leaves at 5 p. m.

WHEELING, W. VA., November 25.—River 9 feet 6 inches and falling. Weather clear and cold.

CINCINNATI, November 25.—River 27 feet and stationary. Arrived: Paris C. Brown, New Orleans.

Marine.

NEW YORK, November 25.—Arrived: Gallia, from Liverpool; Silesia, from Hamburg.

THE LATEST FROM THE COAL STRIKE.

Mr. Harris Describes the Mob Terrorism Employed at Birkner.

Mr. Harris came to town about noon to-day and made the following statement as to the situation of affairs at Birkner:

On Tuesday Collinsville men about forty to sixty in number came to Birkner and commenced to use threats and violent demonstrations toward the miners at work for me in the Excelsor and Victory mines. The men continued at work during Tuesday, in spite of the threats of violence. On Wednesday before daylight these Collinsville miners reappeared at Birkner, using threats of violence and intimidation, but many miners went to work in spite of them and loaded up eleven cars. On that evening the strikers, reinforced, were using more violent threats against the men if they went to work the next day. The railroad left two cars on the switch, filled on the 23d. On Thursday, the 24th, the miners filled five cars at Victor Mines and three at Excelsior Mines after dinner. The strikers, fifty or sixty in number, were still using threats against the miners at work and laying hands on some, using them violently, with revolvers in their hands, threatening to shoot the first man that went to work. This was at the dinner hour of the 24th. I sent to Belleville for the Sheriff. When he came most of the men were at work or went to work. The strikers left, threatening to come back next day reinforced by 1,000 men. To day, before daylight, one forty or fifty strikers appeared at Birkner, flourishing pistols and making violent threats against working miners, but the Sheriff came shortly after daylight and the strikers subsided. The men went to work and all was quiet at Birkner when I left at 10:30 a. m. The Sheriff was master of the situation then. The men are well satisfied with the price paid (three cents) and their agreement with me for that price during the existence of the Water-works contract now in force, and they show every disposition faithfully and honestly to stand to their agreement if they can be protected against mob violence. The men say that if the law officers do not protect them they will arm and protect themselves. This morning the Birkner mines, under control of Mr. Avery and Mr. Rinecke, and my mines are at work in full force. These are all of the mines on the L. & N. R. R. at work. So far as he has knowledge it was reported at Birkner at 10:30 a. m. that Jeck's mines on Illinois & St. Louis Railroad were at work.

Arrested.

Detective Pat Lawler to-day arrested Thomas Dodge on suspicion. A search warrant was issued to examine Dodge's house. Five thousand pounds of wool were stolen from a Main street man a few days ago and for this the detectives are looking.

Last Edition.

GUITEAU'S PLEA.

The Assassin Reads a Statement Declaring the Newspapers Responsible.

He Threatens Instant Death to Those who Attempt Violence Upon Him.

Denouncing His Divorced Wife—Graphic Scenes---Political News---Washington Gossip.

The Guiteau Trial.

WASHINGTON, November 25.—The Criminal Court was crowded in every part this morning, mostly with ladies, for the most part representing the fashionable circles of Washington society. Immediately upon the opening of the court Scoville stated Guiteau desired to make a statement. No objection being made,

GUITEAU READ FROM MANUSCRIPT

substantially as follows: I propose to have all the facts bearing upon this case to go to the court and jury, and to do this I have been forced to interrupt counsel and witnesses who were mistaken as to supposed facts. I meant no discourtesy to them or any one. Any fact in my career bearing on the question who fired that shot, the Deity or myself, is of vital importance in this case, and I propose that it go to the jury. Hence my personal, political and theological record may be developed. I am glad that your honor and opposing counsel are disposed to give an historical review of my life and I ask the press and public to do likewise. All I want is absolute justice, and I shall not permit any crooked work. I have no idea my counsel want crooked work. They are often mistaken on supposed facts and I shall have to correct them. Last spring certain newspapers in New York and Washington were bitterly denouncing the President for breaking up the Republican party by improper appointments. I would like these newspapers to reprint those editorials now and see how they would look and sound. In attempting to remove the President I only did what the papers said ought to be done. Since July 2 they have been deifying the President and denouncing me for doing the very thing they said ought to be done. I want the newspapers and doctors, who actually killed the President, to share with me the odium of his death.

I never would have shot him of my own volition, notwithstanding those newspapers, if I had not been commissioned by the Deity to do the deed, but this fact does not relieve the newspapers from the supposed disgrace of the President's removal. If he had been properly treated he would be alive to day. It has been published that I am in fear of death.

IT IS FALSE.

I have always been a religious man, and an active worker for God. Some people think I am a murderer, but the Lord does not, for he inspired the act, as in the case of Abraham and a score of other cases in the Bible. The assault made upon me Saturday last by a crank has been condemned by the press. The eyes of the civilized world are watching this case, and it behooves this court and the metropolitan police to protect me at all hazards. I hereby warn all cranks of high or low degree to keep away from me under penalty of instant death. He would have been shot dead on Saturday but for the rearing of the horses in the van. As the officer was shooting the horses shook the van so he lost his aim, and though the van pursued him he temporarily escaped. I waste my arguments on cranks. All they can see in this case is a policeman's revolver. Again I say if they value their lives they must keep away from me. I desire the court and jury to dispose of this case on the facts and law, and leave all the responsibility about it to a verdict.

Scoville then referred to his previous demands for certain printed newspaper slips which were taken from Guiteau at the time of his arrest. A colloquy ensued between counsel, in which considerable feeling was shown upon both sides. Scoville protested against the course of the District Attorney in the matter, and the latter contemptuously retorted from his seat: "Oh stuff, stuff, all stuff." The controversy was finally settled and Scoville called John A. Logan for the defense. Witness did not respond, however. Guiteau, who seemed greatly excited, here broke in again and shouted, "There is another matter I want to speak about right now. I understand

MY DIVORCED WIFE

is to be brought here as a witness against me. If that's so, there will be trouble. She was a poor, unfortunate thing, and I should never have married her; but if she comes in here to testify against me and do me any harm I'll rip up her whole record. She was seduced in Philadelphia and had a child before I married her."

With great difficulty Scoville after some minutes expostulated, and succeeded in quieting Guiteau. Two other witnesses were called but failed to respond

Joseph B. Smith, of Freeport, Ill., testified as to his acquaintance with the Guiteau family.

E. O. FOSS

testified as to the scene at the depot the morning of the shooting. There were several sharp passages between Scoville and counsel for the prosecution during the questioning of this witness.

CHARLES J. RIED,

of Chicago, detailed several instances in Guiteau's career as a lawyer at Chicago. Witness was Prosecuting Attorney for twelve years, and met Guiteau frequently, but his relations with him were never intimate. He had loaned him money which was still due. He always regarded him as an earnest, sincere man, but unbalanced. He never saw any indication of violence and always deemed him a harmless man until recently.

Witness saw Guiteau here several times last spring. Frequent references were made during conversations to the office Guiteau was expecting to have. Witness told Guiteau he had no show for the Paris Consulship and he would help him to get a clerkship or some minor position where there was little responsibility a taching, but Guiteau became very indignant and said: "You watch the papers next three or four days and you will see the annoyement of my appointment to the Paris Consulship."

Witness visited Guiteau a few days since in jail and asked him why he killed Gen. Garfield. The prisoner was lying down on his couch He arose excitedly and began a rambling sort of speech, saying, "I did not do it. The Lord did it. I was only the Lord's instrument in removing the President." At times the prisoner would show great excitement, striking his fists against the wall with considerable violence. Then he would relapse into a perfectly quiet state, speaking almost in a whisper. Witness received the impression Guiteau was of unsound mind. Being pressed for a more direct answer, he replied, "I had not a doubt of it."

Upon cross-examination witness stated last time he saw Guiteau was on the Tuesday evening before the assassination of the President. Guiteau took exceptions to the date and insisted he did not see witness for a month previous to July 1. Witness was sure of the correctness of his statement as he went directly to Saratoga, and heard there of the killing of the President. Guiteau shouted out: "I say it was the first of May. I don't forget anything. You see that's the matter with my brain; when anything gets in there it sticks." Witness resumed, when Guiteau again broke in, directly contra-

Continued on Fifth Page.

VIEWS AFLOAT.

The Interesting Log of a Summer Canoeist.

Following the "Father of Waters" From His Source to the Balize.

Special Correspondence of the Post-Dispatch.

NEW ORLEANS, November 18, 1881.—There arrived at the jetties on the 15th a tiny cedar canoe, bearing aloft at the bow a pennant with the inscription, "Alice," and at the stern a United States flag. Its officers and crew consisted of Capt. Willard Glazier, the distinguished author, and a reportorial companion, who had come all the way down the Mississippi from its source in their frail bark. Great, indeed, was the joy of the voyagers as they glided down to the mouth of the river and saw the salt spray of the gulf dash high over the seaward wall of the jetties. After clambering up by the beacon and standing there gazing at the broad expanse of water towards which they had been paddling for the last four months, until they were drenched by an unusually heavy wave, the men descended again slowly, scarcely conscious that their long voyage was finished. Hailing a boat, they got aboard her, and the light canoe was made fast behind and towed back to Port Eads, where the travelers were hospitably entertained until the arrival of an inward bound steamship to bring them to New Orleans. As this is by far the longest canoe voyage ever attempted, and which extended the whole length of the greatest country in the world, some account of the expedition, its scenes and incidents, and the reasons that induced it, cannot fail to be of interest.

Capt. Willard Glazier, whose original idea it was to traverse this great river from its source to its mouth, is a serious, soldierly-looking man, and a military author of repute. Among his best known works are "Battle for the Union," "Soldiers of the Saddle" and "Heroes of Three Wars," and among those not of a military character "Peculiarities of American Cities" and "Ocean to Ocean on Horseback." This last is an account of a horseback journey made by the author from Boston to San Francisco in 1876. Indeed it was while engaged upon this journey, and in crossing the Government bridge across the Mississippi at Rock Island, that the idea of the present voyage suggested itself.

The Captain does not look like a man of a thoughtless adventurous disposition, and it seems strange at first thought that he should have made the voyage in the manner he did, but it looks reasonable enough when his reasons are taken into consideration. The Captain made the trip avowedly for the purpose of study and observation, as he did that across the continent in 1876. He wished to thoroughly understand the people of the great valley, their social conditions, industries and modes of life. He also expected to obtain much enjoyment from the changing scenery and climate. Had he traveled by steamboat or rail, he would have been whisked through the country in a week or so, and would have had absolutely no opportunity of obtaining an inside view of the condition of affairs. In addition to seeing the country, the Captain designed delivering a lecture, prepared specially for the purpose, on "The Pioneers of the Mississippi," in all important towns on his course. The lecture treated of the early explorers—De Soto, Marquette, La Salle, etc. Actuated by these motives, he procured a fine cedar canoe, on the Rushton model, which he shipped to Aitken, the most northerly point on the river reached by rail. He then went, accompanied by his brother, to Brainard, Minn., where he was joined by his companion, Mr. B. C. Paine, and there made final preparations for the long voyage. At Brainard the party left the line of the Northern Pacific Railroad and proceeded by wagon, over a road which was hardly more than a trail, to Leech Lake, where the Government has an Indian agency. The country traversed was exceedingly wild, being almost without inhabitants and covered with a growth of the worthless jack pines. It being the blueberry season, quite a number of Indians were seen picking that fruit, which abounds there. As a rule the braves lay in the shade, smoking or sleeping, while the squaws and the children did the picking. At night they found a stopping-place at Pine River, and the following afternoon arrived at the agency, where there are trading posts and a number of white men. Here three birch-bark canoes were purchased and the services of an equal number of Indian guides were procured, one of whom also acted in the capacity of interpreter. All of these were required to reach the source of the river, which was a matter of great difficulty and some danger. Lake Itaska, which was then supposed by the Captain to be the source of the river, lay five days' journey away, through an almost impenetrable wilderness. Indeed, it was almost impossible to find even an Indian who had visited it. But at last one was found in the person of Che-no-wa-ge-sic, a Chippewa brave, who finally consented to pilot the party to that lake.

On the 17th of July everything was in readiness, the three birch canoes were launched on Leech Lake, and the voyage had fairly commenced. After crossing Leech Lake, the voyagers pushed up the Gaheanaeba River, which was filled with rushes and wild rice.

Laboriously paddling through these, they reached another lake and encamped for the night. Next morning the lake was crossed and the first real hardship of the expedition confronted them in the shape of a portage. The provisions and luggage were taken out of the canoes and transported on the backs of the Indians across the country a distance of three miles through underbrush so thick that they couldn't see ten feet in advance. Five days were spent in this manner, first paddling across a little lake and then making a long portage, until at last Lake Itaska was reached, and the party encamped on Schoolcraft's Island. However, by this time the Captain had come to believe from the talk of the guides, particularly of Che-no-wa-ge-sic, the chief guide, whose words were translated to him, that Itaska was perhaps not the source of the great river. Determined to ascertain the truth of this, he proceeded at once to make a thorough exploration of the headwaters of the river, guided in a great measure by Che-no-wa-ge-sic, who had hunted for years in this region. Various streams joining the Mississippi were examined, and found to contain less water than that stream itself, thus establishing the fact that Itaska is on the main stream. Then a thorough exploration of the shores of the lake itself was made. Several small rivulets were found to enter it, the chief of which, quite a respectable stream, came in at the end of the southwestern arm of the lake. Itaska at this point is filled with bulrushes, through which with great difficulty the explorers forced their way, and were rewarded by finding themselves in a clear, swift-running stream, having a depth of from two to five inches, and an average width of five feet. Up this tortuous stream the canoes were pushed and dragged for three-quarters of a mile, and then the voyagers shot out upon the surface of a beautiful heart-shaped lake which proved upon careful exploration to be the true source of the Father of Waters. After examining the shores, the party landed on a rocky point and Captain Glazier made a short speech expressing his confident belief that they had found the true source of a great river and added something to the geographical knowledge of the country. He was followed by Mr. Paine, who, after a few appropriate remarks, moved that the new lake be called Lake Glazier, in honor of the man by whom it had been discovered. This motion was adopted by acclamation, and after drinking from a spring of ice-cold water which bubbled up at their feet, the party re-embarked. Lake Glazier is about a mile and a half in greatest diameter, with clear, deep waters and wooded shores, being altogether a prettier lake than Itaska, to whose honors as source of the Mississippi it succeeds.

From Lake Glazier the descent of the river began. Below Itaska it runs in a northerly direction for a hundred miles or more, and then swings round to the eastward, finally bending toward the south, which general direction it afterward maintains. For the first few miles it runs through rich meadows, and the canoeists expected from this that the voyage as far as the inhabited part of the river would be easy and agreeable. Such was not their fortune, however, for they soon found the river obstructed by snags, driftwood and boulders of all sizes. Huge trees had in many instances fallen completely across the stream. These obstacles were surmounted in different ways. Sometimes the canoes could be pressed down and made to go under the logs; again, they would have to be carried around. Sometimes the drift could be removed, and sometimes the canoe would be lifted or carried over. At last the canoes had to be carried across a portage for half a mile, then launched again until at last the obstructions were passed. Meanwhile, and in fact all through the journey, the mosquitoes hovered around them in clouds, making life a burden and causing all members of the expedition to forget their early Christian training. Leaving the obstructions behind, the party sped smoothly along the waving meadow once more lining the river. But a new hardship now threatened them. Their rations gave out entirely, and, most of the ammunition having become wet, starvation stared thin in the face. To buy anything in that wild country was impossible, for they had not seen even an Indian since leaving Leech Lake. This danger was barely averted by the marksmanship of the Captain and the dexterity of the Indian guides, who would occasionally kill a duck with their paddles. They got down at last to "hard pan," and had gone without any breakfast or supper the day they reached Lake Bernidji. Here they were lucky enough to meet an Indian who had a little flour and pork, and, having replenished their larder, they crossed the lake and continued down the river. A new danger now beset them in the shape of rapids, which would occur every few miles, rendering canoe navigation extremely hazardous. Several times were holes torn in the frail birch canoes, and a number of times were the voyagers precipitated into the water, but no one was dangerously hurt and the guides were very deft in repairing the canoes. A half day's journey from Lake Bernidji is Cass Lake, a beautiful sheet of water, twenty miles in length by ten in width. The next day Winnibigoshish, the largest lake on the Mississippi, was reached. It is twenty miles in diameter and greeted the traveler with a heavy sea, which nearly swamped them as they paddled across the corner of the lake to a few scattered wigwams which form the little Indian village on its banks. Three days they were wind-bound on the lake, getting away on the morning of the fourth. That night their camp was invaded by a number of hostile Indians, but owing to their vigilance any bloodshed was avoided. In three days Pokegama Falls were reached and they saw the first white man since leaving Leech Lake. Making a portage around the falls, they shot past Grand Rapids a few miles below and slept that night beneath the shelter of a roof.

Nothing worthy of mention occurred between this point and Aitken, which they reached in four days, and at last found themselves within the bounds of civilization and bade farewell to their Indian guide. The Captain tried to induce these dusky sons of the forest to accompany him to the Gulf, but the stories they had heard of the alligators and snakes of the Sunny South terrified them and they refused. A short rest was taken at Aitken, and then the party re-embarked in the beautiful modern canoe which awaited them there. That is all, except that the Captain stuck to the birch canoe in which he had ridden from the start. In addition to the Rushton canoe "Alice," named after the Captain's daughter, which came through to the gulf, there was a Racine canoe of the Rob Roy pattern, which excited much attention until the diminution of the party rendered its abandonment necessary. The descent of the river in the new canoes was easy and pleasant. In all the principal towns, Capt. Glazier delivered his lecture, "Pioneers of the Mississippi," which was received with great interest. The journey excited a great deal of comment; boats would go up the river to meet the voyagers, and brass bands would frequently greet them on their arrival in port. Between Aitken and St. Paul numerous and dangerous rapids were met, including Pike Rapids, Sauk Rapids and Little Falls, all of which were shot in safety, and the Falls of St. Anthony were reached without accident, though the great number of pine logs floating in the river caused the canoeists considerable annoyance. Below St. Anthony's Falls the scenery is very beautiful, high bluffs arising with more or less abruptness from the water's edge; but the pleasure of sight-seeing was much dampened by rain, which followed the party almost relentlessly to St. Louis.

Among other points of especial interest along the Upper Mississippi Lake Pepin occupies the most prominent position after St. Anthony's Falls. Environed by majestic bluffs and with a length of thirty miles and breadth of three, it forms a very beautiful sheet of water. But, though beautiful, it is treacherous, and the winds sweeping down between the high bluffs frequently make navigation on its waters perilous. In the morning when our voyagers reached its upper end they found to their dismay that these elements had possession, and the waves were so high that a number of river steamers had been compelled to lie up and wait for the storm to subside. The Captain, however, having a lecture appointment at Lake City, half-way down the lake, determined to keep his appointment despite the weather, and ventured forth regardless of the warning of the river men. It took all day to paddle a distance of sixteen miles, and many a time it seemed that the frail boats would be engulfed by the waves which dashed over them, but the danger was passed in safety. From this point things went smoothly until the canoe fleet were just below Winona, when a sudden and violent squall struck the boats and came near sending them to the bottom. Fortunately this, too, was weathered, and then the only other drawbacks encountered were the continuous and strong headwinds and the seas consequent upon them, which tried the voyagers' nerves so frequently that they came to be naturally expected. While on the Keokuk rapids the wind blew so strongly that it actually carried the boats up stream, and it was only by the hardest paddling that any progress could be made. At La Crosse the expedition was reduced in number to the Captain and Mr. Paine, who proceeded to the Gulf in the Alice. Some days were spent in all the principal towns, and at Davenport the delivery of the lecture was stopped. This was done with regret, but it was found that the slow progress it necessitated would require more time for the journey than could be devoted to it.

On October 8 St. Louis was reached and the voyagers were welcomed home by the various boat clubs of the city and congratulated on having accomplished the first great section of the navigable river. On October 10 they re-embarked and pushed on towards the mouth of the river. Everywhere they were received with the greatest cordiality; the steamers saluted them by blowing their whistles, and great interest was manifested in the voyage. Cairo, Memphis, Vicksburg, Natchez and Baton Rouge were the chief halting places, but frequently night overtook them near some plantation-house, and then they were the planter's guests and were entertained with true Southern hospitality. Special occasion was taken by the Captain to investigate the cotton and sugar crops, the relations of the white and colored races and the future possibilities of the South, and with very gratifying result as New Orleans was at last reached. As it was so near his journey's end and as it was his intention to return as soon as he had passed through the jetties, the Captain determined to pass the city on his downward trip without halting. This was accordingly done, and three days' paddling brought the canoeists to Mr. Eads' great work as detailed above. Remaining there a day, they returned to the city on the steamship Margaret, and the canoe followed on the Keyser.

Thus ended the longest canoe voyage ever made, and one which perhaps entailed more hardships on the ones who made it than any other on record. Starting from the cold springs at its source, Capt. Glazier followed the windings of the greatest river on our continent from the pine forests and the wheat lands of the extreme Northern States, through all the varying phases of climate and industries, to the cotton and sugar-cane section of the South, past the orange and banana groves and on to the broad Gulf. Such a journey is full of interesting and strange experiences, and the Captain's observations will form the subject matter of a book, to be issued shortly, entitled "Down the Great River," which cannot fail to be both interesting and instructive.

The canoe in which this long voyage was made has been presented by Capt. Glazier to the New Orleans Academy of Sciences in commemoration of the discovery of the source of the river, and it will be placed on exhibition Monday morning in the rotunda of the St. Charles Hotel.

It may be well to mention that no one else has ever traversed either in canoe, steamboat or otherwise more than two-thirds of the course of the Mississippi, and when it is taken into consideration that the distance is 3,000 miles, and that the upper portion is filled with rapids, logs and other obstructions, it is not to be wondered at. Captain Glazier will return to St. Louis from here and spend the winter in that city. CALYPSO.

Prince Leopold's Intended.

From the New York Times.

The lady to whom it is announced that Queen Victoria's only bachelor son is engaged is in her twenty-first year. Her father, the Prince of Pyrmont-Waldeck, was born in 1831, and is, consequently, fourteen years junior to his son-in-law, the King of Holland. His other married daughter is wife of the heir to the King of Wurtemberg. He has no sons. The Prince's first cousin, Prince Albert, his next heir in the male line, made a morganatic marriage with an Irish lady, Miss Gage, created Countess Rhoden, the descendent of a Chaplain to Queen Anne, who accompanied a Duke of Dorsett, when Lord Lieutenant, to Ireland in the same capacity, and whose descendants have long been seated at Rathlin Island, which covers some 3,000 acres, off the coast of Antrim, Ireland. The Prince of Waldeck has about 60,000 subjects, and rules over 500 square miles. He has a pleasant home at Arolsen, his capital, on the River Aar, the population of which comprises about 2,000 people. The Duke of Albany's bride has not, therefore, lived in a whirl of excitement, and may even find Osborne and Balmoral lively. On the other hand, she may, perhaps, like Mrs. Col. Carver, in "Woodcock's Little Game," resolve to make up for lost time, and use her young Duke, who is not up to much, as Mrs. Carver did poor Woodcock. The marriage will excite a good deal of surprise in England, where most had, in view of Prince Leopold's delicate health, set him down as a permanent bachelor. A satisfactory feature about it is that it introduces entirely new blood.

How to Shake Hands.

From Nye's Boomerang.

There are only two or three people now living who can successfully shake hands. There is a good deal of hand-shaking done through the country, especially at this season of the year, but only a very small per cent of the shakers and shakees know how to do it so as to get the entire amount of exhilaration out of it. Some grab the hand of an adversary in a quick, nervous manner that scares the victim nearly to death, while others slide the cold and clammy paw at you so that you feel the same as when you drop a cold raw oyster with vinegar on it down your back. If you are shaking hands with a lady, incline the head forward with a soft and graceful yet half-timid movement, like a boy climbing a barbed-wire fence with a fifty-pound watermelon. Look gently in her eyes with a kind of pleading smile, beam on her features a bright and winsome beam, say something that you have heard some one else say on similar occasions, and in the meantime shake her hand in a subdued yet vigorous way, not as though you were trying to make a mash by pulverizing her fingers, nor yet in too conservative a manner, allowing her hand to fall with a sickening thud when you let go. Care should be taken also not to hang on to the hand more than half an hour in public, as bystanders might make remarks. This is now considered quite outre and mandamus.

George Washington's Ghost

Washington Dispatch to the Cleveland Herald.

A singular story comes from Washington's old home at Mount Vernon. At 1:30 Thursday afternoon an old clock, which was bought by Washington more than a century ago and has stood for many years in what was known as the "River Room," broke its silence by distinctly striking, it is said, three times. The superintendent of the place says the old clock has not been wound up for more than forty years. In fact, many of the works had been carried away by relic hunters. The colored servants refuse to enter the room, deeming the striking the work of the General's ghost.

PICK-UPS.

August Belmont, Jr., is going to hunt snipe along the Egyptian rivers.

The Michigan Agricultural College never saves any watermelon seeds.

The coal-dealer who mixes a little coal with his slate is the one that gets business.

It's the fashion now among church-going ladies to trim their bonnets on the congregation side.

The bank that is not conducted with the regularity of clock-work may have to wind up its affairs.

New York boarding-house keepers are about to raise their prices. Lobscouse is lobscouse.

A Brooklyn brunette, worth $350,000, wants to marry Mayor Harrison, of Chicago, and move him to Brooklyn.

Grief doesn't stay the march of improvement. Ex-Empress Eugenie is adding eighteen rooms to her new house.

A new postal car has been named Thomas L. James. It is understood that the next new express car will be called Jesse.

A Michigan man has deserted his wife because she is deaf and dumb. Men little know when they have a treasure in the house.

Four babies have come all at once to Mrs. Tyler, of Kansas, and each weighs four pounds. It is supposed Mr. Tyler will lecture.

Iowa is trying to keep up with Michigan in agriculture. Several of the students of the Iowa Agricultural College have been arrested for burglary.

Mr. Talmage says hell is strewn with tobacco leaves. But that's all right. Men smoke when they get to hell, though they never did before.

Mr. Theophid Krontzkowski, of Chicago, has been arrested for assaulting Mr. Nojtaiewicz. Getting up a directory for Chicago must be a refreshing enterprise.

Theebaw, the barbarous old tyrant of Burmah, has been having a big racket with his Queen, but she has locked him up with their new girl baby and sent his two new wives to prison heavily ironed.

If Mr. Blaine were up about Wrangell Land, and Gen. Grant were there too, and an iceberg a mile high were about to fall upon the gentleman from Maine, would Gen. Grant lasso that iceberg and tip it the other way?

It is about two years since Tom Neill suddenly departed from Peoria, leaving creditors to mourn the loss of nearly $300,000. He hasn't, as yet, signified his intention of either returning or making restitution. It is likely that Thomas has gone into Virginia politics

HEART'S-EASE.

While o'er my life still hung the morning star,
Dreamy and soft in tender-lighted skies;
While care and sorrow held themselves afar,
And no sad mist of tears had dimm'd my eyes:
I saw Love's roses blowing,
With scent and color glowing,
And so I wished for them with longing sighs.

The brightest hung so high and held aloft
Their crimson faces, passionately bright;
The gay, rich, golden ones escaped me oft,
And hedged with sharpest thorns the lofty white:
From all my eager pleading
They turned away, unheeding;
Among Love's roses none were mine of right.

Yet, of sweet things, those roses seemed most sweet
And most desirable, until a voice,
Soft as sad music, said: "Lo! at thy feet
A little flower shall make thy heart rejoice."
And so, the voice obeying,
I saw in beauty straying
A wealth of Heart's-ease, waiting for my choice

Great purple pansies each with snowy heart,
And golden ones, with eyes of deepest blue;
Some "freaked with jet," some pure white ones apart,
But all so sweet and fresh with morning due
I could not bear to lose them,
I could not help to choose them,
For sweet content sat singing where they grew.

So, now, Love's roses shake their scented leaves,
But tempt me not to their enchanted quest;
I gather Heart's-ease set in dewy leaves
And am content—for me it is the best.
Be glad, if sweet and glowing,
You find Love's roses blowing—
I sing through life with Heart's-ease at my breast.

MARY A. BARR.

MRS. LINCOLN IN WANT.

Sick and Unable to Obtain Much-Needed Attention—A Sad Story.

From the New York Times.

Mrs. Abraham Lincoln, the widow of our first martyred President, has been in this city for nearly two months, submitting to medical treatment at the hands of Dr. Lewis A. Sayre. She has been suffering for the past two years, and during the entire time has scarcely been able to walk without assistance. It is said that she has needed the means to secure the proper attention of nurses, and that the three thousand dollar pension granted her by Congress is utterly inadequate to supply her wants in her present condition. Cyrus W. Field has been applied to to take an interest in her case, and he announced yesterday that he was actively exerting his influence to secure the passage of a bill through Congress to increase the amount of her pension to a figure which will render the remaining years of her life as comfortable as her sickly condition will permit. A Times reporter had a long conversation with Dr. Sayre last evening in regard to the condition and actual needs of Mrs. Lincoln. The Doctor was very indignant at the reports which have been circulated to the effect that his patient is insane. "She is no more insane than you or I are," he said, "and if you could talk with her an hour you would agree with me. The poor woman has had trouble enough to drive many a strong man crazy, but she has borne up under the strain nobly, and these misrepresentations are unworthy the men who make them. I have known Mrs. Lincoln since she was a little girl, and I understand her and her situation thoroughly. If it were not for her illness, which may very possibly prove incurable, even with the best and most constant attendance, I believe that she would get along on the paltry $3,000 which Congress has thrown to her, and the world would never know from her lips that the widow of the man who did more for his country than any other man in this century was poor and in want. As it is, she is absolutely driven to ask aid from somebody, and I believe that Congress is the proper place to apply. The wife of Abraham Lincoln should not want for proper care during her sickness. The country owes it to its own honor, as well as to the memory of the dead, to provide liberally for her in this emergency. I am glad that Mr. Field has taken the matter in hand. He is energetic and persevering, and backed, as he no doubt will be, by the enlightened sentiment of the nation, I believe that he will succeed in awakening Congress to a proper sense of its duty to this suffering lady."

"What is the nature of Mrs. Lincoln's complaint?" asked the reporter.

"In December, 1879, Mrs. Lincoln was in Pau, France. On the day when she received the injury which resulted in her prostration, she was expecting a visit from some distinguished persons whom she had known when presiding at the White House, and she naturally wanted her rooms in the boarding-house in which she was stopping to look as nicely as possible. She noticed a picture over the mantel-piece which did not hang quite straight, and as she was economizing and living without servants, she undertook to fix it herself. To do this she mounted a step-ladder. Being rather heavy and not over-graceful in her movements on the ladder, it broke under her, and she fell on the middle of her back across the edge of a sofa. That fall was the cause of all her subsequent trouble, and she has never been a well woman since. She was confined to her bed for some time, afflicted with inflammation of the spinal chord and a partial loss of power in the lower extremities. After remaining in bed for some time she thought that she was able to travel and started for some place on the Continent, the name of which I can not recall. She only got as far as Nice, when she was prostrated and again confined to her bed. When she was able to move about again she started for New York to see me. This was about a year ago. On reaching here she took rooms at the Clarendon Hotel, and placed herself in my charge. The period for active treatment of the disease had long since passed, and all that I could do was try to restore vitality to the lower extremities and compose the nervous system. She had a touch of dropsy at this time, and, in fact, I believe that she was suffering from Bright's disease of the kidneys. I did what I could for her, restored her partially, and then sent her to her sister, Mrs. Edwards, in Springfield, Ill., where she remained until last month in charge of a medical gentleman who conducted the case in constant correspondence with me."

"On the 11th of October," continued Dr. Sayre, "Mrs. Lincoln again came to this city and placed herself in my charge, taking rooms at the Clarendon. I found that she could not walk safely without the aid of a chair, and even then she was liable at times to fall. I told her that she must have a maid or nurse to attend her constantly, and that she must be treated with electricity and with massage. Then for the first time her poverty was revealed to me. She told me that she could not afford to keep a maid. Her means, she said, were limited to the three-thousand-dollar pension granted her by Congress. She had formerly possessed $1,400 a year more, but that she had lost. I was astonished at this revelation, but I went to work to do the best I could for her. In a little over a week I managed to get her accommodations in a water-cure establishment, where she could have proper attention and baths, with board, and be properly treated with electricity and massage on a comparatively economical basis, and she has been there now for about six weeks. It seems strange, don't it, that the wife of Abraham Lincoln should not be able to hire a nurse, but just think of it yourself and make an estimate. Calculate rent, board, medical advice, which she must have continually, and attendance, and see how much you would have left for clothes and traveling out of $3,000 a year. Certainly the widow of a President of the United States is entitled to protection, especially when she is sick. Mrs. Lincoln is improving, but her condition is such that she will need attention constantly for a long time, and possibly as long as she lives. At times she seems quite well, but it is not safe to leave her to herself. She can walk alone at times, but she ought not to do it, and she is unable at all times to walk up or down stairs. Her kidney disease is relieved now, and the main danger to be feared is spinal sclerosis, or hardening of the spinal chord."

"Has Mr. Field consulted you about Mrs. Lincoln?"

"He has been to see me three times, and I have called on him twice, but we have missed each other every time. He saw my son last night, however. His idea is to induce Congress to increase Mrs. Lincoln's pension to $5,000. I hope he will succeed, and I believe that he will. His attention was called to the matter, I understand, by Mrs. Robert Lincoln, when at Yorktown, and he has already begun to use his influence. If he succeeds he will have the credit of having come to the rescue of a noble but much maligned woman at a time when she sadly needs help."

WHAT IS SAID AT SPRINGFIELD.

Springfield (Ill.) Special to Chicago Tribune.

The dispatch from New York concerning Mrs. Abraham Lincoln, published in to-day's Tribune, was read with deep interest here, and general indignation is expressed at the sensational and unfounded statements attributed therein to Dr. Sayre. The immediate friends of Mrs. Lincoln here are especially indignant that she should be represented as in need of money, and that an appeal for charity should be made in her behalf, when there is nothing in her circumstances or condition to justify it. Mrs. Lincoln's idosyncracies are thoroughly understood here, but her friends, the local press, and the general public have all, out of respect and esteem for the lady and her lamented husband, shielded her as much as possible from publicity. The story that Mrs. Lincoln is in pecuniary need is easily disproved. When President Lincoln's estate was settled by David Davis, and Mrs. Lincoln's property was turned over to her friends here, Mr. Jacob Bunn received from Judge Davis $60,000 in Government bonds belonging to Mrs. Lincoln. These were purchased with what remained, after the payment of her debts, of the appropriation of $75,000 made by Congress after President Lincoln's assassination. These bonds are still held in trust for Mrs. Lincoln by Mr. Bunn, and from them she has derived an annual income of $3,600, in addition to her annual pension of $3,000. In addition, she has for several years, and until this spring, received $1,500 per annum in payment for a residence in Chicago sold by her, to be paid for at the rate of $125 per month. During Mrs. Lincoln's absence in Europe her income was $8,100 per year, and she spent every cent of it, frequently drawing on it in advance. Since her return her income has been decreased, because her bonds were refunded, and instead of receiving 6 per cent on $60,000, she now receives 3½ per cent on $56,000 and 4 per cent on $4,000. This she has refused to understand, and seems to imagine that she has met with a heavy loss. In spite, however, of this reduction, her income is now over $5,000 a year, and the utter absurdity of the story of her imaginary poverty is abundantly demonstrated by the fact that during the year or so that has elapsed since her return from Europe she has saved from her income at least $5,000, which has been invested in Government bonds. Persons here acquainted with Dr. Sayre attribute the sensational story published on his authority more to his inordinate desire for notoriety and his anxiety to obtain a large fee than to any complaints that have been made by Mrs. Lincoln. It is, however, a fact that since the fund for Mrs. Garfield was started Mrs. Lincoln has seemed to feel hurt and to think that a similar fund ought to be raised for her. This has been one of her latest hobbies, which she has occasionally been under the influence of. While it is not probable that Mrs. Lincoln is insane, and while it is true that strangers might converse with her an hour or two on different occasions without discovering the slightest evidence of irrationality in her discourse, it is nevertheless true that she labors under occasional hallucinations, such as the one mentioned in regard to her imagined losses and fancied poverty. None of these have usually held possession of her mind for any great length of time, and have been succeeded by others equally absurd. Her most permanent hallucination has been in regard to the serious nature of her bodily infirmities, which she greatly exaggerates at every opportunity. While she is not in good health, her immediate friends here consider her ailments to some extent imaginary, and do not by any means consider the constant attendance of physicians and nurses to be necessary, as represented by Dr. Sayre. In fact, while here she was well cared for by the members of her sister's family, and a physician was only summoned occasionally to satisfy her, and he has stated that he considered it an imposition to charge for visits which were so wholly unnecessary. In conclusion, the American public can rest assured that ample provision has been made for all of Mrs. Lincoln's wants, and, even if the Nation had not thus cared for her, her relatives and friends are abundantly able to do so, and will never countenance any appeal to Congress or to the public that may be made in her behalf by designing persons.

A Few Words About Canaries.

From Holden's Bird Magazine.

All birds at this season require extra food. Canaries should have all through the year German summer rape, Sicily canary and millet seeds mixed in equal parts, and care should be taken to have the seeds fresh and of best quality. In addition to the seeds feed canaries daily one fourth part of a hard-boiled egg, both yolk and white, and mix with it as much cracker dust as can be taken up on a ten cent piece. Fresh water, both for drinking and for the bath, and plenty of coarse, washed gravel daily will usually keep a bird in health. Twice a week give a piece of sweet apple or lettuce. If the bird has not yet finished moulting keep him in an even temperature of about sixty-five or seventy degrees and let him hang where there is no possibility of a draught blowing on him. If not yet in song hang a half-inch strip of raw, fat, salt pork in the cage and let him pick at it for a week or so.

The Tennessee Colonels.

Nashville World Primer.

What makes this man step so far and hold his head so high? He is a Colonel. There are many colonels in Tennessee, but this one is a member of the Legislature. It is a great thing to be a Legislator. If you had been a Legislator in Nashville last winter you could have been drunk all the time, and got heaps of money for your vote. Why? Because the coupon scalpers wanted to pass the 100.3. They called all the Legislators Colonel then, but now they call them plain Smith and Jones. If you are ever a Legislator do not sell your people for Tennessee bonds. They might be scaled. Take money.

Empty is the Bank, the Cashier's Gone.

Men with checks and greenbacks, boys and women too,
Haste to where the teller winks his eye;
Glad that in the future, when the times are blue,
They will have a nest of eggs laid by.
Little do they fancy that it won't be long
Ere their hopes will all be overthrown,
And in pain and sorrow they will sing this song:
Empty is the bank, the cashier's gone!

CHORUS.

Close the door and shutters, put away the key;
Let the swindled people growl and groan.
All the funds are scattered, far as they can be;
Empty is the bank, the cashier's gone!

Round a lengthy table, in a quiet room,
Sit the bank directors in a row,
All their solemn faces dark with care and gloom,
Hearing what it breaks their hearts to know—
Hearing of the millions none shall see again,
Stealing that for years was going on;
And their voices faintly sound the sad refrain:
Empty is the bank, the cashier's gone!

Guardians and widows, orphans with their all,
Business men who daily fag and grind,
Swindled of their substance by the fellow's fall,
Wonder why directors are so blind.
They alone are free from bitter woe and pain
Whose accounts are always overdrawn;
All the others madly howl the said refrain:
Empty is the bank, the cashier's gone!

CHORUS.

Close the doors and shutters, put away the key;
Let the swindled people growl and groan.
All the funds are scattered, far as they can be;
Empty is the bank, the cashier's gone!

—[New York Sun.

AMONG THE ANIMALS.

Selling Out Van Amburgh's Menagerie—Cheap Curiosities.

From the New York Sun, 23d.

Bolivar was a very sad elephant yesterday as he stood under the large tent at Van Amburgh & Co.'s winter quarters at Amenia. He glanced wistfully from the double-horned rhinoceros to one R. R. Thompson, who stood upon a high circus wagon proclaiming Bolivar's virtues. Bolivar was sad because he thought he was about to be parted from his friend the rhinoceros, who himself was much depressed. The Burmese cow was eyeing enviously the double-humped Bactrian camel, called by children and poets "the ship of the desert." Two dromedaries, "which," said a Keeper in an explanatory tone, "they has but one hump, whereas most folks believes they has two," were hanging their heads in decorous silence. The hyena laughed his mocking, sardonic laugh at the oryx, and even went so far as to ridicule the Hay animal.

Bolivar has been for many years the five-ton pet of Van Amburgh & Co. They never punished him when he strolled from his stall to the candy stand and consumed its contents in the absence of the guileless vender. They merely called out, "Johnson is coming," and then Bolivar hurried back to his stall. Johnson has been Bolivar's keeper, and his insinuating manners have given him great influence over this child of India. These five tons of elephantine matter were greatly admired yesterday. Ad. Forepaugh and his son Addie regarded them with respect; Johnny Forepaugh, O'Brien's agent, was lost in calculations, while W. W. Cole, striking an attitude in which he resembled Edwin Booth in Hamlet, muttered: "To buy or not to buy." Jim Bailey, Dan Shelby, Doc Thayer, the ex-showman, W. W. Stewart, Doc Riley, Sammy Booth, Oscar Hyatt, W. C. Coup, Wiggins of Detroit, Lewis Sells, Kelch, Gaylord and Tryer, Hutchinson, Fuqua, Barnum's horseman, Martin, the Robbinses, and Furzman were there, while Hyatt Frost and O. J. Ferguson, who are Van Amburgh & Co., pervaded the tent.

"Bolivar," said Mr. Thompson, from the wagon, "is the largest elephant in this country. The only elephant that's larger belongs to the Prince of Wales, and is at the London Zoo. Bolivar will dance a waltz, balance himself on a pedestal, and stand on two legs. What do you bid for Bolivar, gentlemen?"

"Five thousand dollars," sang out Jake Reed, Ad. Forepaugh's buyer. Bailey went him one hundred better, and the bidding between the two continued until Bolivar was knocked down to Forepaugh for $7,100.

"The double-horned rhinoceros, gentlemen," called out Mr. Thompson, "weighs 3,500 pounds. There's none like him. What's your bid, gentlemen?" Again the bidding was between Forepaugh and Bailey, until the rhinoceros was knocked down to the former at $2,450. Most of the other animals were also bought by Ad. Forepaugh, whose purchases aggregated $17,500. The bids on the Burmese cow and the zebra were so low that these were not sold, and they regarded the proceedings with contempt. The dromedary brought $325, the Bactrian camel $625 and the hartebeest $260.

Then some of the wagon cages and wardrobe wagons were put up.

A large number of horses were sold to farmers from the neighborhood. The prices varied from $80 to $257.

All the animals except the oryx were left on the ground. The shades of night had fallen when two men emerged from the depot bearing a wooden slat box. A horn moved violently to and fro between two of the slats and a leg was kicking lustily at the nearest carrier. A man who walked alongside was poking his umbrella into the box, and stirring it around as one stirs a soup ladle. "Is that the oryx?" asked Cole. And when he received an affirmative answer, he again struck a Hamlet attitude and muttered: "Alas, poor Oryx?"

Van Amburgh & Co. say that they were not selling because they intend to retire though the contrary opinion was expressed by several showmen. Van Amburgh's name has been on the show bills for sixty-one years.

Cheap Books in England.

From the London Times.

A few weeks ago a distinguished and enterprising authoress took a step which was received with considerable alarm by that very conservative body, the publishing trade. Lady Brassey brought out an edition of "The Voyage of the Sunbeam," with abundant illustrations, at the price of six-pence. The form was hardly that of a book, but rather that of one of the weekly newspapers, but the type was legible enough, and everything, we believe, was contained in the six-penny form that had been contained in the original volume. The old-established firms did not like it at all; they thought it a vulgarization of literature, and they prophesied failure. The event has falsified the prophecy, for it is said that over 100,000 "Sunbeams" have already been sold; and it does not appear that those who ought to be able to judge admit the vulgarization. For last week the example of Lady Brassey was followed by Sir Theodore Martin, with the sanction of the Queen, and the first sixpenny part of the "Life of the Prince Consort" is already in the hands of thousands of readers. The five volumes are to appear practically unabridged, in five parts; and the public will be able to buy for half-a-crown what has till now cost them some four pounds. Such an event marks an epoch in the history of the book trade in this country; and it may well have a wide and far reaching influence.

THE GREAT
GERMAN REMEDY.
FOR
RHEUMATISM,
Neuralgia, Sciatica, Lumbago,
Backache, Soreness of the Chest, Gout,
Quinsy, Sore Throat, Swellings and
Sprains, Burns and Scalds,
General Bodily Pains,
Tooth, Ear and Headache, Frosted Feet
and Ears, and all other Pains
and Aches.
No Preparation on earth equals ST. JACOBS OIL as a safe, sure, simple and cheap External Remedy. A trial entails but the comparatively trifling outlay of 50 Cents, and every one suffering with pain can have cheap and positive proof of its claims.
Directions in Eleven Languages.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS IN MEDICINE.
A. VOGELER & CO.,
Baltimore, Md., U. S. A.

CITY NEWS.

The Emmet Guards celebrated Thanksgiving with their third military dress ball at Uhrig's Cave. One hundred couple were in attendance.

The Salesmen's Mutual Aid and Protective Union had a ball last evening at Masonic Hall, which was well attended and a success in every feature.

Itaska Lodge, A. F. and A. M., had a Thanksgiving banquet and reunion last evening at Otling's restaurant, Second and Chestnut streets.

At Central Turner Hall the St. Louis Barbers' Union held its sixth annual ball last evening. It was quite a success and a very enjoyable gathering.

Conrad Seibert, a sixteen-year-old lad, found a watery grave in the river above Arsenal Island yesterday afternoon. He went out in a skiff to catch driftwood, and fell overboard.

Andy Kirk, saloon-keeper at Ninth and St. Charles streets, had his leg broken over the billiard table during a scuffle yesterday afternoon with a secret order brother. Kirk refused to divulge his name.

Pat Reynolds and John Flanagan, reputed members of the Duncan Island gang, were arrested last night for a brutal assault upon Christopher Zerhellen, of the Apollo Theater saloon. The thugs had ordered drinks and refused to pay for them.

The police discovered a poor woman, dinner-bucket in hand, lying insensible at the corner of Fourth street and Chouteau avenue last evening. She died at the City Hospital later in the evening; unknown. It is supposed that a vehicle may have run over her.

The Browns and Reds found it too cold for base-ball yesterday afternoon at Grand Avenue Park, but the Mound City and Athletic foot-ball teams turned out in full force. The game lasted an hour and a half and resulted in favor of the Athletics, one goal and eight touchdowns.

The gold medal shoot of the St. Louis Sportsmen's Club was held yesterday at Rinkel's; 15 birds at 21, 26 and 31 yards. Cogswell and Spelbrink scored 14 each, and at the shoot-off, 4 birds each at 31 yards rise, Cogswell won, Spelbrink missing his fourth bird. The medal is now Cogswell's property, having won it three times.

The Liberty Hall concert, for the benefit of the Memorial Home, drew a very large audience last evening. The concert was ably directed by Prof. A. G. Robyn, and the talented efforts of Misses Ada Branson, Ada Clegg, Hattie Sawyer, and Messrs. D. F. Colville, T. C. Doan and Geo. Heerich contributed to its marked success.

The Thanksgiving dinners at the Southern, Lindell, Planters', Laclede and Barnum's yesterday were regal affairs, excelling all past efforts for profusion and delicacy. The menu cards at each house were prepared for the occasion and carefully retained by the guests and boarders as souvenirs. Perhaps the neatest card was the design of Col. Pratt, of Barnum's. The Southern and Lindell likewise had original and unique cartes.

The annual Thanksgiving concert at Pilgrim Congregational Church for the benefit of the Ladies' Home Missionary Society took place last evening, and was a gratifying success. There were fourteen numbers on the programme, Miss Fannie Flesh, Miss Carrie Friedheimer, of Louisville, and Prof. Theodore Hoch, the cornetist, contributing in a marked manner to the artistic success of the concert. It was well attended. Prof. Hoch's cornet solos were admirable.

A Thanksgiving dinner and entertainment was handsomely provided for railroad men yesterday on the east side by the railroad branch of the Y. M. C. A. The dinner was spread in the railroad branch headquarters, near the Relay Depot. The Rev. Drs. Nicolls and Felton, of this side, were present to deliver addresses. The Misses Lily and Mamie Gavin, Mr. Poindexter, Prof. Hammerstein and others contributed musical features to the entertainment.

THE greatest anxiety is experienced lest there should be a flaw in the title to property; yet a flaw in the title of health—a cough or cold—is disregarded. Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup removes all such at once.

CONDENSED TELEGRAMS.

A stay of execution was granted Geo. Willett Thursday. He was to be hanged December 2 at Glenn Falls, N. Y.

A farmer named Louis Raab, living near Perrysburg, Ohio, killed his wife and then shot himself, Thursday.

D. P. Singleton, indicted at Columbia, Mo., for forgery, was sentenced to ten years in the penitentiary Wednesday.

At Galveston, Tex., Henry Homburg was sentenced to forty years in the penitentiary Thursday, for killing his wife.

A young man by the name of Gus. Israel shot his employer in the elbow at Cincinnati, Thursday, for refusing to give him $10.

James Pillet, a blacksmith residing in Cincinnati, killed a cousin named Louis Henke, Thursday, by striking him in the head with a rock.

Joseph Miller, a turnkey in the Douglass County Jail, was badly beaten by an insane prisoner Thursday morning, whom he had attempted to quiet.

"THERE'S no mistake that it is a grand remedy for rheumatism," said Mr. Mackenzie Davis, of 1903 Brandywine street, Philadelphia, Pa. "I suffered terribly for three years with inflammatory rheumatism, and St. Jacobs Oil alone cured me, after everything else had utterly failed." It's the way of the Oil.

RIVER NEWS.

DAY'S length 9 hours and 47 minutes.

HEIGHT of middle span of bridge 61 feet.

RIVER still falling. A decline of 16 inches since last report.

FUTURE CITY and barges leave for New Orleans on Saturday.

THE War Eagle, Gem City and the Minnespolis will arrive to-day.

WEATHER moderating, with wind south; clear, and indications for a pretty spell of weather.

LEYHE'S Spread Eagle did not come down yesterday, but will arrive and depart on time to-day.

STEAMER City of Helena is the Anchor Line packet for Memphis to-day at 5 p. m. Fine boat and fine officers.

CAPT. BUESEN arrived here from Yankton in the far West this morning, and reports very cold weather. He will go to Pittsburg by rail to join his steamer Montana.

STEAMER Arkansas is the White Collar packet for La Crosse at 4 p. m. to-day. Rare opportunity of shipping North, the last of season. Capt. John F. Baker, general freight agent.

THE Gem City, of the famous White Collar Line, backs out at 4 p. m. for Keokuk and all way landings. Capt. Green and Pole Hatcher are chief officers and gentlemen of the standard brand.

COMMODORE DAVIDSON will send the Steamer Centennial to Madison, Ind., ways on Saturday, to lengthen her. Capt. T. L. Davidson will command her around and superintend repairs.

REMEMBER the elegant and new floating palace, steamer City of New Orleans, leaves to-morrow for New Orleans at 5 p. m. Capt. Carter commands, with the clever and polite Archie Woods in the office.

THE beautiful Buckeye State is the Paducah and Pittsburg packet for to-day, at 5 p. m., from the Upper Keokuk Northern Line wharfboat. Capt. Kirker and Capt. Kerr are the Buckeye State's chief officers and gentlemen of the first school and experienced steamboatmen. Jenkins & Sass, general agents.

JOHN MCGINNESS says: Dr. Benson, I will pray for you as long as I live, because you took pity on me when I was sick and in the hospital, and sent me two boxes of your Celery and Chamomile Pills, and they cured me of Sciatica, Neuralgia and Nervous weakness.

MRS. LYDIA E. PINKHAM, OF LYNN, MASS.,

Woman can Sympathize with Woman.

Health of Woman is the Hope of the Race.

Yours for Health
Lydia E. Pinkham

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S
VEGETABLE COMPOUND.

Is a Positive Cure

for all those Painful Complaints and Weaknesses so common to our best female population.

It will cure entirely the worst form of Female Complaints, all ovarian troubles, Inflammation and Ulceration, Falling and Displacements, and the consequent Spinal Weakness, and is particularly adapted to the Change of Life.

It will dissolve and expel tumors from the uterus in an early stage of development. The tendency to cancerous humors there is checked very speedily by its use.

It removes faintness, flatulency, destroys all craving for stimulants, and relieves weakness of the stomach. It cures Bloating, Headaches, Nervous Prostration, General Debility, Sleeplessness, Depression and Indigestion.

That feeling of bearing down, causing pain, weight and backache, is always permanently cured by its use. It will at all times and under all circumstances act in harmony with the laws that govern the female system.

For the cure of Kidney Complaints of either sex this Compound is unsurpassed.

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND is prepared at 233 and 235 Western Avenue, Lynn, Mass. Price $1. Six bottles for $5. Sent by mail in the form of pills, also in the form of lozenges, on receipt of price, $1 per box for either. Mrs. Pinkham freely answers all letters of inquiry. Send for pamphlet. Address as above. *Mention this Paper.*

No family should be without LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S LIVER PILLS. They cure constipation, biliousness and torpidity of the liver. 25 cents per box.

Sold by all Druggists.

HOSTETTER'S
CELEBRATED

STOMACH
BITTERS

One of the Reasonable Pleasures

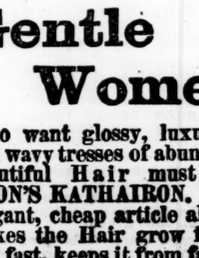
Of life, a well cooked meal, affords little or no present enjoyment and much subsequent torture to a confirmed dyspeptic. But when chronic indigestion is combatted with Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, the food is eaten with relish, and, most important of all, is assimilated by and nourishes the system. Use this grand tonic and corrective also to remedy constipation, billiousness, rheumatism, fever and ague.

For sale by all druggists and dealers generally.

Gentle Women

Who want glossy, luxuriant and wavy tresses of abundant, beautiful Hair must use LYON'S KATHAIRON. This elegant, cheap article always makes the Hair grow freely and fast, keeps it from falling out, arrests and cures grayness, removes dandruff and itching, makes the Hair strong, giving it a curling tendency and keeping it in any desired position. Beautiful, healthy Hair is the sure result of using Kathairon.

PRESTON & MERRILL'S
INFALLIBLE
Yeast Powder
THE ORIGINAL!



NOT ADULTERATED NOT EXTENDED.

PERFECTLY PURE,
and is the Strongest, Cheapest, and Most Healthful Bread Preparation made.

SOLD BY ALL GROCERS.

Auction Sale of Steamboat Machinery

SATURDAY, NOV. 26, 1881,

On the Vacant Lot corner of Biddle street and the Levee, at 10 o'clock A. M. Will be sold the following described Machinery for account of the Salvors: 4 Boilers, 38 inches diameter, 26 feet long, 2 flues; 2 Engines, 22 inches diameter, 7 feet stroke; 1 Nigger Engine; 1 Steam Capstan; 2 Shafts; 1 Large Bell, weighing about 800 pounds; 2 Mud Drums; 1 Steam Drum; Lot of Wrought and Cast Scrap. Also at the same time and place, 2 Cylinders, 14 inches diameter, 20 inch stroke; 1 Shaft, Cog Wheel, &c. for same.

St. Louis Underwriters' Wrecking Co.
CARROLL & POWELL, Agents.

STEAMBOATS.

"NOTICE TO SHIPPERS SOUTH."

No freight will be received on St. Louis and Vicksburg Anchor Line wharfboat after 5 o'clock p. m.
JNO. A. SCUDDER.

Lower Mississippi.

ST. LOUIS AND VICKSBURG ANCHOR LINE.
U. S. Mail Line.

For Helena, Greenville, Arkansas City and Vicksburg, Leave Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.
Str. CITY OF VICKSBURG.....R. R. Riley, Master.
Will leave on Saturday, Nov. 26, 5 p. m.

Packets for Cape Girardeau, Cairo, Hickman and Memphis, leave Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.
Str. CITY OF HELENA.....Calvert, Master
Leaves Friday, Nov. 26, at 5 p. m.

Packets for Ste Genevieve, St. Marys, Chester and Grand Tower.
Str. E. C. ELLIOTT.....Postal, Master
Leaves Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at 4 o'clock p. m.
JOHN BIRD, Agent.

ST. LOUIS & MISSISSIPPI VALLEY TRANSPORT'N CO.
Office on wharfboat, foot of Elm street.
H. C. HAARSTICK, Prest. H. LOUREY, Vice-Prest.
For New Orleans
Str. FUTURE CITY and Barges.
Leaves Saturday, Nov. 26, at 5 p. m.
For freight rates to New Orleans and points in Texas, apply to
Wm. F. HAINES, Ft. Agt.

NEW ORLEANS ANCHOR LINE.
For New Orleans and way landings.
CITY OF NEW ORLEANS.....Carter, Master
Leaves Saturday, Nov. 26, 5 p. m. For freight or passage apply on board wharfboat foot of Market st.
JOHN W. CARROLL, Gen. F'g't Agt.

Upper Mississippi.

ST. LOUIS AND ST. PAUL PACKET LINE.
For La Crosse,
Str. ARKANSAS.....Best Master,
Leaves Friday, Nov. 25, at 4 p. m.
For Hannibal, Quincy, Canton, Warsaw and Keokuk.
GEM CITY.....Green, Master
Leaves Friday, Nov. 25, 4 p. m.
For passage, or freight rates, apply at general office on wharfboat foot of Olive street.
JENKINS & SASS, Agts.
JOHN F. BAKER, Gen. Freight Agt.

ST. LOUIS AND CLARKSVILLE PACKET.
For Point Hastings, Cap au Gris, Fairmouth, Hamburg, Clarksville and all Way Landings
Str. DORA.
Alex. Lamont.....Master.
Leaves Wednesdays and Saturdays, 4 p. m., from foot of Cherry st.

Illinois River.

CHICAGO FAST FREIGHT LINE.
For Hardin, Bedford, Montezuma, Florence, Griggsville, Naples, Beardstown, Havana and Peoria.
Str. CALHOUN.....Gray, Master.
Leaves Wednesdays and Saturdays 4 p. m., from Company's wharfboat, foot of Market st.
C. S. ROGERS, Prest.
L. F. D'ARCAMBAL, Agent.

Ohio River.

PITTSBURG AND ST. LOUIS PACKET LINE—BIG 8.
For Cairo, Paducah, Evansville, Owensboro Louisville, Cincinnati, Huntington, Wheeling Pittsburg and all way landings,
Str. BUCKEYE STATE,
Jas. Kircker, Master.....K. H. Kerr, Clerk
Leaves Friday, Nov. 25, at 5 p. m.
From upper Keokuk Northern Line wharfboat.
JENKINS & SASS,
Agents, 508 N. Commercial.

P. P. MANION,
BLACKSMITHING AND WRECKING COMPANY
Corner of Levee and Morgan sts., St. Louis, Mo

SPECIAL NOTICES.

OFFICE ST. LOUIS GAS LIGHT COMPANY,
511 OLIVE STREET, ST. LOUIS, MO.,
November 19, 1881.

ELECTION NOTICE.—The annual meeting of the stockholders of this company for the election of four (4) directors to serve for the ensuing two years will be held at the office of the company in the city of St. Louis, Mo., on Monday, December 5, 1881, between the hours of 9 a. m. and 2 p. m.
By order of the Board of Directors.
R. J. LACKLAND,
President.
GEORGE M. PASCHALL,
Secretary.

A MEETING of the stockholders of the McPheeters Warehouse Company is hereby called for the 18th day of January, 1882, at the office of the company, 903 N. Main street, St. Louis, Mo., for the purpose of voting upon the proposition of increasing the capital stock of said company from $85 000 to $100,000.
W. L. WICKHAM,
President.
T. S. MCPHEETERS, Secretary.

NOTICE OF SHAREHOLDERS' MEETING.—Notice is hereby given that a meeting of the shareholders of the St. Louis Heat and Power Furnishing Company will be held at the office of the chickle, Harrison & Howard Iron Company, on the southwest corner of Twelfth and Papin streets, in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, on Wednesday, the 18th day of January, 1882, commencing at nine o'clock in the forenoon and ending at three o'clock in the afternoon of said day, and that the object of said meeting is to act upon a proposition to increase the capital stock of said corporation from twenty-five thousand dollars to one hundred thousand dollars, and the transaction of such other business as may properly come before said meeting.
JOHN W. HARRISON,
FREDERICK SHICKLE,
THOMAS HOWARD,
Directors of the St. Louis Heat and Power Furnishing Company.
St. Louis, November 12, 1881.

NOTICE.—Office St. Louis Gas Light Company, St. Louis November 23, 1881.—The Board of Directors of the St. Louis Gas Light Company has this day declared a dividend of fifteen (15) dollars for share payable to all who shall appear of record on the books of the company as stockholders on the 10th day of December 1881. Such dividend will be paid on and after the 15th day of December, 1881. The transfer books shall, by order of the Board, be closed from the 9th to the 12th day of December, 1881.
GEO. M. PASCHALL,
Secretary.

NOTICE—In pursuance of an act of the General Assembly of the State of Missouri approved May 14, 1879, entitled "An act concerning the publication of judicial notices in cities having more than one hundred thousand inhabitants," the undersigned Judges of the Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis hereby give notice that on Monday, the 5th day of December, A. D. 1881, between the hours of 10 a. m. and 2 p. m. of said day, they will be in attendance in Court-room No. 4 at the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, for the purpose of receiving sealed proposals from the daily newspapers published in said city for the publication of all advertisements, judicial notices and orders of publication required by law to be made. Parties desiring to furnish such proposals are further notified that each bid must be accompanied by a bond in the penal sum of $10 000, with good and sufficient security, conditioned that the principal therein will correctly and faithfully publish in the newspaper specified all said advertisements, notices and orders in manner and form as required by law and according to the schedule of rates named in said proposals. Said proposals must each be accompanied by a sworn statement, made by the publisher of the paper in whose behalf the proposal is made, showing the bona fide daily circulation of such paper to be over three thousand copies; and no proposal will be considered in behalf of any newspaper unless it have a bona fide daily circulation of at least three thousand copies.
Parties will be required to state in their bid the rate per line for each insertion, such line estimated at 31 ems agate type. The right to reject all or any of the proposals made for the reason that said bids are not sufficiently definite or specific, or that the same are unreasonably high, is hereby reserved.
ELMER B. ADAMS,
WM. H. HORNER,
WILBUR F. BOYLE,
JAMES J. LINDLEY,
AMOS M. THAYER.
St. Louis, November 10, 1881.

MEDICAL.

DR. ROBB, Electro-Therapeutist, southeast corner of Fourteenth and Pine streets, by his mode of electric treatment, cures Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Paralysis, Catarrh, Dyspepsia, Nervousness, Debility and all nervous diseases. Best references.

THE GREAT SAUCE
OF THE WORLD.
LEA & PERRINS'

Imparts the most delicious taste and zest to EXTRACT of a LETTER from a MEDICAL GENTLEMAN at Madras, to his brother at WORCESTER, May, 1851.
"Tell LEA & PERRINS that their sauce is highly esteemed in India, and is in my opinion, the most palatable, as well as the most wholesome sauce that is made."

SOUPS,
GRAVIES,
FISH,
HOT & COLD
MEATS,
GAME, &c.

Lea & Perrins

Signature is on every bottle of GENUINE WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.
Sold and used throughout the world.
JOHN DUNCAN'S SONS,
AGENTS FOR THE UNITED STATES.
NEW YORK.

HENSON
Makes the Celebrated ENGLISH WALKING SHOES to order, of the best material the world affords and in the latest prevailing style, for $6 50.
306 NORTH FOURTH STREET.

PERSONAL.

A LOT of unredeemed overcoats for sale low. Golden Eagle Loan Office, 12 South Fourth st.

ALL Cast-off Clothing bought. Call or address N. Jacobs, 308 Locust street.

ALL CAST-OFF clothing bought by calling or addressing M. B. Barnett, 302 Locust street.

BALDNESS

And falling out of the hair can only be permanently cured by Prof. Stoehr; parlors, 307 South Fourth st.

A LOT of unredeemed overcoats for sale low, Golden Eagle Loan Office, 12 South Fourth st.

NOTICE—As the holidays are near at hand, parties will do well to call and select their watches and jewelry, new and second-hand, all being unredeemed pledges, by calling at the Golden Eagle Loan Office, 12 S. Fourth st.

CALF SHOES $2 50, to measure, at John Lotrup's, 624 North Fourth street.

DANCING—Mr. Wyatt, rapid teacher of round dancing; private lessons daily; opening hour Thursday 7:30 to 8:30 p. m. Review Thursday, 1100 Olive street.

GENTLEMEN, go to 1428 Franklin avenue to have your clothes dyed, cleaned and renovated.

MRS. COTTON—Please call at 2324 Second Carondelet avenue for very important letter. 21

PERSONAL—Dick, all right. Come. K.

PERSONAL—A gentleman desires to form the acquaintance of a lady living in the north part of the city, who is in need of a friend; one that is at leisure in the afternoon preferred. Address A. W. Fabrick, St. Louis, Mo.

NOTICE TO RAILROAD MEN.—A lot of gold, silver and filled case watches in Waltham, Elgin, Springfield and other good makes can be found now at the Golden Eagle Loan Office, 12 S. Fourth st.

PERSONAL—Mrs. Laura De Kreuett, spiritualist medium, natural clairvoyant test and guide for business. Those wishing to investigate can do so by calling at 1413 Morgan street.

THE man who called at the Sisters' Hospital Fourteenth and O'Fallon, and took the trunk belonging to Lizzie Oberkrom, will please return it at once.

WANTED—A young lady as partner in song and dance business; one living in city preferred; state name, age, etc. Add. M. 34, this office. 22

WANTED—The acquaintance of an American or English speaking German lady, from 40 to 45 years of age, by a working man; must be neat and tidy; object matrimony; none need reply who can not enclose their address. O. 98, this office.

NOTICE—The finest lot of unredeemed trunks and valises can be found at the Golden Eagle Loan office, 12 S. Fourth st.

FOR RENT.

Rooms.

1529 PINE ST.—Large, pleasant second-story front room; finely furnished and very convenient.

BOARDING—A front room, nicely furnished, with board, in West End Place, on Thirty-fifth and Olive sts.; for two gents $45; one $25; refs ex. Add. K. 23, this office.

FOR RENT—Elegantly furnished front and back parlors, together, to gentleman and wife, or separately to gentlemen, with or without breakfast and supper. Apply 1122 Chouteau avenue.

FOR RENT—1515 Ohio st.—A furnished front room on first floor, southern exposure; will rent cheap.

FOR RENT—To respectable working girls, one neatly furnished front room. 1307 Lucas avenue 24

FOR RENT—A suite of rooms on second floor, suitable for doctor's or dentist's office; best location in the city. Apply at 519 Franklin avenue.

FOR RENT—Four large unfurnished rooms, good locality, to a family without children. Inquire at No. 7 S. Twenty-second street. References exchanged.

FOR RENT—By a colored lady, one furnished front room with or without board. Apply at 2111 Franklin ave at 7 p. m. 24

IN private family, one neat, comfortable furnished front room to rent to se tled gentleman, with or without board; home comforts. 806 N. Jefferson avenue

ROOMS FOR RENT—615 S. Fourth street—Large and small furnished front rooms; suitable for gentlemen. 22

ROOMS FOR RENT—1009 Gratiot street, large, neatly furnished pleasant second-story front, eastern and southern exposure; hot and cold bath; gas and good fires; also third story front.

WANTED—Nice young man to rent one or three rooms, handsomely furnished; rent reasonable. Apply at 519 Franklin avenue.

WANTED—ROOMS.

WANTED—In private family having no boarders board for gentleman, wife and eight-year-old daughter. Address Room 350, Lindell Hotel.

WANTED—Two unfurnished rooms with board for two persons with child; price not over $35 per month; reference given and required. Address with full particulars N. 47, this office. 25

WANTED—Two unfurnished rooms, with board, for two persons and child; price not over $35 per month. References give and required. Add. with full particulars, N. 47, this office.

BOARDING.

WANTED—Three or four day boarders and three to room and board at 2606 N. Eleventh street, opposite Jackson Park

FREE OF CHARGE.

Situations wanted, male and female; help wanted, male and female, not exceeding three lines, will be inserted free of charge. All other advertisements for this column will be charged for at the very low rate of TEN CENTS for three lines, each insertion.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

A PIANIST playing all the fashionable dances will play at private clubs and entertainments; price $3. Address S., care of Carrier 49. 23

A GOOD, practical and experienced book-keeper who has leisure time would like to keep the books or do other office work for parties not wishing to employ a book-keeper permanently. Salary moderate and references good. Address J. M. P., 1408 Market street. 23

A SITUATION wanted by a middle-aged Englishman in a store or warehouse; is willing to work and can give good references. Address M. O., this office. 24

A YOUNG colored man wants sit. as porter; best of references given. 1613 Christy av. 24

A SITUATION wanted as watchman by a middle-aged man of strictly temperate habits; best of references given. Address or apply D. K., No. 1507 Gratiot street city. 24

A BOY of 18 years wishes a situation and is willing to work; prefer to learn a trade. Call or address 1021 Autumn street 23

BY a respectable married man a position of some kind; private watchman, janitor or collector; good penman; any light business; references. Address J. C. C., 1220 Soulard street. 24

SITUATION wanted by a druggist of ten years' experience; wages not so much an object as a permanent place. Add. Y. 38, this office. 22

SITUATION—Wanted by married man as janitor or porter with city references. Address C. Dodd, 717½ Chestnut street. 24

WANTED—Situation by a young man just arrived in the city; has had seven years' experience in dry goods; good reference. Address J. H. M., 1122 Locust st. 23

WANTED—A good penman wants a situation as copyist; would prefer to do the work at home. Address P. J., 1408 Market street. 23

WANTED—A situation by a sober and reliable man as porter or drummer; has had 20 years' experience. Ad. M. 65. 24

WANTED—A situation by a youth of 19 in some good house, to learn bookkeeping; salary no object. Ad. Y. 54, this office. 23

WANTED—By a respectable young man, a situation in grocery or saloon. Good reference. Ad. M. 75. 23

WANTED—Situation in a wholesale house by a young gent of business experience; can give the best of references. Address M. 19, this office. 24

WANTED—Situation as collector; best of references given. Ad. 3504 Broadway. 24

WANTED—A position to attend bar-room, by a young man 18 years old, from New Orleans, La. Address M. 95, this office. 24

WANTED—By a young man, copying or writing of some kind; writes a good plain hand. R. 48. 24

WANTED—Bookkeeper, formerly cashier in G. A. R., wants a situation; best references. Address S. 95, this office. 24

WANTED—By a young man a position as stock clerk in either clothing or furnishing goods house. R. 15. 24

WANTED—Position as copyist or amanuensis. Address Karnes, this office. 24

WANTED—Situation by a man who has had experience in railroad office and fire insurance business; is sober and not afraid of work; no objection to leaving city; can give best of city reference. Address S., 904 N. Nineteenth street. 25

WANTED—Position in coal office by a young man, German, who can command a good trade. Address O. 20, this office. 26

WANTED—Situation to take care of horses and work around the house. Address F. Zieroff, 1608 South Seventh street.

WANTED—Position as porter in a wholesale dry goods house; good reference. Address A. B., 818 Washington avenue 25

WANTED—By a photographer, a situation as operator or printer, long experience; well-posted. Address K. 73, this office. 24

WANTED—Situation as lithographic engraver. Address N. 61, this office. 24

YOUNG colored man desires a situation as watchman; best of references. 813 Christy avenue. 24

HELP WANTED MALE.

WANTED—Young man to take orders and deliver, salary $40 per month. Geo. Miller, 719 Olive street, room 3.

WANTED—A first-class power pressman, at Riverside Printing House, 303 North Main street. 24

WANTED—You to try a good dinner from 2 to 4 o'clock for 10 to 15 cents at What Cheer Restaurant, 626 Morgan st.

WANTED—At once, a Pet soap maker. Apply at 118 South Fifth street. 24

WANTED—Good stout boy 16 to 18 years old. Crescent Steam Laundry, 249 Locust street. 24

WANTED—Four young men to room and board at 615 Franklin avenue. House refurnished and refitted.

WANTED—A young man to wait on an invalid. 2806 Locust street. 25

WANTED—A good boy; one who has had experience in the clothing or jewelry line preferred. Address S. Van Raalte, 124 S. Fourth street. 25

WANTED—Young man wanted who understands cooking and waiting; reference required. Apply at 410 N. Seventh street. Wages $5 per week. 25

WANTED—Retail shoe salesman; ladies' stock; only first-class men need apply. J. G. Brandt, 504 and 506 Franklin avenue. 25

WANTED—Two boys to carry a route on an evening paper. Apply at 1 o'clock to-morrow afternoon at bar-room, northwest corner Carondelet avenue and Arsenal street. 25

WANTED—A young man to solicit advertising for trade journal. Y. 25, this office. 24

WANTED—Laborers who are accustomed to sewer work. Apply at 3003 Easton ave or 1911 Broadway. John P. Maloney. 23

AGENTS WANTED.

AGENTS WANTED—To sell goods on commission; goods used in every city in the country; liberal commission will be paid to good salesmen. Address Salesman, this office.

AGENTS wanted right away at Eighth and Market street, Carleton House, to sell the new Garfield family pictures; nicest thing out and sells on sight. Large profits to agents if you come immediately.

AGENTS wanted of good address at 717 Olive st. 17

ENCYCLOPEDIA and album agents wanted, on commission or salary, at room 313, No. 5 N. Sixth s.

LADIES and men to canvass standard books. Commissions paid every evening. Geo. Miller, 719 Olive street.

WANTED—Two good energetic canvassers for the Holiday Edition of the East St. Louis Herald. Apply immediately at office, next to P. O., East St. Louis. 22

MONEY TO LOAN.

Money to Loan.

$30,000, $5,000, $2,000, $1,000, at 6 per cent on real estate.
JOHN LADY & CO.,
305 Olive street, up stairs.

MONEY loaned on household goods; no removal; lowest rate. D. H. Evans & Co., 227 N. Seventh street.

MONEY LOANED—On furniture in residence; business confidential; no charge for making loan. Berthold & Voorhis, 514 Pine.

MONEY to loan on household furniture without removal; lowest rates; business confidential. C. W. Betts, Notary Public, 208 North Eighth street.

WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS.

HIGHEST price paid for all kinds of household goods at Beyer's, 1012 N. Seventh.

TELEGRAPH Steam Laundry does first-class work. Collars and cuffs done Troy style, 25c per doz. Calls for and delivers. Send postal. 1019 Pine.

HIGHEST cash price for cast-off clothing. Send note or call. J. Lampert, Sixth and Morgan.

EVERYBODY to see Kaub & Osbourn's new bird store at 417 Walnut st.

MRS. GEBHART, 2224 Papin street—Family washing taken in. 25

WANTED—Five skiffs, 14 or 16 feet long; must be in good order and cheap. Address F. A. White, 104 N. Fourth street.

WANTED—To buy a safe, medium size, combination lock; state price. Address O. 17, this office.

WANTED—Ladies, have your furniture repaired and upholstered at Schnieder's, 1028 N. 7 h.

BOOKS.

FRANK M. CAYTON'S NEW RIVER DIRECTORY is now for sale at two dollars per copy. They can be had at St. Louis Book and News Company, at New New Orleans Pilots' Rooms, or at 2218 Scott avenue, St. Louis, Mo.

SITUATIONS WANTED FEMALE.

A MIDDLE-AGED lady wants several engagements to nurse ladies in confinement; best city references given. Address B. S., this office. 23

A RESPECTABLE young widow, competent for a good housekeeper, desires a good position. Ad. L. M., this office. 23

A YOUNG girl would like plain sewing to do. Address 2635 Carr street. 24

A YOUNG lady would like copying to do at home. Address 2635 Carr street. 24

A YOUNG girl from the country would like situation in widower's home to take care of small children and make herself useful generally. Address R 49 this office

WANTED—Situation as copyist or saleslady. Address Miss Margaret McGraw, City Post-office. 23

WANTED—Washing and ironing to take home by a first class washer and ironer. Please send postal to 2009 North Ninth street, Mrs. Dugouli. 24

WANTED—Copying, either at home or in office, by a young lady who is a good and rapid writer. Address N. 50, this office. 24

WANTED—Family sewing by competent seamstress. Mrs. R., 1120 Chestnut st. 24

WANTED—By a woman, a situation to do any kind of work by the day or week. Call at 805 O'Fallon street, in rear. 24

WANTED—By a young girl, to do housework and sewing; no objection to do children and family sewing. Call at 19 South Eighth street. 24

WANTED—A situation as cook; I am a first class meat cook; city or country. Address S. 96, this office. 25

WANTED—Copying of any kind to do at home. Address Y 58, this office. 23

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

WANTED—A lady of educational ability for the stage. K. 13. 23

WANTED—Lady compositor at 913 Pine street. 23

WANTED—A good girl for general housework, at 2850 Clark avenue. Refs. req. 23

WANTED—Girl for general housework. Apply at No. 11 High st. 24

WANTED—A first-class girl for general housework; family of three; must be a very fine cook, washer and ironer; small house of six rooms; German preferred; references required. Call at 2919 Eastern av. 24

WANTED—Good sorter and first-class ironers and starchers. Crescent Steam Laundry, 249 Locust street. 24

WANTED—Young lady capable of taking part in drama with amateur company. Address F. W. Hasshurther, this office. 25

WANTED—Good cook for boarding-house. Immediately; reference required. Call at 815 Franklin avenue. 25

WANTED—Situation at general housework by a middle-aged woman. Address 1008 Franklin avenue—in the rear. 24

WANTED—A girl for general housework at 2852 Clark avenue. 24

FOR SALE.

ALL kinds of desks for sale; store desks, railing and office fixtures made to order. W. Rollhagen, 713 Pine.

EVERYBODY should buy their canaries, mocking birds, cages, shells, aquariums and bird seed at Kaub & Osbourn's, 417 Walnut st.

FOR SALE.
Lots and farm lands. Inquire of
PAGE & BUCKLAND,
East St. Louis, Ill.

FOR SALE—Dogs, canaries, parrots and shells. Kaub & Osbourn, 417 Walnut st.

FOR SALE—The furniture of a six-room house; also, a piano, if called for immediately, very cheap; party leaving the city. Mrs. Lewis, 1132 N. Sixth st

FOR SALE—The Kirkwood Hotel and homestead, including 600 feet of ground belonging to the heirs of Edward J. Cubbage. Apply to Jas. E. Cubbage, 305 Olive st

FOR SALE CHEAP—A second-hand spring wagon. Apply at Clark's stable, Twenty-second and Clark avenue.

FOR SALE—Corrugated iron for roofing ceiling or siding. It supplies a fire-proof, durable and elegant building. Manufactured by E. E. Smith & Bro., 922 North Second street. 12

FOR SALE—New marble top sideboard and two mantels; $22 1412 North Nineteenth street.

KAUB & OSBOURN, Taxidermists, 417 Walnut st.

NOTICE.—On Thursday, the 17th inst., we will commence clearing out our entire stock of gents' boots and shoes, ladies' and misses' fine shoes in every variety. Those goods must be sold regardless of cost at 1028 Broadway and 1131 North Fifth street.

STAMPS—Genuine South American, low rates to collectors only by gentleman from South America. Address Y. 4, this office.

LOST AND FOUND.

FOUND—On east approach of St. Louis Bridge, one shoulder box with brass trimmings. Owner can have same by proving property and paying for this advertisement. Apply to William Crowell, St. Louis Bridge.

FOUND—A white and liver-colored pointer. Call at 2412 Lucas avenue.

LOST—Saturday, at noon, left on the counter of Nunes, Jaikul & Robinson's store, in millinery department, a pocket-book containing a considerable sum of money. The lady who appropriated it is known, and if she does not return the same to owner, will be prosecuted. 2712 North Tenth street. 23

LOST—On Chestnut street, between Seventh and Nineteenth; reward paid if left at Adams' Express Office or at 214 South Twenty-second street.

LOST—Tuesday evening between Twenty-sixth and Thirtieth streets, on Olive, a gold racelet. A suitable reward will be paid on returning same to MacDonald's drug store, 2060 Olive street.

LOST—A dark hazel-colored English mastiff pup dog; wore torn leather collar; answers to name "Tip." Liberal reward will be paid if returned to southeast corner Thirteenth and Pine streets.

LOST—Sunday, November 20, 1881, a white bull bitch one year old. If returned to No. 1611 Rosetta street, a liberal reward will be paid. J. M. Kilbe.

EDUCATIONAL.

ART SCHOOL—Fifth and Olive, removed to Temple building Fifth and Walnut. L. Codewe Artist.

EDWIN L. McDOWELL,
ELOCUTIONIST.
Foster's School, Sixteenth and Pine.
Write for circular.

JOHNSON'S Commercial College, 210-212 N. Third st.; open day and night all the year. Write for circulars.

MARTIN'S Short-hand Institute, 1306 Clark avenue. Trial week free. Get circulars

SPANISH theoretically and practically taught—Class by gentleman lately from South America, 2836 Morgan.

ST. LOUIS SCHOOL OF ORATORY, 210 N. Third st. I. N. Beers, principal. Write for circular. Open day and night.

ALL SORTS.

A GOOD CHANCE—Pictures, frames, mirrors and furniture sold on time at H. McNichols, 1024 Market.

MOTHERS—Profit or no profit. Let no living man persuade you to use anything for the digestive troubles, blood impurities, debility, colds, chills, fever, etc., of your children but the pure herb Caifornia Root Tea. Agency 326 South Fourth street.

FIRST-CLASS photographing at second-class prices; taken regardless of weather at R. F. Adams & Co.'s gallery, 215 N. Fourth st.

HAVING bought a lot of unclaimed railroad freight of two thousand shoes, we shall offer them at 50c on the dollar until sold. Remember Haas Bros., 616 N. Fifth street, near Washington avenue.

Dry Kindling Can be had and delivered by sending postal to 1626 Montgomery st., or leaving orders at Missias pot Planing Mill, corner Thirteenth and O'Fallon sts.
CHAS. ZOBEL.

COLDS—For cold in head, chest, lungs, pains in bones, back, side or chest, there is nothing half so reliable, pleasing and satisfactory as California Root Tea. A good big warm drink taken at bed-time acts like a charm—25 cents. 326 South Fourth street.

PERSONAL—Dr. Smith treats females only. Boarding during confinement. If in trouble call or write. 1309

St. Louis Post-Dispatch

BY JOSEPH PULITZER.

[Entered at the Post-Office at St. Louis, Mo., as second-class mail matter.]

TERMS OF THE DAILY.

One year, postage paid	$8 00
Six months	4 50
Three months	2 50
One month (delivered by carrier)	65
By the week (delivered by carrier)	15

THE WEEKLY.

One year, postage paid	80
Six months, postage paid	50

All business or news letters or telegrams should be addressed POST-DISPATCH, 111 North Fifth street.

The POST-DISPATCH has a LARGER CITY CIRCULATION, on each day of publication, than ANY OTHER PAPER published in St. Louis. Advertisers are at all times welcome to call and satisfy themselves of the strict accuracy of this claim.

OUR national reputation for marksmanship is suffering abroad. Even the Nihilists snicker when they read of BILL JONES' exploit.

IT seems that Mr. MACVEAGH resigned, but before he could get a certificate of character he was kicked down stairs. In fact, he was kicked before his resignation was accepted.

A MEDICAL expert says that GUITEAU is breaking down under the severe strain of his trial and is gradually losing his mind. We may be confronted with the spectacle of an idiot gone crazy before the thing ends.

IT is plain that ARTHUR is not only a creature but a poor imitator of GRANT. The "Sphinx business" has been exhausted in this country and the new President should devise a new dodge for advertising purposes.

WE learn from the Cincinnati *Commercial* that the penny sheet in that city whose editor was recently convicted of blackmailing libel is by no means the most disreputable paper in the city. We thought the *Commercial* had reformed.

IT is intimated that GOV. CRITTENDEN will be dragged by the heels into the gambler-police imbroglio. He will be put upon the stand and forced to testify as to the class of company he has been keeping for a year or two. This will be refined cruelty.

WE would like to know when and under what circumstances the Greenback candidates for Congress in Missouri pledged themselves to vote for a Republican Speaker of the House. We do not remember to have heard such declarations resounding from the stump last fall.

IT is the opinion of Mr. HALSTEAD that no Southern man can succeed as the editor of a Democratic newspaper in Cincinnati. This is equivalent to saying that the people of Ohio are not as much wrapped up in the Constitution as they used to be and that they have no time to waste on Expounders.

IT has been said repeatedly by the organs of Radicalism that a Republican victory in Missouri would add $1 an acre to the value of all farming lands. We have been enjoying a Republican administration in St. Louis about eight months and, so far as we can observe, city real estate has not been particularly benefited.

IF a Charity Ball is gotten up at the Merchants' Exchange under proper auspices it can be made a highly popular and fashionable affair and a handsome sum can be realized for the suffering poor of the city. Not less than $10,000 will be required to prevent actual want here this winter and there is no use talking about raising that sum by contributions.

IN one of the Presbyterian churches of this city yesterday the Rev. Dr. POST threw out the idea in his prayer that perhaps President GARFIELD'S assassination was an act of Providence designed to bring together the discordant elements of the Nation. This is the GUITEAU theory precisely, and it suggests the idea that perhaps we are doing wrong in trying GUITEAU as an ordinary murderer. It would tend, however, to still further unite the discordant elements of the Nation if Providence should assist the jury to a verdict of guilty of murder in the first degree.

BY way of convincing the jury of the insanity of GUITEAU, brother-in-law SCOVILLE mentioned in court the other day that at one time the illustrious tramp was seized with the idea that he ought to start a daily newspaper. He retired to Hoboken and lived for several weeks on crackers and dried beef while developing the *Daily Theocrat*. He never got any further than the able prospectus. If reformatory gentlemen who start daily newspapers are to be shoved over into the *non compos mentis* class, we will have to commence building annexes to our asylums for the insane.

IN a published interview Senator JOHN, LOGAN says that GUITEAU came to his house last March bare-headed and wearing sandals and gave him a copy of his speech against HANCOCK to read. He afterward called again and told the Senator that he was a candidate for the Consul-Generalship at Paris. On being assured by the Senator that he could do nothing, he wept, and swore that he was a great politician and lawyer and one of the most active men in the Republican party. If what LOGAN says is true, GUITEAU certainly has less sense than the average Republican office-seeker.

THE Cleveland *Plain Dealer* has declared for GEO. H. PENDLETON as the next Democratic Presidential candidate. This novel and startling performance will probably be followed soon by the Indianapolis *Sentinel* trotting out THOS. A. HENDRICKS for the twenty-fifth time. Then the spirit of Mr. TILDEN will gibber and the ghost of ANDREW JACKSON will climb up and sit on the graveyard fence and contemplate the familiar festivities. Under the rule, which requires that a Democrat must be beaten twice for the Presidency before he can be induced to take a back seat, Gen. HANCOCK is entitled to the next nomination.

MRS. LINCOLN is not in need. She has a pension from the Government of $3,000 a year and her mental health is not good. If she had a pension of $10,000 a year she would insist upon making herself an object of charity. The poor woman is weak and extravagant and she has an idea that the Nation is largely indebted to her. Her son ROBERT should make it his business to look after her.

INTERNATIONAL comity is a term which means a great many things. Recently at Newport, Rhode Island, it has been construed to mean that a foreign Minister may get goods on credit and decline to pay for them. The Russian Ambassador contracted a bill for horse-feed and then had a dispute over the settlement. The Russ at once appealed to the Governor of Rhode Island and to Secretary BLAINE for protection. The State Department at once warned the lawyers, the creditor and the court officials that they were liable to punishment if they served a process on a foreign Minister and the case fell through. It stands to reason that a foreign Ambassador should have immunity from arrest in certain cases. His position demands that. But on the other hand, a foreign Minister certainly should conform to the laws of the country in which he is stationed. If he can decline to pay his debts, it can easily be seen how valuable his position at one becomes. This privilege alone would make twenty citizens of St. Louis, that could be readily pointed out, yearn for a foreign appointment.

IT is the opinion of our august Supreme Court that the words "premeditation" and "deliberation," as applied to the commission of murder, do not mean the same thing. In order to make out a case of murder in the first degree there must be a season of intellectual planning, cold deliberation, an immense amount of malice and no end of phlegm. Any killing that takes place while the blood of the slayer is hot is simply a second-grade murder. It will be seen that Judge LAUGHLIN is right when he says that capital punishment for killing is practically at an end in this State. It used to be thought that "emotional insanity" was sufficient to baffle the hangman, but the ruling of our Supreme Judges make it doubtful whether that obsolete nonsense will ever be heard of again in our courts. As we remarked once before, it is possible that some such distinguished lawyer as CHAS. O'CONOR could commit a real murder in Missouri with such exactness at to bring himself within the requirements laid down by the Supreme Court, but certainly no ordinary, uninformed man could perform a first degree job without a prolonged season of practice.

LOUISVILLE is not only a small but an uncommonly mean town. The other night the ladies of the Flower Mission over there induced the great violinist, REMENYI, to give a charity concert. The kind-hearted artist volunteered and gave the services of himself and company. There was a magnificent turnout. The handsome young ladies, the pomatum swells, the rich daddies, the sealskin mammas and the purse-proud tobacco twisters thronged the hall, applauded rapturously and inspected each other most thoroughly. A cursory glance would have convinced any thoughtless observer that Louisville was a town of great culture, gone crazy on music and æstheticism. Next night REMENYI gave a concert on his "own hook," but only about a hundred people rallied to hear him. The fashionables had lost their taste for refined music and had forgotten the man who had kindly entertained them the night before. The *Post* declares that this treatment of the great artist was a disgrace to the city and it asks:

> Can the patrons of an entertainment be credited with a spirit of benevolence when they turn their backs on the man who contributed the evening's entertainment and every dollar that was received for tickets? Is Louisville society a mere automaton to be moved only by a string pulled by "prominent and influential citizens?" Are our young women only to be incited to graceful acts connected with charity when the occasion is to end in a merry waltz at the Galt House? Is it possible that the rapturous applause, which made the hall thunder, were mere simulations of enthusiasm?

Haven't we a little touch of that Louisville meanness here in St. Louis at times?

THE Star Route swindlers in Washington are practicing the same tactics toward the people who have exposed them that the gamblers employ in dealing with their enemies in this city. Among the detectives who have been singularly skillful in showing up the transactions of the Postal Ring is A. M. GIBSON, at one time correspondent of the New York *Sun*. GIBSON'S instincts are all of the sleuth-hound and ferret order and it has been a settled theory in Washington for years that as a journalist he made more money out of what he didn't print than what he did. Being employed to hunt up the Star Route transgressions he has brought upon himself the venom and spite of every creature connected with the thieving ring. It is charged in their newspapers that GIBSON lives in a house in Washington which he obtained by blackmail. (We may remark that this is very common in Washington.) It is also said that he once "tapped" the president of the Alaska Seal and Fur Company for $2,000. All sorts of stories are told about his assistants, WOODWARD and CLARK, and the judicial gentlemen, who are anxious to aid the distinguished Republican statesmen who are involved in this dirty business, assume that the character of the men who have made up the cases warrants them in throwing obstacles in the way of the prosecution. This may be very true, but the wickedness of GIBSON does not give BRADY and DORSEY and company the right to swindle the Government. If they have been maligned by a knavish detective the easier it will be for them to acquit themselves. They stand charged before the country with offenses which entitle them to penitentiary service and the place for them to find vindication is the Court-house. They should stop throwing mud at their accusers and proceed to trial where their refreshing innocence will be able to exalt itself.

PERSONAL.

—Philip Marston's latest poem is entitled "A Gray Day." This is the first intimation that Philip's girl had shaken him.

—Senator Lamar, of Mississippi, and Senator Joseph Brown, of Georgia, each live at home in a one-story house.

—Cetewayo has taken to an accordeon for amusement, and it is probable that the English will let him off on parole for five or six years.

—W. W. Astor has gone to Europe. He will be remembered as the young gentleman who was so successful in not being elected to Congress a short time ago.

—It is useless for a physician to argue against short-sleeved dresses. The Constitution of the United States says: "The right to bare arms shall not be infringed."

—A Canadian paper says that Canadian girls make better wives than any to be found on this side of the border. Miss Anthony should refute this base slander at once.

—Mr. Julian Hawthorne has decided not to return to America at present. He will go to Ireland to study scenery for a new tale, and thence to Italy to remain a year.

—The æsthetic poet, Oscar Wilde, is really coming to America to lecture. Mr. Wilde's MS. will be lily leaves, and be read by the light of glow-worms. Admission, one bushel of sunflower seed.

—The Rev. M. J. Cramer, a brother-in law of ex-President Grant, and now United States Minister to Switzerland, preached on Sunday at the South Third Methodist Episcopal Church in Brooklyn.

—A training school for servants has been started in New York. If another one for women who preside over servants is established, the future of man in America will indeed be rosy-hued.

—Guiteau finds self-control impossible in the presence of the jury. But he was the very embodiment of coolness, calculation and silence when he was carrying around the pistol to kill the President. He even took the precaution to wrap the pistol up to protect it from the moisture of the body. Few assassins have been sane enough to keep their powder as dry as that.

A Matter of History.

ST. LOUIS, November 25, 1881.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

Will you kindly settle a disputed point in revolutionary history through the columns of your valued paper? The teachers in the public schools here are unable to agree on it and have no history complete enough to decide it. Did the Continental Congress ever meet in the city of New York during the Revolutionary war? ASTORIA.

[The first Congress ever held in the United States convened in New York in 1765, the object being to oppose the Greville Stamp Act. Delegates attended from nine colonies, appointed by various authority. A sort of union was formed for the purpose of resisting taxation by Parliament, but no powers of government were assumed. Most histories call this the first Continental Congress. The second met at Philadelphia.—ED. P.-D.]

A Loose-Jointed Railway.

ST. LOUIS, November 25.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

Your paper has always shown such an appreciation of the wants of the citizens of our city that I take the liberty of encroaching on your valuable columns to bring before the public a great inconvenience. I speak not only for myself but for a large number of my fellow citizens. I am compelled quite frequently to use the West End Narrow Gauge Railroad to visit my daughters at Loretto Academy. Yesterday I went to the depot of the above named railroad with a view of taking the 10:30 a. m. train and was compelled to wait until 3 p. m. for it. If this was the first occurrence I would have no cause to complain, but it is usually the case. Is there anything in their charter by which they can be forced to run trains regularly? M. F. W.

Nothing But the Crown.

From the Chicago Times.

Mr. Blaine has been Glamis and Cawdor, and will now be nothing less than King. He will not be a candidate for the Governorship of Maine, nor will he accept a diplomatic position, even the mission to the Court of St. James. It is a fair inference that he is in training for the nomination to the Presidency.

Guarding Against Libel.

From the Atlanta Constitution.

It is a very disagreeable day when a St. Louis editor isn't assaulted with a libel suit. In view of this fact, it is not surprising that the newspapers of that city are chiefly devoted to the discussion of foreign topics. We have read with much pleasure John A. Cockerill's essay entitled, "Why is Gambetta One-eyed?"

The Ohio Man's New Racket.

From the Chicago Times.

The Ohio man is creating a new record in the history of his beloved country. He is getting lynched. This is a violent revulsion, but the Ohio man, being human, cannot expect forever to live in clover. He must consume his share of the hemp crop.

Too Much Levity.

From the Cincinnati Commercial.

There was "much laughter" again yesterday in the Criminal Court at Washington. It is a national disgrace that the trial of the murderer of the President should be made to resemble a circus performance.

Grantism Restored.

From the Philadelphia Times.

The conclusion which has been reached in Washington is that every man who was not for Grant will have to go. Some of the newspaper correspondents are amusing themselves putting marks on them.

A Better Era.

From the Atlanta Constitution.

The long-suffering citizens of St. Louis are now engaged in suing the newspapers for typographical errors. This shows that the old personal issues between the parties are gradually fading away.

A Wise Dispensation.

From the Philadelphia Times.

It is a kind disposition of things which gives us Thanksgiving before the annual session of Congress sets in.

FUR Caps and Hats—Keevil's, 4th and Pine.

STREET-CAR CASES.

The Delinquent Companies Are Fined $500 Each by Judge Jecko.

Judge Jecko to day gave a decision in the case of the street railroad companies charged with failing to report to the City Register the number of passengers carried during the times specified by the city ordinances. The testimony of City Register Berg was heard several days ago and the question argued. Judge Jecko took the case under advisement and decided it to-day by assessing the following street railroad companies $500 each: Tower Grove, Union, Citizens', Lindell, Cass avenue, St. Louis, Missouri. The Benton Bellefontaine road made their regular return. The companies fined will appeal the case, as they dispute the constitutionality of the ordinance prohibiting them from carrying over eighteen passengers at one time.

FUR Caps and Hats—Keevil's, 4th and Pine.

BOLAND AT THE BAR.

The Trial of the Affidavit-Maker for Perjury Begun.

Proceedings in the Court of Criminal Correction.

List of Witnesses Summoned---The Jury Panel---Examining the Jurors---The Counsel---The Spectators.

The case of the State against Morgan Boland, for alleged perjury in making affidavit that he had met and held conversation with ex-Gov. Chas. P. Johnson at the Union Depot one Saturday evening in the last part of last January, concerning police matters, was called in the Court of Criminal Correction this morning, Judge Cady presiding. Ten o'clock was the hour elected. At that time the court-room was crowded with a lot of bummers and loungers, Gen. A. J. Smith, the Auditor, being the only familiar and respectable face in that portion of the room. The gamoling element was not represented to any alarming extent, no prominent gamester being either within or without the bar. Morgan Boland, the temporarily distinguished defendant, was in the crowd that moved around inside the rail and held earnest and frequent conference with the ex-disbarred attorney and Frank D. Turner, who, with Jeff. Chandler, constitute his counsel. The ex-Police Commissioner twisted a cigar in the corner of his mouth, after the style that is fashionable in the Twelfth Ward, where short hair and dog-fighting challenge the admiration of the community, and he otherwise presented a dignified martial, and imposing appearance not at all in keeping with the martyrdom he is supposed to be undergoing. Several prominent attorneys were noted within the bar waiting for the case to open, among those being Senators Rogers and Manistre, and Representatives Hugh J. Brady, Frank Merriman, Police Captains Daly and Huebler, ex Chief of Detectives Larry Harrigan, James M. Scullin, President of the Mound City and Gravois Road Railways. Mayor Ewing also made his appearance before the case began and remained awaiting to be called. He is a witness for the defense.

EX-GOV. JOHNSON

moved around in his quiet and earnest way, and counsel for the prosecution were conspicuous by the unobtrusiveness and apparent ease with which they waited for the fun to begin. Judge Chester H. Krum, Mr. John M. Glover and Mr. Charles T. Noland represented the State.

At 10:45 o'clock the clerk called the court to order and requested all who were not members of the bar to take seats outside the rail. The jury box was also cleared and the clerk called the case of "The State against Morgan Boland."

The ex-Police Commissioner was requested to stand up and did so. In answer to a question his lawyer said the defense was ready. The list of witnesses for the prosecution was called and several failed to respond. Mr. Noland asked the court that subpœnas be issued for those who had been personally served and had not responded, and the court so ordered. Witnesses for the defense, about fifty in number, were then called, and several of these also were absent. The court ordered that attachments should issue for all witnesses who had been personally served and had not appeared.

Mr. Noland asked the court to have the affidavit that figures in the case produced.

Bowman said he had the affidavit of Mr. Boland, together with others that were to be used by him in other cases. He would submit the Boland affidavit with the understanding that it be returned to him after the trial.

This was agreed to by counsel and the affidavit was submitted.

The jury panel was then called and the selection of the twelve good men and true who are to try the case began. There were twenty men in the panel. The full score were sworn.

The ex-disbarred attorney here suddenly got to his feet. He had had a consultation with Mr. Chandler and probably the result of this was the announcement he now made.

"I wish to state," said Bowman, "I am no longer connected with this case. I withdraw from it. I don't care to give my reasons now, as they might prejudice the case. I may give the reasons for my withdrawal at some future time in an affidavit. I have nothing more to say now than that I am out of the case."

He then retired from the court-room.

THE FOLLOWING WITNESSES FOR THE DEFENSE were subpœnaed: Joseph McEntire, George Knapp, Capt. Huebler, George Gavin, Capt. Frangel, Judge Ferguson, Col. Don Morrison, Paul Young, Henry Mueller, Alex. Dennehl, Mathias Boll, Capt. Daly, Thomas Foley, John P. Mullally, Judge Vastine, Arnold Beck, Mr. Anthony, George Bruggeman, Henry Marister, R. M. Parks, John J. Ganahl, Dr. Lutz, B. Thorman, A. P. Helmbacher, Gen. A. J. Smith, Charles Russell, Dr. Price, Capt. Fruchte, James Broadhead, W. H. Horner, John S. Cavender, J. T. Merryman, Wm. Patrick, Sr., Judge Denison, Richard Howard, John Pauley, John Scullin, William L. Ewing, R. Graham Frost, Samuel Erskine, S. Dorsey Manhen and Ed. Quinlivan.

THE WITNESSES FOR THE PROSECUTION were as follows: C. P. Johnson, J. H. Maxon, F. B. Kennett, J. M. Fitzgerald, W. H. Yeaton, Ben Finney, J. C. Normile, John D. Finney, Mr. Robinson, H. L. Rogers, Thomas Morris, Larry Harrigan, Officer Scully, Senator James Walker, Sergt. Clarke, Officer Fenlon, Morrison Renshaw, John Bull, J. R. Claiborne, Officer Hess, Hugh J. Brady, Thos. W. Fitch, Frank Merryman, J. Milton Turner, Capt. Fox.

Police Commissioner Maxon, Col. J. C. Normile, Thomas Morris and Morrison Renshaw were attached for the State, not answering when their names were called. Alias subpœnaes for R. Graham Frost and Ed. Quinlivan were issued for the defense. Dr. Lutz, Charles Schuerder, Judge Horner, Jos. McEntire, Judge Laughlin, Mathias Boll, John P. Mullally, John S. Cavender, G. H. Bruggeman and B. Thorman, witnesses for the defendant, were attached.

THE PANEL.

Wm. Mandelin was excused from the panel owing to certain financial transactions that had to be attended to to-day, and John H. Farrar was substituted for him.

Judge Krum questioned the jurors concerning their knowledge or opinions of the merits of the case. Wm. Banfus, a commission merchant, had heard very little about the matter and knew none of the parties. C. O. Ambs, of 3135 Clark avenue, knew nothing more about the case than he had read in the papers. J. W. Lawrence of Lawrence Brothers, boiler makers, knew Mr. Johnson and had heard the case discussed and formed an opinion, but one that might be changed by the evidence. Geo. W. Blanke, candy manufacturer, knew Mr. Johnson and Mr. Boland. Mr. Benj. Miller, hatter, knew nothing more about it than he saw in the newspapers; knew defendant by sight. Mr. W. H. Sturrock was a little hard of hearing and was excused, Chas. J. McDonald taking this place. Mr. F. Barklage, boot and shoe business, knew Mr. Johnson, had read the newspapers, and that was all he knew about it. Mr. Jno. E. Carpenter, commission merchant, had formed no opinion. Mr. F. L. Clark, leather business, had read the newspapers about the case. Mr. Wm. Burg, Secretary of the Ewald Iron Company, knew nothing more about the case than he had read in the newspapers and heard discussed, but had formed an opinion and might possibly be prejudiced. Mr. James Richardson, Jr., druggist, and Mr. John W. Adams, of 1129 Foster street, sail-maker, knew only what was in the newspapers. James Fernan, of 2039 Broadway, cigar-maker, had heard of the case from those who read the newspapers. Mr. Wm. McLean, dealer in fire-arms, knew nothing more about the case than what he had heard and read.

When Mr. McClean's name was called Mr. Glover asked, "What's his business?" The response came, "Dealer in fire arms."

"We might have needed him," remarked Judge Krum; "but now that Bowman has withdrawn from the case, we might be able to get along without a dealer in fire-arms."

Mr. Matthew Parks had only read read of the case. Mr. F. W. Filley, grain business, had heard and read a little about the case. Mr. Theodore Rapp, architect, only knew what was in the newspapers. Mr. Richard S. Jones, of Cheltenham, hadn't given any attention to the case. Mr. Hugh Ranken had heard and read a little about it. Mr. John H. Farrar, furniture dealer, had read about the matter and heard other people's opinions. Mr. C. J. McDonald, clerk of Samuel Cupples & Co., didn't know the defendant or any of the facts.

Mr. Chandler questioned the panel for the defense. Mr. Blanfus said he had obtained his information about the case from the columns of the Republican. Mr. Lawrence was challenged because he had formed an opinion from reading the papers, and after argument was excused. Mr. Tilley was also challenged for being in possession of an opinion based upon the newspaper articles he had read; "but," he continued, "I don't believe everything I read in the newspapers;" his present opinion he said might be changed by new facts. The court ruled that Mr. Tilley might remain. Mr. Ranken was objected to by Mr. Chandler, but the objection was overruled. Mr. Farrar, who had known Mr. Johnson for twenty odd years, was challenged and stepped down.

Geo. W. Ranken, of 821 Franklin avenue, and Wm. P. Johnson, of 1019 Clark avenue, were called to fill in the panel. Both gentlemen had not spoken or read about the case.

After the panel was completed a long pause ensued, during which counsel made their selections, which resulted in the choice of the following jury: Charles O. Ambs, Fred. W. Blanke, Benjamin Miller, John E. Carpenter, Frank L. Clarke, Jas. Richardson, Jr., Jno. W. Adams, Henry Ferman, Wm. McClean, F. W. Tilley, Theo. Rapp and Richard S. Jones.

A recess was taken for one hour.

WHY BOWMAN WITHDREW.

It is understood that the ex disbarred attorney, who had hoped to have his finger in the present pie and figure prominently as one of the defenders of Morgan Boland, was obliged to withdraw from the case because Jeff Chandler would not have him as associate counsel. Mr. Chandler, it is said, has no admiration for Bowman. They have never been personally intimate, and when Bowman appeared in court this morning and found Chandler in possession of the case, the ex-Disbarred drew the defendant aside and whispered a few earnest words in his ear. Mr. Boland then went to Mr. Chandler. The case was just beginning. Mr. Chandler listened to what his client had to say, but made answer in positive terms. The result was the withdrawal of the ex-Disbarred.

The reporter saw Bowman and asked him why he had retired from the case so precipitately. He refused to give any further explanation than had been made to the court.

Mr. Chandler said he was not in any way unfriendly to Bowman. There was no enmity of any kind between them. Mr. Bowman had retired from the case and that was all there was to it.

"But they say you refused to be associated with him in the case?" the reporter suggested.

"I don't care to say anything about it," Mr. Chandler replied, "as I have no desire to make explanations. If you want to find out any more you will have to see Mr. Boland."

The reporter saw Morgan Boland. Mr. Boland said Chandler had not refused to appear with Bowman.

"I never employed Bowman," the ex-Police Commissioner continued, "and never asked him to appear here." The only attorneys I employed are Jeff Chandler, F. D. Turner and Mr. Carlisle.

Legion of Honor Entertainment.

The Legion of Honor entertainment at Pope's Theater on the 29th promises to be quite a society event. A large number of the prominent members of Council No. 6 have reserved their seats in what is generally known as the family circle, and, as is already the case in the Olympic, that will be the dress circle of the evening. Arrangements have been made with the Rapid Transit Company to run their Herdics directly to the theater door, and have them there when the performance is over, to save the inconvenience of crowded cars. Toilet rooms, in charge of female attendants, will be prepared for the ladies, where they can check their hats and cloaks, and arrange their hair.

Handsome satin programmes will be presented to each one in the house. The members of the council will all appear in full dress, as will also the officers of the Supreme Council and the chancellors of the different councils. The ladies are expected to appear in full evening costume. The entire theater for that evening is reserved for the members of Council No. 6, and such of their friends as get tickets through them. In this way the social status of the crowd can be guaranteed. In short, every arrangement has been perfected to make this the most elegant entertainment of the season.

The members of the Council desire their friends to be present, and will issue them tickets at Stickney & Ellis', 303 North Third street. No tickets will be sold at the box office.

FUR Caps and Hats—Keevil's, 4th and Pine.

ABOUT TOWN.

THE trains arrived on time this morning at Union Depot.

A NEW platform has been put down at the Union Depot.

PETE MANNING was captured last night with a revolver in his pocket. To-day Judge Jecko fined him $50 for carrying concealed weapons.

JUDGE DENISON of the Second District Police Court disposed of twenty-three cases this morning, but there was no interest attached to any of them.

WILLIAM CARNES brought suit against the Clymer Preserving Company, for $4 50, in Justice P. McCann's court this morning. The Justice rendered a decision in favor of the plaintiff for the amount asked.

OATS in Chicago were "whooping up" today, and whispers of a corner are heard. A St. Louis firm owns and controls the deal in that market, and a lively time and higher prices may be looked for before this month closes. The oat stock in this market is in the hands of a few strong parties, and prices here are liable to be much higher ere the year runs out.

THERE was a change in the rail rate situation to-day, the color lines offering to carry grain and flour here on basis of 15 cents per 100 pounds to New York. It is expected the Erie road will be forced to come down to this rate, but the Pennsylvania road to hold firmly at former figures. This 15c rate effectually bars the river route out from competition, and it is understood from good authority that a large lot of corn was offered the barge line last Wednesday, if they would carry it at a rate equivalent to 11c per bushel through to Liverpool. They said they couldn't do it. A certain railroad was then approached and it offered to take the lot, and did so at the figures fixed by the shipper.

FUR Caps and Hats—Keevil's, 4th and Pine.

Butchers' and Drovers' Scrip.

A meeting of the scrip-holders of the Butchers' and Drovers' Bank representing all the scrip outstanding, viz., $270,000, will be held this evening at the office of John D. Davis over the Third National Bank. The committee appointed by these creditors have prepared a report recommending that steps be taken at once to foreclose the deeds of trust for security of depositors given by Mrs. B. M. Chambers, Mrs. Margaret Smith and Mrs. Hudson when the bank failed in 1877. The property is threatened with tax sales and hence the scrip-holders are moving to protect themselves.

Cupid's Friday Contracts.

The following is the list of marriage licenses granted this morning at the Recorder's office, a fair showing for the proverbially unlucky Friday: John H. Swift and Frances B. Trissell, Jacob Muller and Mary Maves, Joseph Wigge and Johanna O'Brien, Karl Haft and Johanna Redemski, Isaac Williams and Elizebeth McCleary, John Morrow and Mary Gorman, William Alexander and Isaac Smith, Chas. Dwyre and Margaret E. Williams.

CITY PERSONALS.

Wm. Stinger, of Vicksburg, Miss., Supreme Chancellor Commander of the colored Knights of Pythias, is in the city.

Mr. H. M. Boxie, general manager of the St. L. M. and L. Railway, left for Texas this morning, he will make return for a week.

Coal Oil Inspector J. H. McEntire, his friends will regret to learn, is seriously indisposed, and will not be able to leave his residence for some days.

Eli Perkins, the most economical man in the matter of truth now living, was stopping at the Lindell last night. Perkins has been riding on free passes and writing for newspapers for years, and yet he never was guilty of furnishing the public with a fact.

GREAT PRESENCE OF MIND

Exhibited by Mayor Ewing When Approached by an Interviewer.

His Honor Will not Answer Gov. Johnson's Sworn Statements—He is Non-Committal About the Variety Dens.

A POST-DISPATCH reporter visited Mayor Ewing at his office this morning to interview him in regard to statements of ex-Gov. Chas. P. Johnson, in his deposition made last Wednesday afternoon. The Mayor said at first that he had not read the statement. The reporter said he was willing to tell him what there was in the statement.

"Mr. Johnson says," the reporter explained, "that after his return from the Legislature he met Mr. Cupples and Mr. Maxon and the former expressed a desire to have Mr. Johnson prosecute the gambling cases and assist in enforcing the law which went into effect last June; that when you heard of this you were angry with Mr. Cupples, and Mr. Cupples told Mr. Johnson that you said you did not want him (Johnson) to prosecute; that he (Johnson) was unfriendly to Pate, Pate's personal enemy, and it was a personal quarrel all around. Further he stated that you seemed to be very friendly to Mr. Pate, and not at all zealous to enforce the gambling law, and Mr. Cupples had an idea that Pate assisted in your election. How is that?"

"I haven't read Mr. Johnson's statement, I tell you, and can't say anything about it until I do."

"But I have just now made you acquainted with a portion of the statement. What do you think of it as far as you have heard?"

"Go and see Mr. Cupples about it. Find out what he says."

"But somebody else is going to see Mr. Cupples. I have you to see."

"I don't care to say anything until I go on the stand. Then I'll answer the statement."

"But the POST-DISPATCH thought you wouldn't care to let this statement stand before the people without explaining or refuting it?"

"I consider that any statement that Mr. Johnson makes about me cannot injure me in the least."

"How do you mean that it cannot injure you?"

"Because I consider that it cannot, that's all. I don't want to give my reasons. I think it's better to let those things go and not keep stirring them up this way all the time."

"Will you affirm or deny any part of the published statement?"

"I have already told you that I have not read the statement yet and that I will not say anything about the matter until I go on the witness stand."

"Mr. Johnson swears further that you again went for Mr. Cupples in lively style when you learned that Mr. Cupples had spoken to Mr. Johnson about your opposition to him. What about that?"

"I don't care to talk any further about this thing," said the Mayor, and the reporter turned the conversation into another channel.

"How about the variety dens?"

"What about them?"

"Will you approve any application for a reissue of license to the Esher brothers?"

"I have nothing to do with it," the Mayor said; "the statement that I have to approve the application is not true. I have nothing to do with his application. Neither has the Police Board. All that matter rests with the Collector, who may issue license or not, as he may see fit. My business is to grant the permit for giving shows, for opening theaters, etc., and after they get to running I have nothing more to do with them."

"Hasn't the Police Board instructed the Collector concerning the variety shows?"

"No, sir; the board has no right to instruct the Collector, or to authorize him to do anything. He may refer applications to the Police Board, if he has any doubt about the propriety of granting a license. That's all."

"Has the Collector referred any applications to the board?"

"Not that I know of."

"What do you think of the variety theaters?"

"I haven't formed any opinion about them. After I was elected I visited one or two of them just to see what they were and to ascertain their character—to know if they were as bad as they had been represented."

"What theaters did you visit?"

"The Crystal Palace and Eshers."

"And what did you see there?"

"I stopped only a few minutes in each. I saw no women there as had been represented and no minors."

"And what did you think of these places you visited?"

"I didn't find them so bad, but I didn't remain long enough to form any opinion of them."

"Suppose," said the reporter, "I should tell you that I saw small boys sitting in Esher's, drinking big schooners of beer, and otherwise acting as vicious octogenarians who were dangerous to society, what would you think then?"

"I don't think it is right to allow minors in these places. I never saw any there. But I am opposed to allowing minors to frequent those theaters."

"Don't you think all the variety dens should be closed?"

"Well, I can't say. I don't think from what I know that they are so bad as you folks try to make them out."

Mayor Ewing is always very non-committal in the presence of the newspaper interviewer.

Restaurant and Hotel Men, Attention.

A meeting of restaurant and hotel men is called for Batchi's Hall, 408 Washington avenue, at 3 p. m. next Monday, to protest against the opening of a down town restaurant by the Mercantile Club.

FUR Caps and Hats—Keevil's, 4th and Pine.

Legal Notes.

The full claim of Honora Harlow, a Virginia policy-holder of the Life Association of America, was allowed by Judge Adams to-day.

In the suit of the Provident Savings Institution vs. Henry Pierce judgment for plaintiff for $1,040 54 was rendered to-day in Judge Thayer's court.

The following cases were dismissed to day in the Circuit Court: Snodgrass vs. Heimberger, Warde vs. Brooks et al., Hotchkiss vs. Thomas, Snodgrass vs. Mohr.

Receiver Heman, of the De Soto and Atlas Mutual Life Insurance Companies, will appear in Court No. 1 December 7, and the affairs of both companies will then be finally disposed of, and the receiver discharged.

In the matter of the assignment of Frederick Koelling the court to-day authorized the sale of goods and fixtures to J. E. McGinnis for $896 cash. In the Conrad R. Stinde assignment the compromise of the Brissenden claim was granted.

The law docket will be called to-morrow in Judge Horner's court. The docket set for trial in this court, December 5, will be taken up the following day, as Judge Horner will be sitting with the other Judges in the matter of the legal advertising contract on the 5th.

TO-DAY'S NEW SUITS.

The following new suits were filed to-day in the Circuit Court:

Chas. Wexler vs. Ed. W. Lansing and Samuel H. Haynes, attachment for $1,312 65; Gregory, Stagg & Co. vs. Ed. W. Lansing and Samuel H. Haynes, attachment for $569 75; Sour Mash Distillery Company vs. Ed. W. Lansing and Samuel H. Haynes, attachment for $1,311 80; Henry Fennemeyer vs. Fritz Schlief and G. H. Barth, suit on account; Mary J. Joslyn vs. Chas. E. Joslyn, petition for divorce on the ground of desertion.

The creditors of Lansing & Co. are actively attaching the stock of liquors in the hands of Mr. Rolla Billingsley, as will be seen above.

NORTH ST. LOUIS ITEMS.

Mr. Chas. Sundermann has been called to the carrier's staff of the North St. Louis Post-office. He will make the ninth carrier now at work.

All work on the lumber landings for the season of 1881 has ended, except at the Knapp, Stout & Co.'s landing, where there is yet a few strings of lumber.

The North Star Social Club will give a grand oyster supper to its lady friends to-morrow evening at the Social Turner Hall, Thirteenth and Monroe streets.

Alex. Munford, an employe at the North St. Louis Saw Mills, Second and Angelica streets, had his left leg badly injured this morning by a heavy log rolling upon it.

MAGUIRE'S Quinine and Iron Cordial is a most reliable tonic. It strengthens the body, quiets the nerves, feeds the brain and supplies mental, vital, nervous and physical force.

GUITEAU'S PLEA.

Continued from First Page.

dicting him. He was constrained to keep quiet, and retorted: "We want facts, Judge, to go before the jury, and nothing else. I claim my act was inspired by the Deity. I stake my case on that position and I'll take my chances on the result." The prisoner continued to interrupt, making rambling and irrelevant remarks until Judge Cox quite sharply threatened to gag him if he did not keep quiet.

Guiteau continued to interpose objections, however, but in a less objectionable manner, and gradually subsided altogether.

Recess.

Missouri Politicians.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

WASHINGTON, November 25.—There is to be a free fight over the United States District Attorneyship of the Western District of Missouri to succeed the present incumbent, whose commission expires February 6, and who, it is generally conceded, will not be reappointed. Numerous applicants are earnestly entering the lists. Jefferson City, Kansas City and St. Joseph expect the lucky prize. The north side of the river presents the strongest claims for recognition.

Congressman Burrows has rented and will occupy a new house with his family. Hazeltine with family will occupy a residence by themselves. Rice is expected to-morrow. Martin Williams enjoys the scare of the Democratic conference at St. Louis.

Rosenblatt was here. It is reported he was advised that he could be of no service here now. Van Horn is expected to-morrow. Postmaster Hays, through his Secretary, Wilde, is engaged in the distribution of newspaper attacks upon Filley to the departments. Van Horn may secure the chairmanship of the committee on Indian Affairs, with the future governorship of Oklahoma in view.

Our French Visitors.

SALT LAKE, November 25.—The French visitors spent two days here. Wednesday they were shown about the city by Gov. Murphy, and through the Horn Silver Smelters at Frank lin by Mayor Hill. Yesterday they visited Fort Douglass and, the young French officers took part in a turkey shoot pigmatch, but America won the turkey. General Boulanger, responding to a toast, praised the appointments of the post, which are in every respect a model and asked that the guardhouse inmates, in consideration of the day and occasion, be pardoned their offenses. Commanding Officer Perry, Gen. McCosh being absent, graciously assented. Gov. Murphy tendered them a regular Thanksgiving dinner, but their arrangements ahead compelled them to decline. They left for the West on time and will return East via the southern Pacific.

The "Avenger" Indicted.

WASHINGTON, November 25.—The grand jury has indicted Jones for assault to kill Guiteau.

Cut His Throat.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

FINDLEY, ILL. November 25.—Last night Terrance Williams in a fit of despondency cut his throat with a butcher knife. His relatives, it is said, reside in St. Louis.

Hotel Burned.

NEWTON, IOWA, November 25.—The old Mineral Springs hotel at Colfax burned yesterday. Loss $150,000; insurance $9,000.

Good Sleighing.

MONTGOMERY, N. Y., November 25.—There is number 11 degrees above. Good sleighing and skating.

Ice.

WILMINGTON, N. C., November 25.—There is formed an inch thick here.

THE MOUND BUILDERS.

Judge West's Explorations in the Valley of the Missouri.

Judge E. P. West, of the Kansas City Times scientific expedition, was met by a reporter this afternoon. The Judge was commissioned to examine the mounds and other antiquities of the Missouri Valley for the Times, and he has accomplished the whole journey down the river in a skiff, working over the territory on both sides of the stream for two miles. Close to Miami, in Saline county, he found the ruins of an ancient city, evidently of mound building origin. It covered a space two miles square, and was defended by a system of earthworks very like those found at Circleville and other points in Ohio. From his examination the Judge is convinced that the Missouri Valley compactly across the State was occupied by a homogeneous people divided into two hostile tribes by the river. In the northern mounds stone chambers were found with hardly any pottery, in the Southern the mounds were not vaulted, but were full of pottery. His most interesting experience was at the pictured rocks above Rocheport, on the river. Upon the face of the bluff are cut the figures of men, elk, buffalo and panthers, some of which still show traces of red paint. Judge West is convinced that these figures are not the work of the modern Indians, but of their predecessors, the mound-builders. The full report of his interesting trip will shortly be published.

CITY HALL ITEMS.

Twenty-five burial permits were issued today.

Recorder Irwin paid $107 05 into the treasury to-day on account of fees.

The Council Committee on Claims meets at 4 o'clock to-day to consider several bills.

Dr. Robt. M. Jennings qualified as a Poor Commissioner to-day, before Register Berg.

James Herlihy, aged 65 years and Frederick Kurth, 51 years, are booked for the Poor-house.

The Collector paid $15,703 38 into the treasury to-day on account of taxes, and $562 56 for licenses.

A meeting of the Committee of the House of Delegates on Railroads is announced for 4 p. m. to-morrow.

The Patrick depositions will be resumed at 9 o'clock to morrow afternoon, when Comptroller Adreon and Treasurer Merrell will be placed upon the stand.

The Board of Health meets at 4 o'clock this afternoon, the regular Thursday meeting having been postponed on account of Thanksgiving.

Comptroller Adreon has provided a new book labeled "Items for Reporters" which will be gratefully remembered by the news hunters as each Thanksgiving Day rolls around.

Dr. Kauffman returned from the Quarantine to-day, leaving the Small pox Hospital in charge of Dr. Grundeen. There are five cases in the hospital now, two of them children and all on the way to recovery.

THE subscriptions to the Garfield monument fund to day amounts to $40 50.

WM. C. LITTLE & CO.,

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213 N. Third St., St. Louis.

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U. S. Bonds, County Bonds, Railroad Bonds, State Bonds, Municipal Bonds, Township Bonds,

And securities of every description.

Public sales made on 'Change.

Special attention given to securities dealt in at the New York Stock Exchange.

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U. S. BONDS.

	When due	Interest payable	Bid	Ask
6's currency	1831	Jan. & July	101½	102
6's 5 of 1881	1881	M. A. N. & F.	101¾	102¼
4½ per cent. bonds	1891	J. & J. D. & M.	112½	113
4 per cent bonds	1907	J. A. J. & O.	116¾	117¼

ST. LOUIS, CITY AND COUNTY BONDS.

City 6's, gold	1893 '94	Various	108	...
City 6's, gold	1898	May & Nov	115	...
City 6's, city	1886-'87	Various	107½	...
City water 6's	1887	June & Dec.	107	...
City water 6's	1890	June & Dec.	110	...
City water 3's	1899	Apr. & Oct.	112	...
City 6's, gold	1900	Jan. & July	106	...
County 6's, gold	1886-'90	Jan. & July	104	...
County Park	1906	Jan. & July	117	120
County 7's c'y	1886	Jan. & July	107	109

*Asked.

STATE BONDS.

Mo. 6's	1892	Jan. & July	103	...
Mo. 6's	1886-'87	Jan. & July	109¾	...
Mo. 6's	1888-'89	Jan. & July	109	111
Mo. 6's	1894	Jan. & July	113	115
Mo. 5-20's of 1875 and '76	1895-'96	Jan. & July	*102½	...
Mo. 5-20's of 1877	1897	Jan. & July	102½	104

*And interest.

RAILWAY BONDS.

Mo. Pac. 1st m 6s	1888	Feb. & Aug.	107	108½
Mo. Pac. 2d m 7s	1891	Jan. & July	113	115
N. Mo. 1st m 7s	1896	Jan. & July	122½	124
S. F. 1st m 6s	1895	Feb. & Aug.	110	112
S. P. 1st m 6s	1896	June & Dec.	112½	114
K. P. D. Ex. 7s	1899	May & N—	109	111
K. P. Consols	1919	May & Nov.	105	106
St L. & I. M. 1st 7s	1892	Feb. & Aug.	115	118

LAND WARRANTS.

	Buying.	Selling.
Land warrants, 160 acres	$187	....
Land warrants, 120 acres	137	....
Land warrants, 80 acres	92	....
Land warrants, 40 acres	45	....
Clearings to-day	$ 3,514,9'0	
Balances to-day	672,042	

Quotations of Money, Silver, Bonds, Stocks and Other Securities, etc.

NEW YORK, November 25.—Money 5@5. Prime mercantile 6@7. Bar silver 112⅞. Exchange steady at 4.79½ long, 83½ sight. Governments ⅛ higher for 4⅛s and 4s. States dull. Railroads in light demand. Stock market opened irregular, but soon became strong and advanced ⅛ to 3½, latter Louisville and Nashville, which sold up to 96¾, but later reacted to 93¾. Shares prominent in upward movement were Indianapolis, Bloomington and Western, Denver and Rio Grande, Lake Shore, Michigan Central and Texas Pacific. Extended 6s 101½; 5s 102; 4½s coupons 113½; 4s 116⅞; Pacific 6s '95 130.

Rock Island	144	Mar. & Chi. first prfd.	17
Panama	135	second prfd.	9
Fort Wayne	135	St. L. C. R. & N.	79
Pittsburg	135½	A. & T. H.	50
Illinois Central	120⅞	prfd.	92
C., B. & Q.	138¼	W., St. L. & Pacific	45
Chicago & Alton	130	prfd.	84½
prfd.	139	Hannibal & St. Joseph	94
N. Y. Central	137⅞	prfd.	109
Harlem	215	St. L. & San Fran.	42½
Lake Shore	120⅞	prfd.	64½
Canada Southern	61⅞	first prfd.	105
Michigan Central	91⅝	C., St. L. & N. C.	84½
Erie	43⅝	Kansas & Texas	39⅜
prfd.	92⅜	Union Pacific	118⅞
Northwestern	127	Central Pacific	83⅝
prfd.	137⅜	Texas Pacific	52⅝
St. Paul	106⅞	Northern Pacific	39½
prfd.	121	prfd.	80⅝
Del. & Lack.	125⅞	Louisville & Nash.	84¾
Morris & Essex	124	Nashville & Chat.	83
Del. & Hudson E. Div.	109	L. & N. A.	70
N. J. Central	93⅛	Houston & Texas	190
Reading	65¼	Denver & R. Grande	79⅞
Ohio	40¼	St. Paul & Omaha	34⅝
prfd.	107	prfd.	101
Delaware & Ohio	128	Buffalo, Pittsburg & W	46
first prfd.	130	Memphis & C.	64½
second prfd.	28½	Western Union	85
Adobie & Ohio	39½	Pacific Mail	44¼
Cleve'd & Col.	30⅝	Adams	134
C., C. & I. C.	19½	Wells, Fargo & Co.	134
Ohio Central	25⅛	American	95
Erie & Western	42	United States	77
Peoria, D. & E.	38⅜	Quicksilver	13½
Ont. & Western	30¾	prfd.	60
Ind., B. & W.	30⅝		

*Bid. †Offered. ‡Ex div.

R. R. MAGNUS,

BROKER IN

COTTON

GRAIN AND PROVISIONS,

223 Chestnut St. • • • St. Louis.

CORRESPONDENTS—Sawyer, Wallace & Co., Calender & Henderson, New York; J. B. Hobbs & Co., Chicago; S. H. Buck & Co., New Orleans; Molyneux, Taylor & Co., Liverpool.

EWING HILL & CO

(Members New York Cotton Exchange),

BROKERS IN

COTTON

Grain and Provisions.

N. W. COR. MAIN AND CHESTNUT

Contracts for "Future Delivery" executed promptly in all leading markets.

COMMERCE.

Withdrawals of Grain at St. Louis,

FROM THE ELEVATORS FOR THE 24 HOURS ENDING AT 7 A. M. WEDNESDAY.

	Cars.	C. & R. R.	River.	Total.
Wheat	12,233	10,007	.....	22,240
Corn	11,519	9,722	.....	21,312
Oats	11,085	2,551	.....	13,636
Rye	450	1,393	.....	1,843
Barley	1,000	.....	.....	1,000

Visible Supply of Grain.

	Nov. 19, 1881.	Nov. 12, 1881.	Nov. 20, 1880.
Wheat, bu	19,614,386	21,057,857	24,190,678
Corn, bu	22,407,457	24,377,782	17,935,815
Oats, bu	3,271,741	3,459,795	4,495,041
Rye, bu	1,256,246	1,342,503	853,147
Barley, bu	2,914,349	2,931,000	3,621,088

Stock of Grain in St. Louis Elevators at the Opening of Business To-Day.

	Wheat	Corn.	Oats.	Rye.	Barley
Total	1 99,206	1,257,686	2 4,92)	164,976	54,552
Total Wednesday	103,2 7 2	1,264,451	225,198	102,653	55,582
Nov. 26 1881	1,950,814	587,8 7	170,604	61,1 9	49,923

Grain Inspections.

Wheat—1 car rejected spring, 2 cars No. 2 Mediterranean; 5 cars No 2 red winter, 2 cars No. 3 red winter, 3 cars No. 4 winter, 1 car rejected winter. Total, 12 cars.

Corn—3 cars No. 2 white-mixed, 4 cars rejected white-mixed, 7 cars No. 2 mixed, 11 cars rejected, 1 car no grade. Total, 26 cars.

Oats—1 car No. 2. Total, 1 car.

Barley—None.

Rye—1 car No. 2. Total, 1 car.

Total, 40 cars.

The Markets.

FORENOON SESSION.

Flour—Receipts 6,815 brls. Quiet and unchanged, but a somewhat better feeling manifest. We quote nominally: Fancy $6 50@6 75; choice $5 95@6 10; family $5 70@5 90; XXX $5 45@5 55; XX $5@5 20; X $4 60@4 75; superfine $4 40@4 45; fine $4 15@4 30; favorite brands 25@50c higher; patents $7@8 25.

Wheat—Receipts 3,427 sks, 13,950 bu. Better. Futures unsettled and trading quiet. Grades in milling and shipping inquiry, with the small offerings held stiffly. No. 2 red sold at $1 31½@1 31⅝ cash, but worth $1 32 late; Nov. at $1 31½; Dec. at $1 31¼@1 33; year at $1 30⅜; Jan. at $1 34@1 35¼, late $1 35⅛ bid; Feb. at $1 46¾@1 48⅛; May at $1 41. No. 3 red at $1 24¼@1 24½, closing at $1 24⅝ bid for regular, $1 24½ for St. L., $1 24⅞ for C. No. 4 at $1 11 E. side, $1 14@1 14½ this side; rejected held at 98, bid 90. No. 2 Mediterranean salable at $1 33¾ in C. and E. side; No. 3 do at $1 25¼ E. side, $1 25⅛ this side; No. 3 spring at $1 03; No. 2 do offered at $1 19.

Corn—Receipts 594 sks, 31,500 bu. Higher. Futures firm but quiet. Grades in order and shipping demand, with a speculative inquiry, also. No. 2 mixed sold at 62⅜@63 cash; 62¾@63 December; 62¾@63¾ January, closing at 63¼ bid; February at 63 to 63¾@63¼, closing at 63½ bid; March at 65; May at 65⅞ to 67; bids of 66¾ November and year; No. 2 white mixed sold at 68 cash; 72 May; rejected do at 64 in U., 64¼@65 in E., but later 66 bid for E., 68 for St. L.; new do salable at 67 in St. L.; rejected sold at 58½@59 in U., 61 bid for V., 61½ for E., 61 this side; no grade salable at 49 regular, 52 in C., 57 in St. L.

Oats—Receipts 1,280 sks, 8,000 bu. Higher. Grades in demand, but scarce, and held stiffly at an advance. No. 2 sold for cash at 45¼ regular, but St. L. could have been placed at 46; November at 45¼; January at 46½; bids of 45⅜ for December, 45 for year, 46⅛ for February, 49½ for May. Rejected sold in St. L. at 41@45½; do No. 2 white 48 bid.

Rye—Receipts 380 sks, 1,000 bu. Grade No. 2 was salable at 97 this side, 97¼ in E., and rejected at 92½ regular, but both scarce and held off the market.

Barley—Receipts 89 sks, 17,000 bu. Firm and demand better, with a large trade in consequence. We quote as follows: Rejected 75@80; medium 85@90; prime 95@$1; choice $1 05@1 10; fancy $1 13½@1 15; Canada $1 15@1 25; California $1 25@1 30.

Hay—Receipts 618 tons. Choice in demand and firm, though prairie was not sought for as it has been; low grades continue dull. Sales this side—prime to choice prairie $14 50@15; mixed $15 50@16; choice timothy $20@20 50; fancy $22 50; East track—prime to choice timothy $16@18.

Provisions—Showed an improvement in tone and demand, but market still quiet. Standard mess pork sold at $17 05 January; February offered at $17 25, bid $17 17½, and $17 25 bid for March; cash nominal. Prime steam lard worth about 11 cash and sold at 11.15 January; for February 11¼ bid. Loose dry salt shoulders quotable at 6.20@30, long clear at 8.65@¾, clear ribs at 8.70@80, short clear at 9.05@9.05. According to dag, boxed clear ribs sold at 8¾@9, and short clear at 9.10@¼, while shoulders were worth 6¼@⅝. Packed bacon clear ribs brought 10½, short clear 10½; shoulders quotable at 8½. S. C. hams 12@14 summer make. Tallow 7@7¼, according to quality. Breakfast bacon 13@14c. Grease 4¾@5¾ for brown, 5¾@6c for yellow, 6@7½c for white. Beef—Extra mess $13 00 per brl; family $7 25 per half brl; dried 11@15c per pound. Fresh smoked tongues $4 50@5 00 per doz. Salt—Domestic $1 50 per brl. Ground alum —— per sack.

Highwines—Steady. Sales 236 brls at $1 16. Cincinnati $1 15; Chicago $1 15; Peoria $1 14.

Lead—Soft Missouri dull at $4 80 and hard at $4 70.

Closing Prices—3:15 P. M.

ST. LOUIS.

Wheat—Nov. $1 32¾; Dec. $1 33¼; Jan. $1 36½; year $1 32½; Feb. $1 38¾; May $1 41 bid. Corn—Nov. and year 62¾ bid; Dec. 63½; Jan. 63½; Feb. 63⅞; March 65½ bid, May 67. No. 2 white-mixed May 72½. Oats—Nov. 45 bid; Dec. 46¼; year 45½ bid; Jan. 46¼ bid; May 49½.

CHICAGO.

Wheat—Nov. $1 25¼ bid; Dec. $1 25¾@¾; Jan. $1 26⅝@¾; Feb. $1 27⅝. Corn—Dec. 58¾; Jan. 59½; May 64¾. Oats—Nov. 46½; Dec. 45¼; Jan. 43⅞; Feb. 43⅝; May 45¾@46. Pork—Dec. $16 10; Jan. $17 17½; Feb. $17 40@42½. Lard—Nov. new 10.17½; Dec. 11 bid; Jan. 11.27½; Feb. 11.47½; March 11.60; April 11.72½; May 11.85 bid. Short ribs—Dec. 8 60 bid; Jan 8¾ bid; Feb. 9@9.02½; March 9.05 bid.

NEW YORK.

Wheat—November $1 29½; December $1 40¼@$1 40¾; January $1 43¾; February $1 45¾@¾. Corn—November 67; December 6[illegible]@¾; January 69¾; February 70¾; May 72½ bid.

MILWAUKEE.

Wheat—December $1 28¾; January $1 26.

Cotton.

Spots steady at 11¼c and in demand, with sales of 3,029 bales. New York firm at 11 15-16c. Liverpool dull for spots, but arrivals better. New Orleans quiet at 11¾c. Galveston quiet and steady at 11¾c.

NEW YORK.

Futures closed strong. Nov. 11.96; Dec. 11.97; Jan. 12.18; Feb. 12.39; March 12.58; April 12.74; May 12.86; June 12.96; July 13.06; Aug. 13.13; Sept. 13.45. Sales 200,000 bales.

LIVERPOOL.

Uplands 6½d; Orleans 6¾d; sales 8,000 bales. Futures closed ——; November and December and January 6½; January and February 6 17-32; February and March 6 9-16d; March and April 6 19 32; April and May 6¾d; May and June 6 11-16d; June and July 6 23 32d; July and August ——.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

BUTTER—We quote: Creamery Choice 36@37; fancy 38@39; seconds at best dairy rates; Dairy—Choice 32@33; fancy 34@35; medium to prime 25@29; fair 19@23; low grade 12@16.

CHEESE—We quote full cream 12@15; part skim 10@11½; hard skim 3@7.

EGGS—Firm at 30c for choice marks; 25@26 for unknown and doubtful brands.

POULTRY—Quote: dressed per doz., turkeys 6@8c per lb; chickens $1@2; ducks $2 00@3 00, and geese $2 50@3 per doz.

GAME—Selected stock only: Woodcock $5; pheasant $6; duck mixed $1 00; teal $1 25; mallard $2 00; grouse $4 50, top for undrawn; plover 50@75; squirrel 75@90; venison 5@6½ per lb for carcasses; saddles 9@11 outside wrapped in skin; wild turkeys 7@8c per lb snipe $1@1 25 rabbits $1 25; quail $1 75; brandt and wild geese 25@50 each; jack rabbits $3 50@4 per doz.

POTATOES—We quote choice: Northern 95c@$1 05 for mixed; $1 10@1 15 for rose and peerless; $1 15@1 20 for peachblow per bu; Eastern rose $1 10@1 15; burbanks $1 17½@1 20; peerless $1 12½@1 15; Canada rose $1@1 05 per bu.

SWEET POTATOES—Yellow Nansemond $4, and red do and Bermuda $3 50 per brl.

ONIONS—Choice Iowa 2@2 25 per brl; Eastern yellow at $1 15@1 25 per bu.

CABBAGE—Choice on orders $3 50@4 25 per crate; Northern loose $12@13 per 100.

CARROTS—On orders at $2 per brl.

CELERY—25@50 per dozen, top for fancy large.

HORSERADISH—Sells from first hands at $5 50@6 per brl.

BEETS AND PARSNIPS—On orders at $3 per brl.

TURNIPS—On orders $1 75 per brl; 30@40 for loose per bu.

RUTABAGAS—Loose 20@30c per bu; $1 75 per brl on orders.

GREEN DRIED PEAS—Selling at $1 75@1 80, brl unevenly much lower.

WHITE BEANS—Quotable from store, Eastern Navy $3 50; California do $3 40; Eastern medium $3 35@3 45 per bu.

APPLES—Pippin $2@3 50; Romanits $2@2 50; Michigan mixed $2 50@3 50; Baldwin $2 50@3 00; willow twig $3@3 50; winesap $3 25@3 75; geneting $2 00@3 00; Ben Davis and bellefl ower $1@4 50 per brl. Above quotations for choice only; small, scrubby and inferior much lower.

TROPICAL FRUITS — Sales, repacked: Oranges $1@2 per brl; lemons $3 50@5 50 per box; Malaga grapes $8@10 per brl. bananas on orders $2@3 per bunch; cocoanuts $5@6 per 1,000.

QUINCES—Choice $5 per brl.

CALIFORNIA FRUIT—On orders—Pears $3 75@4 50; grapes $6 50@7; quinces $2 75@3.

GRASS SEED—Timothy at $2 50@2 55 white millet 95c@$1 05; German do $1 30@1 40. Hungarian 65@75; red top 50@65; clover $5 10.

CRANBERRIES—Western $5 50@7; Eastern $7 50@10 per brl.

DRIED FRUIT—We quote: Peaches, 5¼@6c for mixed; 6½@6½ for choice to fancy halves; apples 5¾@6 for dark; 6¼@6½ for fair to choice.

HEMP SEED—Worth $1 75 for prime native.

FLAXSEED—Salable at $1 41@1 45 (latter east side) on basis of pure.

CASTOR BEANS—Salable at $1 70 for prime.

VEALS—6@6½c per lb for choice small milkfed; 2@4 for heretics.

SAUER KRAUT—On orders city $10 50 per brl, halves $5 25; country nominal.

HONEY—Extracted 11¾@12¼ in cans 9 in brls and bbls; comb 18@20.

EMPTY BARRELS—Linseed 90; coal oil $1 15; whisky 95@$1 05.

SCRAP IRON, ETC.—We quote per 100 lbs Wrought $1 10, heavy cast 80; stove 60c; plows 80; burnt 20. Brass—Heavy $14; light $8. Copper—Light $12@13; heavy $15. Bones—$16@17; Dry Buffalo $20.

RAGS—Country mixed 2@2.15; grass rope 2½.

HOPS—New crop 31@32.

BROOMCORN—Sells at 4½@6¼.

POP CORN—2½@3c, top rate for choice white

HAZELNUTS—Nominal at 2@2½ per lb.

WALNUTS—Worth 45@50 per bu.

HICKORYNUTS—50 for large, 75 for small.

PEANUTS—Red 4@4½; white 5@5½.

PECANS—Western 8@9; Texas 9½@10¼.

CHESTNUTS—10@14c per lb.

WOOL—We quote: Tubwashed—Fancy 39½; Choice 38½; dingy and low 35@37½; unwashed choice medium 24@25; fair medium 22@23; coarse and low grade 18@21; light fine 22@24; heavy do 16@20; burry, black and clotted 5@10 less: Southern burry 10@12.

FURS—Quotations nominal: Raccoon—No. 1 55, No. 2 40, No 3 20, No. 4 10 Skunk—Black 60, short stripe 40, narrow stripe 25, white stripe 10. Mink—No. 1 40, No. 2 30, No. 3 20, No. 4 10. Fox—Grey 60, red 75. Cat—Pole 5@10, wild 15@20, house 5@10. Otter 50c to $6. Bear $2 to $7. Beaver 50c to $1 75. Badger 20@25. Opossum 5@10. Fall muskrat 5@7.

HIDES—Quote: Green salted 9½; damaged 7½; uncured 5½; damaged do 6½; bulls and stags 6½; damaged 5½; green salted calf 13; damaged do 10½; No. 1 dry salted 13½@13; damaged do 10½; No. 1 dry flint 16½@17; No. 2 do 13½@14; glue stock, dry 5, green 3.

FEATHERS—Prime live geese 45@46, outside for small sks; unripe quilly 38@41; mixed 15@30. Tare 3 per cent on large, 10 on small sks.

SHEEP PELTS—We quote: green shearings 10@40; pelts 60@80c according to amount of wool on them.

TALLOW—We quote: Ginseng $1 60@1 90; Seneca 35@40; blue flag 4½@5; blood roots 2@3½; golden seal 6@7; snake 10@12; black 8@9; May apple 3; pink 12@15; Crawley 25; lady slippers 8@10; bitter sweet bark 6.

BEESWAX—Prime at 19@20c.

DEERSKINS—We quote: No 1, 43@45; damp, meaty, etc., 30@35; green 18@20; green salted 12½@15.

MOSS—We quote: Gray-mixed 2¼@3½; gray and brown mixed 2¾@3¾; brown and black 4@5; all black 4@5; machine-picked, on orders: XXXX—black 8¾ to 9; XXX—black mixed 7¾ to 8; XX brown mixed 6¾@7; X—gray and [illegible] mixed dots shaded ½ to 1c per lb.

COOPERAGE—Flour brls, city elm, 40@42; country 35; city oak 44; country do 36. Pork brls $1 10@1 12 del; lard tierces $1 35@1 40 del, lard kegs 40@50; bacon casks $1 75; half-casks 88@$1; ham tierces, small 60; large 70. Whisky nails, iron-bound, 6 hoop, $140@1 60, 8 hoop $1 6[illegible]@1 80; half brls $1 25.

COOPERSTUFF—Shave hoops, country flour brl, $5 50; choice cooper shaved $7 25@7 50; pork brl $11@12; lard tierce do $12@14; casks $20@25; half cask $13@15. Staves (car lots E. side), machine flour brl, oak $3@3 50; elm $2 25@2 75. Heading (car lots East side), soft wood 5½@¾; hard do 6@¾. Whisky brl (with heading) green $15; dry half $22, casks $10 p6@19; hhds $24@28; dry half hhds $15@18; green tierce $14; dry $16; dry beer keg $24@28, green $18@20.

OILS, LEADS, ETC.

Oils.			
Linseed, raw	63	Coal oil, 110°	11¾
" boiled W. S	66	" 150°	12
Lard oil	95 @$1	" 175°	15¾
Castor oil	1 15	Sperm	$1 80
Neat's foot	65 @70	Whale oil	65@75
Benzine	15 @20	Turpentine	60

Leads.	
Strictly pure white, less than 500 lbs	7¾
Strictly pure white, over 500 lbs	7¾
Red lead and litharge, less than 500 lbs	7¾
Red lead and litharge, over 500 lbs	7¼

MISCELLANEOUS.

BALINGSTUFF—We quote in job and order lots: Jute bagging at 8¾ for 1¾ lbs, 9 for 1¾ lbs, 9¼ for 1¾ lbs, 9¾ for 1¾ lbs, 10 for 2 lbs. Hemp twine 14¼@15. Iron cotton ties $1 25@1 80 per bundle.

HEMP—We quote common to good undressed $90@100; prime undressed hemp $105@120; dressed hemp, $160@190; shorts $125@150; hackled tow $50@60 per ton.

RYE FLOUR—$6 00@6 25 del: in small lots on orders 25@30c higher.

BUCKWHEAT FLOUR—Choice Eastern jobbing $3 50; Western at $3 per brl.

CORNMEAL—Sells on orders at $3 25@3 30 del; grits, hominy and pearl meal $5 25.

TOBACCO—We quote: Old style—Inferior and common dark lugs $5 00@5 50; fair to good do $5 75@6 25 common to good bright smoking lugs $6 00@8 00; inferior nondescript leaf $5 75@7 00; common dark leaf $6 50@7 50; medium do do $7 75@8 50; medium red leaf $8 75@9 00; good to fine $9 50@13. Burley—Common to fair lugs $5 50@7 00; good $7 50@8 00; common leaf, $9@12; medium do $13 00@16 00; good to fine do $18@30. Wrapping leaf—common half bright $10@12; medium do $15@18; medium bright $20@25; bright $30@40; fine bright $50@70. Inferior, unsound and light weight hhds, sell at about 25@50c per 100 lbs less.

LIVE STOCK.

The following indicates the movement for 48 hours ending 11 a. m. to-day:

	Receipts.		Shipments	
	1881.	1880.	1881.	1880
Cattle	3,550	1,742	424	664
Hogs	1,674	29,444	1,806	3 006
Sheep	4 685	821	347	300

CATTLE—Dull all round. The demand was small and came mostly from local speculators and butchers, who wanted only decent native and Southwest steers of 800 to 1,100 lbs. The attendance of buyers was small, and none of them manifested any urgency to operate. Total offerings scant and altogether of trash, with a light sprinkling, so to speak, of medium Indian cattle. Prices were weak and bordered more on the irregular. Shipping steers none offered and but few wanted. Reports from the East slow and low; consequently this exerted considerable influence over buyers in our market. Stock and feeding steers slow and unchanged. Scalawag stuff dull. Milch cows with calves scarce and wanted. Yesterday was Thanksgiving day and but little was done. Some buyers put in an appearance during the forenoon but did not do much. Offerings light and mainly of butcher cattle, which found sale at low prices. Outside of this there is nothing new to note. Ruling quotations weak.

RULING QUOTATIONS.

Exporters	$6 15@6 50
Heavy shipping steers	5 75@6 00
Fair to good steers	5 25@5 65
Medium to choice butcher steers	4 75@5 00
Fair to good Colorado steers	4 25@5 50
Good to prime native feeding steers, av. 1,000 to 1,100 lbs	3 25@3 60
Fair native stock steers, av. 800 to 950	2 25@2 75
Good to prime native cows and heifers	2 25@2 75
Common to fair native cows	2 25@2 75
Scalawags	1 60@2 25
Fair to good corn-fed Texan steers	4 00@5 25
Grass Texans	2 25@4 25
Milch cows with calves	20 00@60 00

REPRESENTATIVE SALES.

No.	Description.	Av	Price.
23	native butcher	731	$3 80
18	Indian mixed	895	3 25
20	Indian mixed	790	3 00
10	Indian mixed	850	2 75
28	Indian mixed	763	2 50
21	Southwest butcher	825	2 75
10	Southwest butcher	940	3 00

HOGS—Packers and butchers made fair purchases and paid prices that were a shade higher—say 5@10c per 100 lbs on the above grades. supply fair but the quality not the best, consisting mainly of mixed hogs. Light shipping and Yorkers dull. Light shipping 130 to 160 lbs $5@5 30; Yorkers 170 to 190 lbs $5 60@5 65; common to good packing $5 90@6 15; butcher and heavy $6 20@6 45; culls and grassers $4 50@5 50. Yesterday, Thanksgiving Day, the market was fairly active, and the moderate supply was worked off without the least difficulty to packers at Wednesday's range, namely, $5 85@6 10 for common to good packing; butchers $6 15@6 40.

REPRESENTATIVE SALES.

No.	Av.	Price.	No.	Av.	Price.
13	229	$6 00	40	264	$6 30
54	230	6 00	23	248	6 00
71	240	5 95	58	168	5 55
17	198	5 90	56	276	6 25

VERY LATEST—2 P. M.

HOGS—Closed steady. Singers $5 30@5 65; common to good packing $5 90@6 25; butchers and choice heavy $6 30@6 40.

SHEEP—Supply moderate and mainly of medium quality, which was dull of disposal. Shipping and local demand small and mainly for good and fancy muttons. Lambs scarce. Values slow.

Common to medium $3 00@3 25; fair to good $3 50@4 00; good to prime $4 10@4 40; fancy $4 50@4 75; stock sheep $2 00@2 75; Texan sheep $2 50@4 00.

Horses and Mules.

There is but little to note in this particular department of the live stock market. Supply moderate and demand light and altogether for good stock.

HORSES.

Plugs	15@ 25
Common farm stock	30@ 50
Streeters	80@ 90
Streeters, extra	100@115
Heavy draft puggy	80@ 90
Heavy draft, good	125@150
Heavy draft extra	1 60@200
Drivers	100@175
Drivers extra	150@.75

MULES.

14 hands, 4 to 7 years old	$ 75@ 80
14½ hands, 4 to 7 years old	90@100
15 hands, 4 to 7 years old	110@115
15½ hands, extra	125@140
16 to 16¾ hands extra	160@200

14 to 14½ hand mules quick sale at above prices.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK, November 25.—Flour—Receipts 17,000 barrels; sales 9,000; dull, buyers favor. Wheat ⅛@1 lower, fair speculative trading; sales 1 0,000 bu No. 2 red December $1 40@¼; 360,000 bu January $1 43@⅜; 280,000 bu February 1 45¼@¾. Corn open 1@1½@¾ lower, afterwards recovered and advanced ⅜; mixed Western spot 63@67½; futures 67⅜@73; sales 540,000 bu. Oats shade higher; Western 47@54; sales 80,000 bu, including No. 2 cash 48½; November 48½; December 48¾. Beef steady, trade moderate. Pork firm and quiet; spot new mess $17 50. Lard 5@7½ higher and firm; steam-rendered 11.32½. Butter firm and good demand for choice; Western 12@39. Cheese dull at 3@12¾. Sugar dull and nominal. Molasses dull and buyers' favor. Petroleum dull and heavy. Rice quiet and very firm. Coffee dull and unchanged. Freights steady. Spirits turpentine firm at 54@½. Rosin steady at $2 25@30. Tallow dull at 7¾. Western eggs very firm at 28.

BALTIMORE, November 25.—Flour fairly active; Western super $4 25@5; extra $5 25@6 25; family $6 60@7 25. Wheat—Western lower; No. 2 winter red spot and November $1 35¼@¾; December $1 35¾@¾; January $1 39¾@¾; February $1 43@¾. Corn—Western steady; mixed spot and November 65½@¾; December 66@½; January 68¼@¾; February 70¾. Oats firm and a shade better; Western white 50@53; mixed 47@50; Pennsylvania

LEGAL.

Trustees' Sales.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas Abram N. Milner, by his certain deed of trust dated the 10th day of August, 1874, and recorded in book 508, page 308, in the office of the Recorder of Deeds for the county, now city of St. Louis, Mo., conveyed to the undersigned, trustee, the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis, Mo., to-wit: Lots numbered four and five in block numbered six hundred and fifty-four of the subdivision of the Sarpy Arpent, United States survey 1482; said lots four and five front together on the west line of Broadway forty-six feet, more or less, and running westwardly with the same width to an alley in said block, twenty feet wide, bounded north by lot three, west by said alley, south by lot six, and east by Broadway, in trust to secure the payment of certain promissory notes in said deed of trust described; and whereas part of the two principal notes in said deed of trust described are now past due and remain unpaid. Now there on, at the request of the legal holder and owner of said notes, and under the provisions of said deed of trust, I, the undersigned trustee, will offer said property for sale, at public vendue, for cash, to the highest bidder, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, between the hours of ten o'clock in the forenoon and four o'clock in the afternoon of

FRIDAY, THE 2D DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881,

for the purposes of said trust.

M. B. O'REILLY, Trustee.

82V

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas Michael Reilly, by his certain deed of trust, dated November 10th, 1880, and recorded in book 647, on page 2, in the office of the Recorder of Deeds for the City of St. Louis, conveyed to the undersigned the following described lots or parcels of land, situated in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, to-wit: Lot commencing at a point on the west line of Seventeenth street ninety-seven feet and six inches south of the south line of Wash street; thence westwardly and parallel with Wash street fifty feet; thence southwardly and parallel with Seventeenth street nineteen feet; thence eastwardly fifty feet to the west line of Seventeenth street; thence northwardly along the west line of Seventeenth street nineteen feet to the place of beginning. Also, lot fifty feet; thence running south along the west line of Wash street sixty feet west of the west line of an alley running south and north of said block No. 260; thence running south along the west line of lot No. 1 fronting on Hole fifty feet; thence west fifteen feet and six inches; thence north along the east line of lot belonging to Barren; thence east along the south line o Wash street fifteen feet and six inches to the point of beginning. That said described property was so conveyed to the undersigned in trust, to secure the payment of a certain note described in said deed. Now, under the provisions of said deed of trust said note not having been paid at maturity, the undersigned will offer said property for sale, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, at the east front door of the Court-house, in said city, on

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 26TH, 1881,

between the hours of ten o'clock a. m. and four o'clock p. m. of said day, in the execution of said trust.

C. F. MOUNTON, Trustee.

St. Louis, November 14, 1881.

Brolaski & Voorhis, Auctioneers, 514 Pine. 99V

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas, by his deed of trust dated the 9th day of May, A. D. 1875, and recorded in book 317, page 443, of the office of the Recorder of Deeds for the city of St. Louis, Missouri, Charles W. Francis, trustee of George W. Francis, Arthur W. Francis, Julia Francis, Alice Francis, Charles Francis and Alfred Francis, conveyed to the undersigned trustee the following described real estate, situate in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, to-wit:

1. A lot of ground in block 161 of the city of St. Louis, having a front of twenty-five feet on the west line of Fifth street, and extending a depth of one hundred and twenty-seven feet to an alley, the north line of said lot being parallel with and twenty-five feet south of the south line of Cerre street, and being the south twenty-five feet of lot sixteen of the subdivision of Auguste Chouteau's estate.

2. A lot of ground in block 691 of said city, having a front of twenty-one feet on the eastern line of Seventh street, by a depth of one hundred and twenty-six feet, the southern line of said lot being parallel with and one hundred and seventeen and three-fourths feet north of the northern line of Park avenue.

Which conveyance was made in trust to secure the payment of eleven certain negotiable promissory notes in said deed of trust fully described; and whereas default has been made in the payment of said notes and the same remain due and unpaid, and default has also been made in the payment of taxes assessed against said premises; now, therefore, at the request of the legal holder of said notes, and in pursuance of the provisions of said deed of trust, I, the undersigned trustee, will, on

SATURDAY, THE 26TH DAY OF NOVEMBER, A. D. 1881,

between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of said day, proceed to sell the above described real estate, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the City of St. Louis, Missouri, at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, to satisfy said notes and taxes and the costs and expenses of this trust.

PRESTON PLAYER, Trustee.

St. Louis, November 5, 1881.

40V

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas, by their certain deed of trust executed and delivered June 5, 1878, Anton Weggmann and Thekla Weggmann, his wife, of the city of St. Louis, Mo., conveyed to Louis Mette, trustee, the following described premises, situate in said city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, to-wit: "Beginning at a stake at corner of alley and Geyer avenue, and one hundred and twenty-one feet (more or less) east of Rosalie street, in said city; thence running westwardly along said Geyer avenue 30 feet to a stake; thence northwardly on a line parallel to said alley 85 feet to a stake; thence eastwardly on a line parallel to first line 30 feet to an alley; thence running southwardly along the western line of said alley 85 feet to the place of beginning. Said lot having a front of 30 feet on Geyer avenue by 85 feet deep." (Which said deed is duly recorded in book 591, page 346, of records of deeds in said city of St. Louis.) And whereas default has been made in the conditions of said trust deed. Now, therefore, in pursuance of the terms and provisions of said deed and at the request of the legal owner and holder of the debt secured by said trust deed, the undersigned trustee will, on

THE 6TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881,

between the hours of 8 o'clock in the forenoon and four o'clock p. m. of said day, in the execution of said trust.

C. F. MOUNTON, Trustee.

St. Louis, November 14, 1881.

Brolaski & Voorhis, Auctioneers, 514 Pine. 99V

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas, by his deed of trust dated the 9th day of May, A. D. 1875, and recorded in book 317, page 443, of the office of the Recorder of Deeds for the city of St. Louis, Missouri, Charles W. Francis, trustee of George W. Francis, Arthur W. Francis, Julia Francis, Alice Francis, Charles Francis and Alfred Francis, conveyed to the undersigned trustee the following described real estate, situate in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, to-wit:

1. A lot of ground in block 161 of the city of St. Louis, having a front of twenty-five feet on the west line of Fifth street, and extending a depth of one hundred and twenty-seven feet to an alley, the north line of said lot being parallel with and twenty-five feet south of the south line of Cerre street, and being the south twenty-five feet of lot sixteen of the subdivision of Auguste Chouteau's estate.

2. A lot of ground in block 691 of said city, having a front of twenty-one feet on the eastern line of Seventh street, by a depth of one hundred and twenty-six feet, the southern line of said lot being parallel with and one hundred and seventeen and three-fourths feet north of the northern line of Park avenue.

Which conveyance was made in trust to secure the payment of eleven certain negotiable promissory notes in said deed of trust fully described; and whereas default has been made in the payment of said notes and the same remain due and unpaid, and default has also been made in the payment of taxes assessed against said premises; now, therefore, at the request of the legal holder of said notes, and in pursuance of the provisions of said deed of trust, I, the undersigned trustee, will, on

SATURDAY, THE 26TH DAY OF NOVEMBER, A. D. 1881,

between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of said day, proceed to sell the above described real estate, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the City of St. Louis, Missouri, at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, to satisfy said notes and taxes and the costs and expenses of this trust.

PRESTON PLAYER, Trustee.

St. Louis, November 5, 1881.

40V

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas, by their certain deed of trust executed and delivered June 5, 1878, Anton Weggmann and Thekla Weggmann, his wife, of the city of St. Louis, Mo., conveyed to Louis Mette, trustee, the following described premises, situate in said city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, to-wit: "Beginning at a stake at corner of alley and Geyer avenue, and one hundred and twenty-one feet (more or less) east of Rosalie street, in said city; thence running westwardly along said Geyer avenue 30 feet to a stake; thence northwardly on a line parallel to said alley 85 feet to a stake; thence eastwardly on a line parallel to first line 30 feet to an alley; thence running southwardly along the western line of said alley 85 feet to the place of beginning. Said lot having a front of 30 feet on Geyer avenue by 85 feet deep." (Which said deed is duly recorded in book 591, page 346, of records of deeds in said city of St. Louis.) And whereas default has been made in the conditions of said trust deed. Now, therefore, in pursuance of the terms and provisions of said deed and at the request of the legal owner and holder of the debt secured by said trust deed, the undersigned trustee will, on

THE 6TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881,

between the hours of 8 o'clock in the forenoon and four o'clock p. m. of said day, at the east front door of the Court-house in said city of St. Louis, proceed to sell, at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, the above described real estate, to satisfy the provisions of said trust, dated this 10th day of November, 1881.

LOUIS METTE, Trustee.

89V

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas by their deed bearing date the 22d day of September, 1870, recorded in the office of the Recorder of Deeds for the city (then county) of St. Louis, in book 506, at page 147, John Burton and Sibane, his wife, conveyed to John H. Alexander the following described real estate, situated in the then county of St. Louis, now St. Louis county and State of Missouri, to-wit: Lots four and nine (4 & 9) in "Laclede," a subdivision of the south part of survey 2339, township No. 45 north, range 6 east, made by R. M. Renick, guardian of Julia Lucas, lots containing together six acres and thirteen one-hundredths of an acre (6 13-100 acres) more or less and being the same property acquired by said Burton of Edward J. Gay and wife by deed of even date therewith; which said conveyance was made and Alexander in trust to secure the payment of certain promissory notes therein described; and whereas default has been made in the payment of some of said notes, all of which are past due and part of which remain unpaid; and whereas it is provided in said deed of trust that in case of the absence, death, refusal to act, or disability in any wise of the said John H. Alexander, and in case of default in the payment of any of said notes, the then acting Sheriff of St. Louis county, Missouri, at the request of the legal holder of said notes, might proceed to sell said property, and fully to execute said trust as in said deed provided; and whereas the said John H. Alexander has removed and is now absent from the State of Missouri, and whereas the now acting Sheriff of St. Louis county, Missouri, and the now acting Sheriff of the city of St. Louis, Missouri, have refused to execute said deed of trust; and whereas the Circuit Court of St. Louis county, Missouri, upon the application of the holder of said notes in that behalf did, by its order entered the 21st day of November, 1881, appoint the undersigned, William S. Bodley, of St. Louis county, trustee, to execute said deed of trust in place of said original trustees. Now, therefore, by virtue of the provisions of said order and of said deed of trust, and in pursuance of the powers in me vested by the same and at the request of the legal holder of said notes, I, the undersigned, William S. Bodley, as trustee, will, on

THURSDAY, THE 15TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881,

between the hours of 10 in the forenoon and three in the afternoon, proceed to sell the property hereinabove described at public vendue, to the highest bidder at the Court-house door in the city of St. Louis, Mo., for cash, for the purposes of said trust.

WILLIAM S. BODLEY, Trustee.

St. Louis, November 23, 1881. 22Z

TRUSTEE'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE—Whereas Peter H. Bird and Hannah Bird, his wife, by their certain deed of trust, dated the 14th day of May, 1877, and recorded in the office of the Recorder of Deeds for the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri in book 575, page 144, conveyed to the undersigned trustee the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, to-wit: Being lot number four (4) of block number seventeen (17) in survey number three (3) of the former city of Carondelet, now city block No. 3118 of the city of St. Louis, said lot No. 4, containing a front of twenty-five feet on the east side of Water street and running eastwardly of equal width parallel with Schirmer street, one hundred and forty feet in depth to an alley and being bounded north by lot No. 3 of the same block, east by said alley, south by lot No. 5 of the same block, and west by Water street; said conveyance was made to secure the payment of certain notes fully described in said deed of trust; and whereas default has been made in the payment of the principal note described in said deed of trust; now therefore, in pursuance of the terms of said deed of trust and at the request of the legal holder of said note the undersigned trustee will offer the above described property for sale, at public vendue, to the highest bidder, at the east front door of the Court house in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, for cash, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 3 o'clock p. m. of

MONDAY, THE 28TH DAY OF NOVEMBER, A. D. 1881,

for the purposes of satisfying said debt and expenses of said trust.

MICHAEL HAMMEL, Trustee.

11V

LEGAL.

Trustees' Sales.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas default having been made in the payment of a note and interest thereon secured by deed of trust of John Adam Siebel and Louise, his wife, dated the 19th day of September, 1873, and recorded in the office of the Recorder of Deeds for the county, now city of St. Louis, Missouri, in book 485, page 256, and in pursuance of the power thereby vested in me, and at the request of the legal holder of said note, I will, on

SATURDAY, THE 10TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock a. m. and five o'clock p. m. of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, sell at public vendue, to the highest and best bidder, for cash, the following real estate, to-wit: Lot numbered two (2) in block numbered three (3) of South Stoddard Addition, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, according to an amended plat thereof on record in the office of the Recorder for St. Louis, having a front in the south line of Manchester Road of twenty-four feet and four and one-half inches (24' 4½") by a depth of one hundred and twenty (120) feet to an alley twenty (20) feet wide, together with the buildings and improvements thereon erected, to satisfy said deed of trust.

GEORGE BORN, Trustee.

St. Louis, November 16, 1881. 77W

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—By virtue of the provisions of a deed of trust from Eliza L. Wash, widow, who has now been dead more than nine months, dated the twenty-fifth day of May, eighteen hundred and seventy-seven, and recorded in the office of the Recorder of Deeds of the city of St. Louis, Missouri, in book 573, page 162, default having been made in the payment of the principal notes secured by said deed of trust, at the request of the legal holder of said notes, I, the undersigned trustee, will, on

WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 7, A. D. 1881,

between the hours of ten o'clock a. m. and four o'clock p. m. of that day, sell at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, the following described real estate, lying in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, to-wit: Lots numbered from (2) two to (9) nine, both inclusive, and from (22) twenty-two to (33) thirty-three both inclusive, of block (17) seventeen of the subdivision of the Washington estate, as said lots and blocks appear by a plat recorded in book 517, page 349, of the records in the said Recorder's Office.

ARTHUR LEE, Trustee.

St. Louis, November 16, 1881. 92V

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas by deed dated 6th November, 1875, recorded in book 534 page 154, of present St. Louis city records, Missouri, John F. Law and Lizzie P. his wife, conveyed to the undersigned trustees the following tracts in the then county of St. Louis now city of St. Louis, Missouri, to-wit: Lot 21 and 22 in block 8, of a subdivision known as "Aubert Place," a plat of which is of record in the Recorder's office of the present city of St. Louis, said lots, each having a front of 60 feet on "Fountain Park," and the whole bounded on the north by lot 6, on the east by lot 23, on the south by "Fountain Park," on the west by lot 20 of said block, having an aggregate front of 120 feet, which conveyance was in trust to secure the payment of a certain note in said deed described; and whereas said note is long past due and wholly unpaid; now, at the request of the legal holder of the same, and in accordance with the provisions of said deed, the undersigned will, on

WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 7, 1881,

proceed to sell the lots above described, at public vendue, to the highest bidder, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the said city of St. Louis, Missouri, for cash, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 3 o'clock p. m. of that day, for the payment of said note and expenses of this trust.

GEORGE W CLINE, WM. C. JAMISON, Trustees.

98V

Special Commissioner's Sale.

SPECIAL COMMISSIONER'S SALE.—Frank H. Bircher, Jane Hardesty and Richard Hardesty, her husband, John Stephens, Harrison Stephens, Ann Green and Hiram Green, her husband, plaintiffs, vs. Samuel Tunstall, Mary McClune and — McClune, her husband, James Kern, Amanda Hoskins and Rufus Randall, defendants. No. 56,613. In partition. In the Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis.

By virtue and authority of a decree of said Court, and order of sale issued from the Clerk's office of the said Circuit Court in the above entitled cause dated November the 18th, 1881, I will, on

TUESDAY, THE THIRTEENTH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash to the highest bidder, the following described real estate, situate in the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, to-wit: Lots numbered three, four and five of lock numbered twenty of Tony's addition to the city of St. Louis, fronting seventy-five feet on Caroline street in said city.

EDWARD P. JOHNSON, Special Commissioner.

30Z

COMMISSIONER'S SALE IN PARTITION—Maria E. Rolf, Johanna L. Schweer and Henry Schweer, her husband, plaintiffs, vs. Maria E. Apenbrink and Frederick Apenbrink, her husband, John H. Rolf, Emma Rolf and Sophia Rolf, defendants.—In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, Missouri.—Partition.—By virtue and authority of a decree of said court in the above entitled cause heretofore made, I, C. M. Whitney, appointed special commissioner in said cause, will, as such commissioner, on

TUESDAY, THE 29TH DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, during the session of said court, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, the following described real estate situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, to wit:

1. Beginning at a point where the north line of Monroe street is intersected by Sixteenth street and thence running eastwardly and along the northern line of Monroe street fifty feet, thence northwardly and parallel with Sixteenth street one hundred and twelve feet and six inches to an alley, thence running westwardly, and along the southern line of said alley fifty feet, thence southwardly and along the eastern line of Sixteenth street one hundred and twelve feet and six inches to the place of beginning, being the same lot of ground which is the said Casper Henry Rolf acquired of Wm. Burden and wife by deed dated July 8 1876, and recorded in the Recorder's office of the city of St. Louis, in book 549, page 312.

2. Also a certain other piece of ground situated in said city and State, beginning at a point distant one hundred and twenty-five feet west from the northeast corner of block five of Martha Ann Willis' subdivision of part of Thomas Wright's addition to the city of St. Louis, Missouri, running thence westwardly along the southern line of North Market street twenty-five feet, thence southwardly and parallel with Fifteenth street one hundred and twelve feet more or less to an alley, thence eastwardly and along the northern line of said alley twenty-five feet, and thence northwardly and parallel with Fifteenth street one hundred and twelve feet more or less to the place of beginning, bounded north by North Market street, east by lot number five, south by said alley, and west by lot number seven of said block, being the same which Casper Henry Rolf acquired of Frederick William Moller by deed dated December 22, 1866, and recorded in the Recorder's office of the city of St. Louis, in book 299, page 143.

Upon the following terms, to-wit: One-third of the purchase money to be paid in cash; the balance in one and two years, secured by deed of trust upon the real estate sold, with interest at six per cent per annum.

C. M. WHITNEY, Special Commissioner.

J. C. MORRIS, Attorney for Plaintiff.

St. Louis, November 5, 1881. 25V

Administrators' Notices.

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

James Reilley & Co. (a firm),

that I, the undersigned surviving partner of said firm, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of December next.

DAVID A. SPELLEN, Surviving partner of James Reilley & Co.

St. Louis, November 4, 1881. 20V

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

Thomas J. Barnum, late of St. Louis,

deceased, that I, the undersigned, administratrix of said estate, intend to make final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, Missouri, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of December next.

AGNES BARNUM, Administratrix.

St. Louis, October 27, 1881. 61Y

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

Edward Dalton,

deceased, that I, the undersigned, administratrix of said estate, intend to make final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of December next.

MARY DALTON Administratrix of Edward Dalton, deceased.

St. Louis, November 5, 1881. 15V

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—All creditors and others interested in the estate of

William M. Plant,

(late of St. Louis Mo.), deceased, are notified that the undersigned, administrators of said estate, intend to make a final settlement of said estate at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, Mo., to be holden in said city on the first Monday of December, 1881.

FRANCES L. PLANT, WM. E PLANT, Administrators of Wm. M. Plant, deceased.

St. Louis, November 4, 1881. 16V

Assignees' Notices.

IN THE MATTER OF THE ASSIGNMENT OF Joseph Hackmann.—Notice is hereby given that I, the undersigned, assignee of Joseph Hackmann, will, on Thursday the 15th day of December, 1881, apply to the Circuit Court in the City of St. Louis, in Court Room No. 3, for a discharge from my trust as assignee as aforesaid.

CHARLES F. WALTHER, Assignee.

SMITH P. GALT, Attorney. 67T

IN THE MATTER OF THE ASSIGNMENT OF William Habermann.—Notice is hereby given to the creditors of William Habermann that on Monday, the 5th day of December, 1881, I will file my final accounts as assignee of Wm. Habermann in the Circuit Court, November term, and apply for a discharge from my trust.

ADOLPH LANGSDORF, Assignee.

LEGAL.

Sheriff's Sales.

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution I seed from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court, at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said Court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Thomas McNarama is defendant,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill, on which this action is founded, and described in said executions as follows, to wit:

Number 2. A lot of ground on Water street, in city block 3233, 25 feet in front or width, and 138 feet 8 inches in length or depth, being lot 52 in block 75, in survey 3.

And I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 21ST DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON, Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, November 21, 1881. 21Z

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Marcus A. Wolff, Batemen's Savings Bank, William H. Thomson, trustee, William A. Meagher, trustee, are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 2. A lot of ground on Twenty-first street, in city block 1247, 31 feet 9 inches in front or width and 127 feet 6 inches in length or depth, being lot 32 in block 8 in West Bremen addition to said city.

No. 3. A lot of ground on Harrison street, in city block 661 north, 40 feet in front or width and 134 in length or depth, being lot 11.

No. 4. Three lots of ground in city block 307, on Harrison street, each 40 feet in front or width and 134 feet in length or depth, being lots 3, 4 and 6 in Butchers' and Drovers' addition to said city.

No. 5. Two lots of ground on Harrison street, in city block 661 west each 40 feet in front or width and 134 feet in length or depth, being lots 9 and 10 in Butchers' and Drovers' addition to said city.

And I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 21ST DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON, Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., November 23, 1881. 42Z

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Thomas McNarama is defendant,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said executions as follows, to wit:

Number 2. A lot of ground on Water street, in city block 3233, 25 feet in front or width, and 138 feet 8 inches in length or depth, being lot 52 in block 75, in survey 3.

And I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 21ST DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON, Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, November 21, 1881. 21Z

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Mary L. Taylor, James K. Taylor, William F. Taylor, Philip V. Taylor, Mary L. Taylor and M. F. Taylor, Huntington Smith are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 1. A lot of ground on Twenty-first street, in city block 1247, 31 feet 9 inches in front or width and 127 feet 6 inches in length or depth, being lot 32 in block 8 in West Bremen addition to said city.

No. 2. A lot of ground on Harrison street, in city block 661 north, 40 feet in front or width and 134 in length or depth, being lot 11.

No. 3. Three lots of ground in city block 307, on Harrison street, each 40 feet in front or width and 134 feet in length or depth, being lots 3, 4 and 6 in Butchers' and Drovers' addition to said city.

No. 4. Two lots of ground on Harrison street, in city block 661 west each 40 feet in front or width and 134 feet in length or depth, being lots 9 and 10 in Butchers' and Drovers' addition to said city.

And I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 21ST DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON, Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., November 23, 1881. 19Z

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Mary L. Taylor, James K. Taylor, William F. Taylor, Philip V. Taylor, Mary L. Taylor and M. F. Taylor, Huntington Smith are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 1. A lot of ground on Seventeenth street, in city block 3233, 25 feet in front or width, and 138 feet 8 inches in length or depth, being lot 52 in block 75, in survey 3.

And I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 21ST DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON, Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., November 21, 1881. 19Z

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Mary L. Taylor, James K. Taylor, William F. Taylor, Philip V. Taylor, Mary L. Taylor and M. F. Taylor, Huntington Smith are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 1. A lot of ground on Seventeenth street, in city block 1247, 31 feet 9 inches in front or width and 127 feet 6 inches in length or depth, being lot 32 in block 8 in West Bremen addition to said city.

No. 2. A lot of ground on Twenty-first street, in city block 1247, 25 feet in front or width and 127 feet 6 inches in length or depth, being lot 2 in block 8 in West Bremen addition to said city.

No. 3. A lot of ground on Harrison street, in city block 661 north, 40 feet in front or width and 134 in length or depth, being lot 11.

No. 4. Three lots of ground in city block 307, on Harrison street, each 40 feet in front or width and 134 feet in length or depth, being lots 3, 4 and 6 in Butchers' and Drovers' addition to said city.

No. 5. Two lots of ground on Harrison street, in city block 661 west each 40 feet in front or width and 134 feet in length or depth, being lots 9 and 10 in Butchers' and Drovers' addition to said city.

And I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 21ST DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON, Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., November 21, 1881. 22Z

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Thomas McNarama is defendant,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

Number 98 of West Union addition by Taylor, in addition to said city of St. Louis, said lot being also in city block 1898 of said city and having a front of 25 feet on Glasgow avenue by a depth of 127½ feet.

And I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 21ST DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881,

between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 3 o'clock p. m. of that day, for the payment of said note and expenses of this trust.

GEORGE W CLINE, WM. C. JAMISON, Trustees.

98V

Special Commissioner's Sale.

SPECIAL COMMISSIONER'S SALE.—Frank H. Bircher, Jane Hardesty and Richard Hardesty, her husband, John Stephens, Harrison Stephens, Ann Green and Hiram Green, her husband, plaintiffs, vs. Samuel Tunstall, Mary McClune and — McClune, her husband, James Kern, Amanda Hoskins and Rufus Randall, defendants. No. 56,613. In partition. In the Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis.

By virtue and authority of a decree of said Court, and order of sale issued from the Clerk's office of the said Circuit Court in the above entitled cause dated November the 18th, 1881, I will, on

TUESDAY, THE THIRTEENTH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash to the highest bidder, the following described real estate, situate in the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, to-wit: Lots numbered three, four and five of lock numbered twenty of Tony's addition to the city of St. Louis, fronting seventy-five feet on Caroline street in said city.

EDWARD P. JOHNSON, Special Commissioner.

30Z

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Eben Field and John Field are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

Lot numbered 98 of West Union addition by Taylor, in addition to said city of St. Louis, said lot being also in city block 1898 of said city and having a front of 25 feet on Glasgow avenue by a depth of 127½ feet.

And I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 21ST DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881,

between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 3 o'clock p. m. of that day, for the payment of said note and expenses of this trust.

GEORGE W CLINE, WM. C. JAMISON, Trustees.

98V

Special Commissioner's Sale.

SPECIAL COMMISSIONER'S SALE.—Frank H. Bircher, Jane Hardesty and Richard Hardesty, her husband, John Stephens, Harrison Stephens, Ann Green and Hiram Green, her husband, plaintiffs, vs. Samuel Tunstall, Mary McClune and — McClune, her husband, James Kern, Amanda Hoskins and Rufus Randall, defendants. No. 56,613. In partition. In the Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis.

By virtue and authority of a decree of said Court, and order of sale issued from the Clerk's office of the said Circuit Court in the above entitled cause dated November the 18th, 1881, I will, on

TUESDAY, THE THIRTEENTH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash to the highest bidder, the following described real estate, situate in the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, to-wit: Lots numbered three, four and five of lock numbered twenty of Tony's addition to the city of St. Louis, fronting seventy-five feet on Caroline street in said city.

EDWARD P. JOHNSON, Special Commissioner.

30Z

COMMISSIONER'S SALE IN PARTITION—Maria E. Rolf, Johanna L. Schweer and Henry Schweer, her husband, plaintiffs, vs. Maria E. Apenbrink and Frederick Apenbrink, her husband, John H. Rolf, Emma Rolf and Sophia Rolf, defendants.—In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, Missouri.—Partition.—By virtue and authority of a decree of said court in the above entitled cause heretofore made, I, C. M. Whitney, appointed special commissioner in said cause, will, as such commissioner, on

TUESDAY, THE 29TH DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, during the session of said court, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, the following described real estate situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, to wit:

1. Beginning at a point where the north line of Monroe street is intersected by Sixteenth street and thence running eastwardly and along the northern line of Monroe street fifty feet, thence northwardly and parallel with Sixteenth street one hundred and twelve feet and six inches to an alley, thence running westwardly, and along the southern line of said alley fifty feet, thence southwardly and along the eastern line of Sixteenth street one hundred and twelve feet and six inches to the place of beginning, being the same lot of ground which is the said Casper Henry Rolf acquired of Wm. Burden and wife by deed dated July 8 1876, and recorded in the Recorder's office of the city of St. Louis, in book 549, page 312.

EFFIE ELLSLER.

An Interview With the Actress who Plays Hazel Kirke.

Her Recollections of Forrest and His Gout—A Successful Career.

The silhouette on the "Hazel Kirke" posters has made the features of Effie Ellsler familiar even to people who have never seen her act and whose only acquaintance with her does not extend beyond the reading of her name on the bill-boards. Her sweet face and fair fame are readily recognized the continent over, and off the stage as well as on she has hosts of admirers in every section of the country who intimately associate her name and herself with all the sweetness, suffering and womanly love that belong to the part she plays in one of the purest and best domestic dramas ever written and acted. So completely has the actress become identified with her creation that her individuality is almost lost sight of, and it is Hazel Kirke, not Effie Ellsler, that the people think of and talk of, while their hearts go out to the pure and beautiful heroine and their tears follow in the wake of the wrongs imposed upon her, forgetful all the time that this charming ideal is the outgrowth of the noble simplicity and sweet and agreeable qualities of the real woman who is to be found under the stage disguise of the Scotch miller's daughter. The character has taken such a hold upon the hearts of the public that it is difficult to imagine a time when it can be neglected or forgotten. The play has been running along steadily without the slightest intermission ever since it was first produced at the Madison Square Theater in New York, on February 4, 1879. This same company has continued to play it from the start, without any summer or other rest, and the Hazel Kirke from the beginning has been Effie Ellsler. She has won her way to favor everywhere, and has interested the ladies of the country to a greater extent than any other actress of the day. When a POST-DISPATCH reporter visited Miss Ellsler to day to interview her the little lady remarked that the ladies of St. Louis seemed to have a particular affection for "Hazel Kirke."

"Why," she said, "when I was here before several called at the Lindell Hotel to see me and insisted upon kissing me, and sympathizing in the most earnest and fondest way with me, just as if I were a real Hazel instead of being the counterfeit art ele. I have many friends here in St. Louis, and like the city very much. No, nobody has been here to kiss me this time yet, but I suppose some of the good ladies may call before or I engagement is over."

Miss Ellsler is stopping at the Southern. She is married, her husband being Frank Weston, the Aaron Rodney of the play, whom she does not want to marry on the stage. They were united quietly in Chicago last May. Mr. Weston was the leading man of the Olympic stock company some years ago, and has been with the "Hazel Kirke" company from the first. He is well known and highly respected in this city. Miss Ellsler is young, handsome and small. She is of the brunette type and is found of curling attention to the abbreviation of her nose, which is the slightest possible suggestion of a pug and if finished at greater length would make her already pretty and winning face a great deal prettier. She talks well about everything except herself, and for a successful little woman is one of the simplest and most unpretentious in manner and speech the reporter has ever met. Frank as the day is long and always interesting anyone who listens to her cannot fail to be attracted and charmed by her conversation. She told the reporter that she hadn't much to say except about herself, "and that," she added, "doesn't amount to enough to interest any portion of the public."

"Well, if you must know something about me," she continued after several interrogations, "I will tell you that I am twenty-four years old, and made my first appearance on the stage in Cleveland as the child in 'The Sea of Ice.' My father is John A. Ellsler, now manager of the theaters in Cleveland and Pittsburg. My mother had been a Miss Murray of Philadelphia, who had made some reputation on the on the stage. So you see I had the advantage of coming of a theatrical family, as they say. I don't think it did me much good, for while making my infantile debut in "The Sea of Ice" I distinctly recollect that I remonstrated with the heavy villain, who wanted to dash me over a precipice or something of that sort, and it took a great deal of explanation and considerable sweetmeats to allay my fears and to reconcile me to the fact that the threatened killing was only 'in the play.'"

"That was your first case of stage-fright?" the reporter suggested.

"Yes, and not my only one. I have been pretty badly frightened since, and I'll tell you all about it if you will please take a seat and quit twirling your hat in that nervous way."

The reporter sat down and listened. Miss Ellsler said she had received her education at the Ursuline Convent in Cleveland. But while going to school she had not neglected the stage. After her first appearance in "The Sea of Ice" she played the usual run of child parts. At an early age she besought her father to allow her to play Peach Blossom in Daly's "Under the Gaslight." Her father hesitated, doubting the child's ability, but at last yielded to her entreaties and had no reason to regret or be ashamed of the effort. When only fifteen years old she played Virginia to Edwin Forrest's Virginius, and Ophelia when he was the Hamlet.

"I tell you, I was frightened then," said Miss Ellsler. "Forest had the gout and his left foot was terribly swollen. I was afraid of stepping upon it all the time, and I got so mixed up in trying to keep out of its way that in the scene where Virginius leads his daughter before the Decemvir, I trod upon the gouty foot. I expected that the old lion would eat me up for the accident, but he didn't. When the scene was over he patted me on the head and said, 'My little girl, you have done splendidly. I felt somewhat nervous over it but you came out all right.'"

"How did you get along with him in Hamlet?"

"I was afraid I would not do the mad scene well enough to suit him, and I kept hoping that he would sit down in his dressing-room until it was over. I thought he was down there at the time, but when I came to the song, 'To morrow is St. Valentine's Day,' there was a burst of applause from the audience that almost overwhelmed me, and I heard handclapping in the wings and somebody hoarsely shouting, 'Bravo! bravo!' and upon looking in the direction, there was Forrest, himself, applauding and shouting. It was a great compliment. Forrest was well pleased with my efforts, and asked me afterwards to play Julie de Mortimer in 'Richelieu' with him and Cordelia in 'Lear,' which I did."

Miss Ellsler's recollections of the gruff old tragedian are pleasant. She played many times with him, and has also played the leading opposite for Barry Sullivan, Edwin Booth, John McCullough, E. L. Davenport and Lawrence Barrett. Nor have her efforts been confined to the dramatic stage. During the "Pinafore" fever she sang the role of Josephine at Albaugh's Theater, in Baltimore, and has been pronounced by competent critics the best interpreter of the part that has appeared in this country. After that she played through the East in Bartley Campbell's "Hercules in Rags" with indifferent success, and also appeared as Rosalind in "As You Like It." Miss Ellsler has nothing much to say about the artistic merits of these performances, but the writer understands that she is credited with having played Rosalind very attractively. It was about this time she was called to New York by Steele Mackaye and given the role of Hazel Kirke in his play, which was then entitled "The Iron Will." C. W. Couldock was given Dunstan Kirke. The first performance took place in Providence, R. I., and for seventy nights the piece was played through New England as "The Iron Will" to losing business. Then it was taken back to New York and the name changed to "Hazel Kirke." Its success was as instantaneous as it has been abiding. The play has been going on ever since and is booked two years ahead. Miss Ellsler and Mr. Couldock, who it was prophesied from the begining could not carry the piece to a triumph, have succeeded in making it the most popular play that has ever been given to any public. Miss Ellsler does not say so. The writer of the interview is responsible for the statement.

"That's just how I came to play Hazel Kirke" the actress said, "and I ha e been playing it ever since and don't know when I shall quit. I love the part as well as anyboy could. I also love my profession and try to make myself worthy of it."

"What is the cause of the trouble between Steele Mackaye and the Mallorys?"

"Now, that's in the line of business that I know nothing in the world about. I have heard a great many things, of course, but a woman is so apt to get matters mixed up that it is better not to try to say anything at all. I believe Mr. Mackaye wrote the play and the Mallorys obtained possession of it under a contract which is now under consideration in the court. All I can say is that we are playing 'Hazel Kirke,' and Mr. Mackaye, who claims to have the only right to produce it, dare not play it at all. That's funny, isn't it?"

Miss Ellsler was now obliged to withdraw to get ready for the Thanksgiving matinee and the interview closed. Her sister, Miss Annie Ellsler, who played Sally Dutton last season, is now taking soubrette parts with the Florences. Effie Ellsler is herself a charming soubrette, doing as well in that line as in light heroic roles.

The Art Sale.

The last opportunity for purchasing the remaining pictures of the artists' special collection occurs at Thonssen's Gallery on Olive street this evening. This will be an absolute sale and it includes many excellent works in oils and water-colors representing summer studies. Some of the best efforts of Meeker, Marple, Tracy, Chambers, Cassilly Adams, Gutherz, Barnsley, Schultze, Young, Moss and Miller are yet to be placed on the easel this evening, and patrons of art will do well to attend.

AMUSEMENTS.

Mr. Frank Farrell has gone to Cincinnati ahead of "Fresh the American."

"Hazel Kirke" is drawing immensely at the Olympic. It will remain here next week.

Roller-skating is the bill at the Natatorium every Monday, Wednesday and Friday and Saturday matinee.

The matinees yesterday were well patronized, "Hazel Kirke" and "Michael Strogoff" playing to crowded houses.

John T. Raymond in "Fresh the American" will continue to be the attraction at the Grand Opera-house next week again.

The Hoey and Hardie combination will play "A Child of the State" at the People's all week. Sunday night, Miner's Pat Rooney company.

"Michael Strogoff" will be kept on at Pope's until Sunday night, when its last performance here will be given. On Monday night the Salsbury Troubadours make their appearance in "The Brook."

A Plague on Both Your Houses.

N. Y. Cor. Washington Republic.

The Astors and the Vanderbilts are not in the same social set. I don't know any reason why they are not, unless it is that Mr. William Waldorf Astor's grandfather stopped peddling minkskins before Mr. William Henry Vanderbilt's father had finished rowing passengers between Staten Island and the Battery. Matters of precedence at the Court of Berlin, when the grand dukes and things from the Prussian principalities turn out on State occasions, are not harder to adjust than are the the matters of social status on Manhattan Island. It is stated that until within the last six months a Vanderbilt never received an invitation to visit an Astor house—not the Astor House. Others assert that no Astor has ever allowed himself or herself to come in social contact with a Vanderbilt. Very naturally Mr. Vanderbilt, worth anywhere from $100,000,000 plus, has felt more or less disagreeable that he and his family could not be received by a man who is worth no more than from 25 to 35 per cent as much as himself. When Mr. Astor became a candidate for Congress Mr. Vanderbilt saw his chance for political revenge for social slights. It was considered a foregone conclusion that the Democratic nominee would be beaten by Astor, consequently no Democrat could be found who was eager for the empty honor of being beaten, not to mention the money he would be obliged to invest to insure his defeat.

Mr. Vanderbilt, so my informant says, went to Mr. Flower and asked him to accept the Democratic nomination. Mr. Flower said "NO," in capital letters, suggesting at the same time he was not such a blooming idiot as his name might suggest. Mr. Vanderbilt insisted, and finally said that he would not only promise that Mr. Flower should be elected, but that he would pay every cent of the expenses of the campaign necessary to insure that result. Reluctantly, on these conditions, Mr. Flower consented to run. Mr. Flower was elected. It is said that Mr. Astor spent $100,000, and would have spent more if he had seen anywhere to put his money. How much Mr. Vanderbilt spent is unknown

A State Department Scandal.

Washington Special to Cincinnati Enquirer.

There are very ugly rumors of an impending scandal in connection with the State Department management of the Yorktown Centennial celebration. It is said that, taking advantage of Secretary Blaine being almost wholly engrossed in matters of graver import and of both the Assistant Secretaries being comparatively inexperienced, a little ring of subordinate officials in the State Department undertook to run the thing to suit themselves. By dint of careful introspection, and long and admiring contemplation of their own greatness and importance, they finally persuaded themselves that Congress, in appropriating $20,000 to celebrate the Centennial of the surrender of Yorktown, really intended to give them, the State Department subordinates aforesaid, a good time generally, and that the visit of the French and German guests was merely a side incident thrown in to give eclat to the occasion. Accordingly there are rumors of elegant visiting cards engraved for State Department clerks and charged to the Yorktown Centennial funds; of costly wines purchased for the foreign visitors, taken from on board the steamer City of Catskill and divided among the ring of favored pets sent junketing all over the country and paid for as "detectives;" and, worst of all, of hotelkeepers compelled to give vouchers in fictitious names to cover up these and kindred irregularities. It is further said that when some ill-informed persons in New York undertook to give a grand ball, and supposed that their purpose was to honor the foreign guests instead of the State Department clerks, and unaccountably failed even to solicit the latter's presence, these high officials promptly remedied the oversight by ordering themselves to New York on Government business, attending the ball, and charging their expenses to the United States. Secretary Blaine will probably deem it due to himself to inquire into the truth of these rumors before starting on his projected trip South.

A Vermont Tragedy.

From the Cincinnati Gazette.

Capital punishment of late years has rarely been inflicted upon women in this country. Mrs. Surratt at Washington and a servant girl in New Jersey who murdered her mistress in the hope that her master would take her for his second wife are the most notable exceptions. Mrs. Emeline L. Meaker, of Waterbury, Vt., is likely to share their fate, the Supreme Court of the State having overruled the exceptions to the verdict of a lower court which convicted her. She will remain in prison until the last Friday of March, 1883, the closing three months in solitary confinement, according to the practice in the State. It is not likely that she will escape the penalty unless by previous death, for more than one offender has mounted the scaffold after two years' imprisonment. Her son, who was her accomplice in crime, will be hanged next February, there having been no judicial delays in his case. The offense for which they are to suffer was a most heinous one. Their victim was an orphan girl of 13 years, a half sister of Mrs. Meaker's husband. They were tired of keeping her, and after having subjected her to the most brutal treatment, took her from bed one night, tied a sack over her head, drove her some miles off in a carriage, and forced her to drink a decoction of strychnine. She quickly died, and was then buried in a swamp. The evidence against the criminals was at first circumstantial, but the son has since confessed his guilt. His mother has been a turbulent prisoner, and once set fire to the jail in which she was confined. She certainly appears to deserve no consideration on account of her sex.

THOUSANDS of women have been entirely cured of the most stubborn cases of female weakness by the use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Send to Mrs. Lydia E. Pinkham, 233 Western avenue, Lynn, Mass., for pamphlets.

ADDITIONAL COMMERCE.

METALS.

Soft Lead.

Pig lead, large	5½	Bar lead	5¾

Coke Tin Plate.

IC, 10x20	$10 00	IC, 14x20	$8 00
IC, 10x14	6 00		

Block Tin.

Large pigs	24	Small pigs	25
Bar Tin	26		

Solder.

No. 1, ₩ lb	14	Charter Oak ₩ lb	15¼

Charcoal Tin Plate.

IC, 10x14	$7 00	IX, 14x20	$9 00
IC, 12x12	7 00	IXX, 14x20	11 00
IC, 14x20	7 00	IXXX, 14x20	13 00
IX, 10x14	9 00	IXXXX, 14x20	15 00
IX, 12x12	9 00	IX, 20x28	19 00

Rooting Tin.

IC, 20x20	$6 50	IC, 20x28	$13 50
IC, 14x20	8 50	IX, 20x28	17 50

Steel Fence Wire.

Always put up in 100-lb bundles.

Nos. 7, 8 and 9 fence, ₩ lb net			4
Nos. 10 to 11, grape trellis, ₩ lb net			5
No. 12, grape trellis, ₩ lb net			5½

Babbitt Metal.

No. 1	16	No. 2	12
No. 3	8	No. 4	7

SHEET IRON.

Charter Oak Iron.

No. 24, 24 and 30 in. wide, 100, in. long, ₩ lb			4
No. 26, 24 and 30 "	100, in. " "		5
No. 27, 24 and 30 "	100, in. " "		5

Russia Sheet Iron.

GENUINE.

Nos 8 to 12	₩ lb.

Boiled Iron.

	₩ lb		₩ lb
No. 18 to 20	6.65	No. 26	5 05
No. 22 to 24	6 85	No. 27	5½

Galvanized Wire.

Nos. 7, 8 and 9	10	Nos. 10 and 11	11
No. 12	11½		

Bessemer Steel Baling Wire.

No. 9, ₩ 100 lbs	$5 00	Nos. 10 and 11	$5 50
No. 12	6 75	No. 14	7 00

Fence Staples.

Per keg			5
Per lb			5¼
No. 12 coppered			6
Stretchers			₩ doz. $2 00

Galvanized Sheet Iron.
(Morehead & Co.'s Juniata.)

	Per lb.		Per lb.
No. 18 to 20	12	No. 22 to 24	13
No. 26	14	No. 27	15
No. 28	16		

Discount — per cent.

Sheet Zinc.

600 lb casks	7.85	100 lb casks	8.35
250 lb casks	8.10	Sizzie sheets	8.60

COPPER.

Planished Copper—Boiler Sizes

No. 7, 14 oz., 14x49			
7, large, 14x52			₩ lb 37
8, 14 oz., 14x56	Nickel plated, ₩ lb		47
9, 16 oz., 14x60			
Tinning per sheet, 6 and 7			12
" " 8 and 9			15

GUTTER COPPER, 20x72.

10 to 13 lb., ₩ lb			28
14 lb., ₩ lb			26
Soldering coppers, ₩ lb			28
Soldering copper handles, ₩ doz			82
BRASS KETTLES, 7 to 13 in., ₩ lb			35
" 14 in., and over, ₩ lb			3¼
Sad irons, ₩ lb			5
Resin, ₩ lb			5
Resin, ₩ bbl			$4 50
Charcoal, in casks ₩ bu			20
PLANISHED COPPER, 14x48, 14 and 16 oz. ₩ lb			35
Planing, per sheet			10
BRAZIER'S COPPER, 30x60			
8 and 9 lb sheets, ₩ lb			30
10 and 13 lb sheets, ₩ lb			32
14 to 60 lb sheets, ₩ lb			33
SHEATHING COPPER. Tinned, 14x48.			26
14 an. 16 oz., ₩ lb			26
Tinning, per sheet			10
Reservoir copper, 20x60 ₩ lb			28
Tinning, per sheet			35
COPPER BOTTOMS, ₩ lb			28
Oval flat copper bottoms, ₩ lb			30
Metallic bottoms, ₩ lb			18

Brass and Copper Wire.

		Brass	Copper.
No. 6 to 20, net ₩ lb		35	43
21	" "	38	46
22	" "	39	47

Barbed Wire.

Twisted	—Galvanized		$3 25
Clothes line wire, doz. rolls			

Bright Market Wire.

Nos.	0, to 6,	7, 8, 9,	10, 11,	12,	13, 14
Nos.	9, 15, 16, 14,	10, 17, 5,	11, 18, 16.	11¼, 19, 19.	12½, 20, 20.

LUMBER MARKET.

White Pine.

Clear tank stuff, rough 2½ to 4 in			$35 00
1st and 2nd clear, "	"	1¼ to 2 in	50 00
3d " "	"	1 in	50 00
" " "	"	1¼ to 2 in	44 00
" " "	"	1 in	42 00
A Select "	"	7 to 9 in	37 00
" " "	"	1¼ to 2 in	38 00
" " "	"	1 in (10 in. and over)	35 00
B Select, "	"	7 to 9 in	29 00
Clear Frames "	"	1 in $26; 1¼ to 2 in	29 00
Select "	"	2x6 and 2x8	34 00
Clear and Select "	"		29 00
A Stock, 12 in. "	"	2x4	27 50
B " "	"	12 to 20 ft	43 50
C " "	"	12 to 20 ft	38 00
D " "	"	18 to 20 ft	32 00
" " "	"	12, 14 and 16 ft	19 00
A " 10 in	"	18 ft	19 00
B " "	"		33 00
C " "	"		24 00
A Box "	"	12 ft	18 00
B " "	"		47 00
C " "	"	12 ft	40 00
D " "	"		32 50
Flooring clear and 1st com. 4 in			20 00
" 2nd com. 4 in			36 00
" 3rd com. 4 in			34 00
" 4th com. 4 in			24 00
Siding, 1st and 2nd clear			18 00
Siding, clear and 1st com			22 50
Siding, 2nd com			20 00
Siding, 3rd com			19 50
Siding, 4th com			14 50
Ceiling, ¾ in., clear			11 00
Ceiling, ¾ in., clear & 1st com			23 00
Ceiling, ¾ in., 2d com			21 50
Ceiling, ¾ in., 3d com			20 00
Ceiling, ¾ in., clear & 1st com., 4 or 6 in			15 50
Ceiling, ¾ in., clear & 2d com., 4 or 6 in			27 00
Ceiling, ¾ in., clear & 3d com., 4 or 6 in			25 00
Ceiling, ¾ in., 1st com., 4 or 6 in			18 00
Ceiling, ¾ in., 2d com., 4 or 6 in			34 00
Scantling, 2x4 to 4x4, 12 ft			32 00
Scantling, 2x4 to 4x4, 14 & 16 ft			16 50
Scantling, 2x6 to 4x6, 12 ft			16 50
Scantling, 2x6 to 4x6, 14 ft			17 50

Common Lumber.

No. 1 boards, 10 & 20 ft	$17 00
No. 1 boards, 14, 16 & 18 ft	17 00
No. 1 fencing, 4 or 6 in., 16 ft	17 00
No. 1 fencing, 4 or 6 in., 12, 14, 18 & 20 ft	17 00
No. 2 fencing, 4 or 6 in., 12, 14, 18 & 20 ft	16 00
Culfencing	15 00
Joists, 10 to 16 ft., 2x12 & under	13 00
Joists, 18 ft., 2x10 & under	16 00
Joists, 20 ft., 2x10 & under	17 00
Joists, 22 & 24 ft., 2x10 & under	17 50
Joists, 26 ft., 2x10 & under	$21 00@22 00
Joists 28 & 30 ft., 2x10 & under	24 00
Large timbers at special prices.	$25 00@26 00
Grub and No. 2 joists, 12 to 16 ft	14 00
Grub and No. 2 joists, 18 to 20 ft	14 00
No. 2 scantling, 12 ft	14 00
No. 2 scantling, 14 & 16 ft	14 00
No. 2 scantling, 18 & 20 ft	14 00
12-inch boards (Nos. 1 & 2) 12 to 16 ft	14 50
No. 2 boards, 10 & 20 ft	16 00
No. 2 boards, 12 to 18 ft	15 00
Cull boards or sheathing	12 50

Shingles and Lath.

	Car Load.
Eau Claire XX 55, Meridean, extra dry	$3 40
Eau Claire and Meridean, No. 1	2 00
Shaded A	1 00
Schoefield "A"	2 00
Good" No. 1 (S. & B.)	3 05
Lath	2 20
	2 60

Red Cedar.

Sawed Posts (quartered). No.	30
Sawed Posts, square, 8 ft 4x4 35c; 6x6	81
Sawed Timbers, 14 to 16 ft	40 00

Poplar and Ash.

1st Siding	—
2d Siding	—
1st Ceiling, 7-16 in. 12 ft	—
2d Ceiling, 7-16 in. 6 in	—
1st Ceiling, ¾ in	—
1st Box boards, rough, 14 ft	27 00
2d (select) Box boards, rough, 14 ft	40 00
Common boards	30 00
1st Panel, S 1 S, ⅞ in	20 00
2d Panel, S 1 S, ⅞ in	26 00
Ash Flooring, 4 inch, 540; 6 inch	—
Ash Flooring, common, 4 and 6 inch	—

Yellow Pine.

1st and 2d clear flooring (count) 4 in	$30 00
Star flooring (count) 4 in	26 00
Common flooring (count), 4 in	18 00
1st and 2d cl. flooring, mixed widths (tape)	32 00
Star flooring, mixed widths (tape)	28 00
Common flooring, mixed widths (tape)	20
1¼ in. 1st and 2d cl. flooring mixed widths (tape)	$2 50
1¼ in. common flooring mixed widths (tape)	20 00
1 inch 1st and 2d cl. step stuff, S 2 S	35 00
1¼ and 1½ 1st and 2d cl. step stuff, S 2 S	34 00

DRY GOODS.

[Jobbers Quotations.]

Ticks.

Amoskeag D	13	Connestoga X	11
" ACA	17½	" AA	13
" A	15	" CCA	14
" B	15	" C T	15
" C	14	" Extra	17½
Lancaster	17	Ocean	8

Brown Ducks.

Boston S O	10½	Savage, fancy	15
" XX	12	Buckingham, fancy	16½
" AA	15	Waltham	10
Belmont 10	11½	Belmont 30	12½
" 30	14		

Cambric.

4-4 flat	5½	High colors 1c higher.	
Paper	6¼		

Flannels.

Kartsman	28	Goiners	23½
Lumberman's	25	Explorers	30
Blue Ridge	23½		

Denims.

Amoskeag	16½	Warren, AXA	13
Clark's	16	" BR	11
Boston	9	" CC	13
Belmont XX	15	Belmont CCC	13½
" BBB	13½	" AAA	14½

Cheviots.

American	10½	River Mills	7½
Ontario	10	Rugby	8
Cumberland	8½	Bales basket	11

Prints.

Gordon shirtings	5½	Merrimack fancy	7
Dunnel fancy	7	" shirtings	6
Albion solids	6	Spragues shirtings	6
Allens fancy	6	Freeman fancy	—
Arnold's fancy	6½	Bristol fancy	6¾
American fancy	7	Simpson's mourning	7
Hamilton "	6¾	Windsor fancy	7
Cocheco fancy	7	Richmond fancy	6¾
Southbridge fancy	7	Cocheco robes	6¾
Hartel fancy	6¾	Pacific robes	7½
Mallory pink	6¾	Oriental robes	7
Spragues fancy	6¾	Durham solids	6¾
Discount — ₩ cent.			

Brown Sheetings.

Atlantic, A 4-4	8¾	Hoosier, 4-4	6¾
" H 4-4	7	Indian Head, 4-4	8
" LL 4-4	7	" 7-8	8
" Y 7-8	7	Indian Stand'd, A 4-4	8½
Aquawan, F 4-4	6½	" B 4-4	8
Augusta, 4-4	—	" C 4-4	7½
" 7-8	—	Lawrence, LL, 4-4	7
" 3-4	—	Middlesex, A, 4-4	6½
Belmont, 4-4	8	Matheson, A, 4-4	7½
Cherokee, 4-4	8½	St. Louis, 4-4	6¾
Great Western, 4-4	8	Trion, AAA, 4-4	6¾
Graniteville, AA 4-4	—	Richmond, R 4-4	6½
" EE 4-4	—	Sea Island, 4-4	6
" LL 4-4	6½		

Jeans.

Sutro	10	Iowa	10
Abbotsford	12½	Vermont Doeskin	25
Auvergne	12½	Elk Horn "	37½
Calcutta	15	5 Leaf Ky "	30
Glenolden	18	St. Nicholas	37½
Uncle Sam	16½	Live Oak Buckskin	35
Provident	18	Ermine Doeskin	42½
Wood Lake	20	Empire	40
Star Union	25	Humboldt Doeskin	42½
Preferred	30	Arkansas	55

Bleached Cotton.

Androscoggin, L	10	New York Mills	12
Bleachdale	6¾	Linwood, 4-4	9½
Chapman	7½	Lonsdale, 4-4	10
Davol	11	Fruit of Loom, 4-4	10½
Fairmount	7	" 7-8	9¼
Gilt-edge	7	Hills, 4-4	9¼
Hero	7	" 7-8	10
Knights' cambric	8½	Hope, 4-4	8½
Langdon, G B	12	Whittensville, L 4-4	14
" 76	10	" 7-8	7½

Ginghams.

Amoskeag staples	10½	Glasgow	10
" Persians	13½	Berkshire	9
" Romans	10½	Renfrew staples	10½
Bates	10½	" Madras	12½
Cumberland	8	Royal Dress	11½
Pennsylvania	7	White's staples	10

Tweeds.

Rochdale, mixed	37½	Pondicherry, mixed	52½
Sabattus, "	40	Columbia, "	55

DRUGS.

Alum ₩ lb	4@5	Ipecac	1 35
Aloes, cape	17@25	Indigo	90@1
Acid, tartaric	50	Jalap	40@45
Balsam copaiva	70	Logwood	4@5
Blue mass	45	Lunar caustic	90
Borax, ref	16@18	Liquorice	35@40
Blue vitriol	10@12	Madder	13
Calomel Amer	65	Magnesia, carb	35@40
do English	1 20	Morphine	3 85
Camphor	30	Oil bergamot	$2 75@3
Cream tartar	25@40	Opium	4 50
Cantharides	1 35@1	Oil lemon	3 25
Chloroform	90	Peruvian bark	35@2 00
Copperas	2½@3	Quinine	1 35
Epsom salts	3@3½	Rhubarb	1 00
Glue, white	15@25	Sal soda	2½@3
Gum arabic	25@60	Soda, bicarb	4@5
Iodine	3 75	Saltpetre	6@16
Iodide potassium	3 50		

FINANCIAL.

At 6 and 7 Per Cent,

MONEY TO LOAN

On City Property,

In sums to suit. Those who wish loans will find it to their interest to call on us.

LEON L. HULL & CO.,
(Successors to S. D. Porter & Co.)
519 Pine Street

LEGAL.

Administrators' Notices.

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

John Clark,

deceased, that I, the undersigned administrator of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of December next.

FOSTER T. MARTIN,
Administrator of the estate of John Clark, dec'd,
St. Louis, November 3, 1881. 18V

TIME TABLE

OF TRAINS RUNNING INTO THE

UNION DEPOT

ST. LOUIS TIME.

Railroad managers are requested to notify of any changes in the running of trains, that the time card may be kept correct.

Trains.	Depart.	Arrive.
CHICAGO, ALTON AND ST. LOUS RAILROAD		
Chicago Morning Express	* 7:40 a. m.	* 8:10 p. m
Chicago Lightning Express	† 7:50 p. m.	† 7:55 a. m
K. C. and California Exp	† 3:05 a. m.	† 7:10 p. m
Kansas City and Denver Ex	† 3:40 p. m.	† 6:50 a. m
Jacksonville and Peoria Exp	* 5:45 p. m.	*11:20 a. m
Springfield Accommodation	* 4:00 p. m.	*10:35 a. m
CHICAGO, BURLINGTON AND QUINCY R. R		
Rockisland&Burlington mail	* 8:28 a. m.	* 5:30 p. m
Rock Island Bubuque & St. Paul express	† 7:22 p. m.	† 8:12 a. m
CAIRO AND ST. LOUIS RAILROAD. Leave Graud Union Ticket Office, Fourth and Pine.		
TRAINS DEPART: Local Pass No 3, 7:00 p m; Mail and Express No 1, 8:45 a m	TRAINS ARRIVE: Mail and Express No 2, 4:50 p m; Local Pass No 4, 9:35 a m	
CAIRO SHORT LINE.		
Cairo Mail and St. Louis Ex	* 7:45 a. m.	* 3:45 a. m
Way Exp. and Fast Mail	* 3:30 p. m.	* 7:05 p. m
New Orleans & Lightning Ex	† 8:20 p. m.	†10:40 p. m
ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAILROAD.		
Day Express	* 8:00 a. m.	† 7:30 a. m
Chicago Express	† 7:00 p. m.	* 8:10 p. m
ILLINOIS AND ST. LOUIS RAILROAD.		
Belleville Accommodation	† 8:20 a. m.	* 8:05 a. m
	*11:00 a. m.	*10:40 a. m
	* 2:50 p. m.	* 2:05 p. m
	† 6:15 p. m.	† 5:05 p. m
INDIANAPOLIS AND ST. LOUIS RAILROAD.		
Day Express	† 7:55 a. m.	†6:45 p. m
New York Express	* 6:35 p. m.	* 8:20 a. m
Accommodation	† 4:45 p. m.	†10:10 a. m
KEOKUK AND ST. LOUIS LINE.		
Keokuk Express	* 9:10 a. m.	* 6:05 p. m
Keokuk Night Express	† 8:40 p. m.	† 6:40 a. m
LACLEDE AND CREVE COEUR LAKE RAILWAY		
Week days only	8:00 a. m.	7:12 a. m.
Week days only	6:12 p. m.	5:00 p. m
LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE—ST. LOUIS DIV.		
Nashville Mail	* 8:00 a m.	* 6:00 p. m
Mascoutah Accommodation, daily except Sunday	4:55 p. m.	*11:00 a. m
Nashville Express	* 9:00 p. m.	† 6:00 a. m
MISSOURI PACIFIC RAILWAY.		
Day Express	† 9:00 a. m.	* 6:05 p. m
Fast Line	8:40 p. m.	* 6:30 a. m
Local Passenger	* 7:00 a. m.	*10:45 a. m
Wechington	1:25 p. m.	* 8:15 a. m
Pacific	* 8:50 p. m.	* 9:25 a. m
Pacific (Sunday only)	8:18 a. m.	† 6:40 a. m
Kirkwood	*10:00 a. m.	* 8

THE PREMIUM SHOE!

For Comfort, Durability and Style

Swope's Ladies' Cork-Sole Button Boots

Can't be equaled. Prices from

$4 to $5 50

A pair. Also a full line of

BURT'S BOOTS & SHOES.

311 N. FOURTH ST.

M. J. Steinberg

MANUFACTURER OF

Seal and Fur-Lined

CARMENTS,

303 NORTH FOURTH ST.

LOCAL NEWS.

A LADY'S toilet is not complete without a box of Pozzoni's Medicated Complexion Powder.

Eminent Dr. W. F. Stuart,

BALTIMORE, writes: * * * I confidently recommend Colden's LIEBIG'S LIQUID EXTRACT OF BEEF remember the name Colden's; (take no other) for consumption, debility, weakness, &c. I have tested it with universal success.

PRIVATE matters skilfully treated and medicine sent to any address. Dr. Dinsbeer, 415 N. Seventh st.

Dr. Whittier, 617 St. Charles St., St. Louis. A regular graduate, oldest office in U. S. for cure of private matters, venereal diseases, etc.

Dr. E. C. Chase,

122 Olive street. Set of teeth only $8.

A DELICACY. Whole Ox Tongue canned by the St. Louis Beef Canning Company.

CALL and see Van Blarcom's thirty-five dollar road and business harness. 613 North Seventh street.

The Bryant and Stratton College,

Corner Fifth and Market sts., qualifies young ladies and gentlemen as telegraph operators and for business. Open day and night.

MILLS & AVERILL,

Southwest Corner Fourth and Olive Streets.

MERCHANT TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT.

Do not fail to call on this firm if you intend to have any clothing made to order. An immense stock of goods to select from. Reasonable prices and good workmanship are the inducements offered to the public.

Collided With a Street Car.

A butcher wagon driven by Gustav Rose collided with car No. 30 of the Missouri Company on Manchester road about 7 o'clock last night. Rose and two friends seated on the wagon were thrown to the ground and bruised. The wagon and car were both badly damaged. Rose was arrested and charged with fast and reckless driving.

OPIUM AND MORPHINE.—Our new book, "The Morphine Eater," 200 pages, with instructions for home treatment, sent to all persons suffering from opium or morphine habit free. 414 North Seventh street.

DR. P. D. CORDELL.

Hotel Personals.

H. H. Gibson, Toledo, Ohio, is at Barnum's.

Rev. J. B. Chambers, Eureka Springs, Ark., is stopping at Barnum's.

Phillip Cohn and family, Fredericktown, Mo., are registered at Barnum's.

C. W. Switzer, Girard, Ill.; M. M. Copp, Rochester, N. Y.; J. Saue and J. O. Hoppe, Bloomington, Ind.; John R. Palmer, Murphysboro, are at the St. James.

W. E. Pyle, Butler, Mo.; W. H. Campbell, Seneca; R. Clark, Plattsburg; L. Meyerberg, New York; A. Smith, Chicago; J. H. Walker, Milwaukee, Wis., and J. H. Westerfield, Colorado, are at Hotel Barnum.

A. J. Minard, Springfield; M. B. Chapman, St. Joseph; Geo. Wright, Jno. Beggs and W. Gloires, Shelbyville, Ind.; John M. Williams, California, Mo., and Hon F. F. M. Rices, Boonville, are at the Laclede.

H. S. Weeks, U. S. Army; R. A. Campbell, Evansville, Ind.; Wm. Gordon, White Sulphur Springs, Montana; Geo. H. Madden and J. S. Brown, Louisville, Ky.; A. M. Button, Fort Worth, Texas; A. E. Buchanan, Little Rock, are at the Planters.

J. S. Goode, Silverton, Col.; S. Bamberger, Salt Lake City; J. W. Sanders Beeson, L. H. Arthur and Frank L. Wilcox, New York; Mrs. J. W. Talbott and Miss Ada Talbott, Centreville Mo.; A. H. Little, Philadelphia, and Wm Wolff, Rochester, New York, are at the Lindell.

H. S. Bishop, U. S. Army; George M. Hatch, Helena, M. T.; M. E. Bradley Chicago; J. B. Gault and J. W. Robbins, Council Bluffs; D. C. Allen, Liberty, Mo.; W. S. Oliver, Arkansas; Albert G. Robinson, C. R. Stiles and A. S. Brockway, New York; C. P. Soper, Bloomington, Ill.; Gilbert E. Overton, U. S. Army; D. H. Barker, San Francisco, are at the Southern.

H. W. Glascock, Gainesville, Ark.; Robert Dixon, Henderson, Ky.; James Patterson, Glasgow, Scotland; Wm. H. Clymer, Philadelphia, Pa.; C. L. Barnhart, Kansas City, Mo.; W. J. Mazkie and family, Flint, Mich.; Jas A. Leeds, Denison, Texas; H. T. Cassell, Cincinnati, O.; S. H. Shannon, San Antonio, Texas; M. C. Holcombe, Olathe, Kas.; S. G. Tetweiler and bride, Ironton, Mo., are at Hunt's.

Shaw's Patent Reclining Chair

Our own patent, and surpasses in convenience, strength and utility all others. Hundreds have been sold since introduced. See them at

BURRELL, COMSTOCK & CO.

CROOKED COAL.

The Non-Pool Operators Believe the Strike is Bogus,

And Charge the Pool With Fomenting the Trouble.

Some Significant Figures About the St Louis Fuel Supply.

The coal troubles across the river are not as yet any nearer solution. The strike has not assumed any greater proportions than it showed on Wednesday last. The men on the Vandalia and Ohio and Mississippi roads are practically all out, not more than fifty of them being at work in all the mines, but the strike is not spreading along the lines of the other roads at all. The men certainly are discontented and muttering, but they have not as yet made up their minds to come out. The smash-up of the old union has made them lose confidence in each other, and while they certainly think that their present wages of less than a dollar a day are too small they are afraid to go out without stronger assurances than can be given by unorganized and irresponsible bodies of miners. In the meantime the coal supply of St. Louis is in an extremely precarious state, the Coal Exchange, which has assumed the complete control of the supply to the city, has so manipulated the stock that there is never more fuel in the city than enough to keep it for forty-eight hours. This fact was proven on oath at the recent trial before the Illinois Railroad Commissioners at Belleville. Running on such a meager margin, it is at any moment possible for the delicate balance which is maintained to be disarranged either by accident or by a general strike among the underpaid miners, the immediate consequence of which would be a coal famine. As a matter of actual fact St. Louis has ranged between twenty-four and forty-eight hours of a fuel famine for the last eighteen months. The railroads and the Coal Exchange have maintained this condition of things openly for the outspoken purpose of maintaining the price of coal in the St. Louis market.

AT THE PRESENT TIME

coal costs three cents to mine, two and a half cents freight to East St. Louis, 3 cents to haul across the river, one cent margin of expense and profit. Total cost nine a half cents. Selling price in St. Louis to-day fifteen cents, profit almost five cents. To the very small buyers the price is twenty-five cents, a profit of quite fifteen cents. The average daily consumption of coal in this city is 162,500 bushels. The amount of coal in sight at 9 o'clock this morning was slightly over 250,000 bushels. Supposing that the average rate of profit all round was only four cents, the coal operators will clear to-day $5,500, most of which comes directly out of the pockets of the poorest class in the community. Very few people understand the amount of profit made by the pooled operators. The Abbey Coal and Mining Company, for instance, is a corporation noted by the commercial agencies as working on a capital of $40,000. It sells in St. Louis fifteen carloads of coal a day, about 4,500 bushels, at a net profit of $180. This makes 132 per cent profit per year on the investment. Pawnbrokers make 120. There are a number of operators outside of the pool who would be satisfied with less profit, but they are not let do business as they wish; the railroads and the Coal Exchange will not permit them. There is coal enough in the fields of St. Clair and Madison counties to supply St. Louis with 500,000 bushels a day, by simply letting the miners make full time in the holes that are now open and working. These miners themselves declare that they would sooner get two cents a bushel and work full time, than get four cents and work on the time the pool dictates; that they would make more money.

A reporter met

MR. M'GLYNN

this morning, one of the non-pool operators, and asked him what he thought of the strike. "It does not seem to be spreading," said he. "In fact I do not anticipate that it will spread. As far as I have been able to discover the miners do not want four cents a bushel—they would sooner go back to two cents a bushel and work full time. Any strike in which the men will healthy concur must provide for more production of coal, and not especially for a higher rate of pay."

"Then what is the meaning of this strike?"

"Do you ask me for what I know, or for what I believe?"

"For both."

"Well, then; I don't know what the strike was begun for, but I believe as firmly as I believe anything that it is a bogus strike, gotten up by the pool operators to smash the men outside of the pool who are carrying large contracts. I have been among the miners a great deal, and I know that it is not a higher rate, but more work at the present rate, that they want."

"What would the effect on the St Louis market be if the miners worked full time?"

"Coal would retail for nine cents. It is fifteen to-day, and it will go to twenty."

"Do you think the strike will spread?"

"There is no ceiling. If it has its origin as I suspect, it may spread further. The men along the Cairo Short Line have not struck, but emissaries from the striking miners are at work among them and no one can say what they will do."

"But does not this strike hurt the pool operators too?"

"Temporarily it does. But if they smash up non-pool men the result will pay for the expense of the strike; and you must remember that it is not the operators who lose money on a strike, but the consumers. There are pooled operators outside the strike district and they can keep up the supply of coal even if the men go out more generally than seems likely now."

"Has the recent trial by the Railroad Commissioners at Belleville had any effect upon the situation?"

"I understand that Harris gets more cars now. I can't get any."

Mr. Harris was at work watching his men down at Birds ner when a reporter called at his office this morning. His representatives admit that if the miners strike his Water-works contract is gone up, and he is not expected up in the city to-day. Mr. Clark was met at his office, however, and asked about the situation.

"I don't know what to think about the strike," he said: "it seems to be spreading very slowly."

"Do you believe that it is a bogus strike—got up outside of the miners?"

"I know this, that if the non pool operators, who are carrying large contracts, have to pay another cent a bushel they will be forced out of business. I'll tell you what I know of my own knowledge. When I was coming down the Belleville Court-house steps one evening while the investigation was going on by the Illinois Railroad Commissioners, a couple of weeks ago, I distinctly heard a gentleman threaten Mr. Harris and Mr. Wonderly, who were just ahead of me, that the pool would beat them yet, and this person went on to say that a strike would break up the waterworks contract about as quick as any other way."

"How is Harris fixed for a strike?"

"His men pledged themselves to him not to demand an advance during the year."

"Will they keep this pledge?"

"I think they will. Whether it is true or not I do not know, but the men believe that they have been black listed by the pool operators and that they could not get work in any other mine. Harris, I know, believes they will stick, but he is not taking any chances, and he is staying right with his men night and day."

"Who was the man that made this threat?"

"You had better see Mr. Harris or Mr. Wonderly and get the facts from them."

"How do the miners stand toward the pool?"

"There is little love lost on either side. Mr. Reinecke, on oath at the Belleville investigation, said that the chief object of the pool was to break up the Miners' Union, in which it had succeeded. There was a delegation of miners present throughout the whole investigation, and I have reason to believe they had attended there by request of the other miners."

THE POOL SIDE.

Mr. Selpp, one of the pool operators, was met by a reporter and asked for the pool side of the story. "Why the pool side?" said he. "Because the non-pool men charge you with getting up this strike."

"It is simply absurd. If we got up the strike we would give up at once and pay the four cents. You must see that we are the men who lose on the strike."

"No, I don't see it. The consumer eventually loses the bills of a strike."

"But what could we gain by getting up a strike?"

"I don't know. The non-pool men say you could probably gain the Water-works contract and the balance of the outside business?"

"That is nonsense. Harris has an agreement with his men by which they contracted not to strike."

"But suppose they struck, anyhow?"

"Well, that is his business."

Mr. Donk, another pool operator, was asked about the strike. "You can deny altogether the statement that the Exchange has anything to do with the strike. We are certainly not anxious to pay the miners any more than we are getting. As a matter of fact, there are fifty per cent more miners in the district than there is work for, and this demand for four cents is simply an attempt on their part to get money enough for all. If we were to give in coal miners would flock in from all sides and the situation would be just as bad in a short time. The only solution is for these men to go somewhere else where work is plenty. As it is the supply of labor is far in excess of the demand."

"Why is the coal supply of St. Louis kept so close to the consuming point?"

"Because Illinois coal will not store without deterioration. If we were to keep two or three weeks' stock ahead of the demand the coal would be in such a condition that we could not sell it. And besides the margin of profit is so small that we could not afford to handle coal twice."

Mr. Weisenborn, another pool operator, chimed in heartily with Mr. Donk's views. "There are too many men," said he, "and not enough work. The strike is caused by an effort on the part of a lot of men to get money enough to go round among twice the number that earn it."

'CHANGE NOTES.

Large Trade in Corn—Complaints from Receivers—Odds and Ends.

Who is Bancroft? The Chicago papers note an exciting scrapping match between Nipe, a local operator, and Bancroft, a St. Louis speculator, in which the latter came out with a battered hat and disgustingly bruised nose.

In stocks Jim Keene is again said to be a bear and predicts bank troubles, panics and depression unlimited. The Cammack party is understood to be more bullish. Jay Gould expects a gradual hardening in prices. Prince & Whitely are said to be bullish for a turn.

The Exchange hall is now made more comfortable. This morning, at about the time the members commenced assembling, the thermometer in the hall registered only 40 degrees —10 above freezing. By spring the members will be able to walk the floor without wearing their overcoats.

Said an operator: "Did you notice in the inspections of corn Wednesday that not a car graded No. 2 mixed. These fellows who have oversold December—and some of them have sold 200,000 or 300,000 to arrive—won't have the corn to deliver on their contracts if this low inspecting keeps up. And only one car No. 2 red passed in wheat that day." To-day only 5 cars No. 2 red wheat, 7 cars No. 2 mixed corn and 1 car No. 2 oats were reported inspected for the past forty-eight hours.

A constant source of complaint to the trade of this city has been the terminal facilities of this market for the handling of castor beans and flaxseed. The trade in these articles has assumed large dimensions, and is now one of the prominent features of the city's business. Elevators have been erected by the leading firms that purchase and consume most of the castor beans and flaxseed that come here, but the receivers who sell them find a delay of ten to fifteen days in getting their receipts into these elevators. One party who received notice of a lot of flaxseed as having arrived here on the 8th of this month, and who sold the lot to one of these firms, has not yet received a warehouse receipt for the stuff, and is consequently unable to render a bill to the buyer or return an account sale to the shipper. These delays are most vexatious to the receiver and is liable to tend to a loss of trade, as the shipper cannot understand why returns are not more promptly made to him. There is something wrong somewhere, but whether it lies with the railroads or the elevators cannot be discovered, though parties actively engaged in the trade have tried hard to find out.

It has been quietly known in the past few days to a few in this market and Chicago that a large trade in corn was in progress between parties in the respective markets. This trade has finally been consummated, and the full particulars are now learned for the first time. There has been a difference between the price of spot corn in Chicago and December corn here that attracted the attention of one enterprising firm, and they have been figuring on it for some time, but it was only within the past couple of days that they have been able to work it to advantage. That they have finally done so is evidenced by their selling 200,000 bushels corn for December here. Against this sale they have purchased the same amount of spot corn in Chicago, and in the trade, with the special rate of freight they obtained on the shipment of the grain, have a profit of full 1c a bushel. The first shipment of this Chicago corn was made last night, 25 cars being sent away that will be here probably by to-morrow. The firm handling this trade say they have no fear of the corn missing the grade here, as they, had two of the best inspectors in this market go to Chicago and personally inspect four cargoes of Chicago No. 2 corn, as we has the 25 cars shipped here, and both inspectors agree that the corn will readily pass No. 2 here. About all this corn will go into the Advance elevator, the house controlled by the firm making the trade. It is understood that the parties who hold nearly all the cash corn in this market have got wind of the "block" of actual stuff that is to be dumped upon the market, and have, through a broker, been quietly selling out all their December corn in the past few days.

THOSE of our patrons wishing crayons or other large work for holiday presents are requested to come in now, in order to avoid the usual rush.

F. W. GUERIN,
627 Olive street.

Stealing a Sealskin Sacque.

The sneak thieves have begun their usual winter raids on the hotels, and they manage to make a haul nearly every day in some quarter. Mrs. E. J. Spaulding and Mrs. J. M. Mix were passing through the city from New York yesterday, and remained over for dinner at the Planters'. Mrs. Spaulding is the wife of Capt. Spaulding of the U. S. Army, now stationed at New York, and Mrs. Mix's husband, Col. Mix, is in Montana, to which places the ladies are on their way. After dinner they sat down in the parlor of the hotel, and Mrs. Spaulding laid her $250 sea skin sacque on a chair beside her. A man stepped in and picked up her overshoes, which she had laid aside. She spoke to him, and he apologized, dropped the shoes and, she thinks, left the room. Five minutes after Mrs. Spaulding looked up from the newspaper she was reading and found that the sealskin sacque had disappeared. The ladies immediately notified the hotel people, but they complain that the latter showed no desire to help them in the search, and did nothing except to advise them to see the police. They went to the Four Courts, and the detectives spent yesterday afternoon scouring the pawnshops without success. The ladies are remaining over at the Lindell to-day in the hope of recovering the sacque.

EAST ST. LOUIS.

Mrs. Cosley was jailed last night for being drunk on the streets, but was released by the Marshal for want of prosecution.

Joseph Scarfield was jailed on suspicion. Wm. Hooper occupied a cell on the same charge. Both were released this morning by the Marshal.

The arrival of Ben Potter's minstrel troupe in East St. Louis a few days ago created a little excitement which terminated in a lawsuit and house breaking. The company contracted as many debts as possible during their short stay and were making preparations for a hasty departure when James Harney, one of the proprietors, attached their stock in trade which consisted of two drums. The case was to be tried in 'Squire Graney's court this morning. Harvey, John and George Baker, three attaches of the troupe, claimed the drums as their property, and in company with a few friends visited Harney's house about 1 o'clock this morning to take possession, and use violence if necessary. A stormy consultation was held outside the house, which awoke the inmates. Harney hastily dressed and went outside to entertain his visitors, but all the gang beat a hasty retreat upon his approach. During his absence of about half an hour some of the gang returned, forced open the door and ransacked the house, upsetting furniture and scattering everything in wild confusion, but failed to find the drums, which were in Constable Kelly's possession. Mrs. Harney is in a very delicate state of health and suffered a severe relapse from the fright. 'Squire Graney being confined with rheumatism, the case was continued till Monday.

WE CALL SPECIAL ATTENTION

To our assortment of fine and medium-grade SCHOOL and DRESS SHOES for Misses and Children. "Comfort, durability and Style."

Prices the lowest at

"FAMOUS."

THE SOCIAL CANCER.

Trial of the Givens Damage Suit Against Dr. Van Studdiford.

A jury was impaneled in Judge Horner's court this morning for the trial of the $25,000 damage suit of James Givens against Dr. Henry Van Studdiford. This is the celebrated case involving damages to real estate alleged to have been sustained by reason of a disreputable house maintained upon adjoining premises, Sixth and Walnut streets. The suit was filed several years since, Mr. Givens alleging that in 1873 he was the owner of the property at the southeast corner of Sixth and Walnut streets, comprising a four-story residence and ground, 50 feet front and 114 feet depth; that its value at such time was $40,000. In December, 1875, the property was sold under deed of trust and was then leased by Mr. Givens from the purchaser with the right of repurchase. Dr. Van Studdiford owned the adjoining premises on Sixth street, No. 112, and Mr. Givens in support of his claim for damages alleged that his property had been sold for one-half of its value and that its rental value had depreciated for years by reason of the fact that Dr. Van Studdiford's house, in common with other property on Sixth street, between Walnut and Elm streets, was rented to tenants of immoral character, young women appearing at the open doors and windows in a half-dressed condition throughout the day and night, to the detriment of decency and public morals. Dr. Van Studiford set up in defense that Mr. Givens was not the owner of the property at the corner when the suit was brought, and that he, the Doctor, was not an active party to the creation of the alleged nuisance; furthermore, that it was not his fault if the plaintiff owned a large deed of trust upon unmarketable property. He averred that property values generally throughout the country depreciated at the times complained of, and that this locality, Sixth and Walnut streets, became undesirable for residential or business purposes, the neighborhood declining in rental value by the stride of business in other directions and by the residential movement westward. In 1876 the first trial of the suit was reached in the Circuit Court, when the jury, under instructions of court, rendered a verdict in favor of Dr. Van Studdiford, on the ground that Mr. Givens had no legal recovery of damage. At the time complained of in the first place the social evil law was in force in this city, and the immoral business was sanctioned and licensed. An appeal was taken to the Court of Appeals, where the judgment was reversed, the Appellate Court holding that Mr. Givens was entitled to a measure of damages. Then an appeal was taken on the other side to the Supreme Court and the judgment of the appellate court was affirmed. The case thus at length, after many continuances, reaches a new trial to-day. It engages the attention of all persons having real estate interests, and the court-room is well filled. Dr. Van Studdiford is represented by Col. Slayback, and John R. Christian represents the plaintiff. In selecting a panel, Col. Slayback asked the gentlemen in the jury-box to stand up, and addressed them as follows: "Gentlemen, I wish to ask you, one and all, whether you are members of the Young Men's Christian Association, or whether you are in any way identified with any society for the suppression of vice? You have been told the character of this case and you will readily understand why I ask this." The response was in the negative and a panel was shortly selected.

Fine Cakes and Candies.

Try L. Mohr's Coffee Cakes, Cream Rolls, Chocolate and Cream Puffs, and a large assortment of other kinds. Fresh Caramels every day. 1424 Chouteau avenue.

A Drinking Question.

Emma Schlicker was put on the stand to testify in her own behalf to a charge of disturbing the peace.

"Were you drinking on the day you had this chat in which these names were called?" asked Mr. Erskine.

"Yes, I was drinking."

"You do drink, then?"

"Yes, I'm in the habit of drinking."

"To get drunk?"

"I'm not in the habit of being an habitual drunkard."

"I have not asked you that."

"Well, I want to tell you I was drinking and do drink and if I should get drunk I'm not in the habit of being a habitual drunkards" She was fined costs.

FOUR COURTS NEWS.

Chenny Maxwell, charged with stealing a fine pitcher from William Barr's, was jailed to-day.

Gus Berning was arraigned to-day in the First District Police Court on a charge of vagrancy.

Delia Russell will have an opportunity to prove that she did not steal William Jones' bed clothes, November 29.

John Donovan, charged with robbery in the first degree, will have a preliminary hearing before Judge Cady November 30.

Lucy Russell, charged with stealing a dress and $4 in money from Mary Turner, will have a hearing November 29, before Judge Cady.

Nick Sebennagel, charged with smashing Adam Gilman's windows, will have a trial in the Court of Criminal Correction, November 29.

Christian Vogler, the boy charged with firing five shots at his stepfather, Michael Riener, a fisherman, while the latter was out in the river with his skiff, was jailed to-day.

George Fresch, proprietor of the "Crystal Palace," gave bond to-day to answer a charge of assault and battery preferred by Frank Kremer. The case was set for December 2.

Henrietta Hines, a widow residing at No. 2441 Carondelet avenue, is reported by the police in destitute circumstances, with four small children, one a baby at her breast, and without any means of support.

A Thanksgiving.

Dr. Tom Robinson was walking up Fifth street yesterday when he was called by a well-dressed gentleman, who said he wanted to give a token of thanks. The Doctor acknowledged the gentleman's advantage when the latter said, "Doctor, I was in the city three years ago without funds. I got into a disgraceful row and my cheek was cut from ear to jaw. I was taken to the Dispensary, where you were in charge. I asked you to dress it so as not to leave a scar and I remember you said every one got the fullest benefit of your ability. You did dress it, and the scar is scarcely noticeable. I want to thank you, and want you to step in here and get a silk hat." After the circumstances were related, Dr. Robinson remembered the case. The man had made money since, and was stopping at the Linden Hotel and insisted on the Doctor taking a new stovepipe, which he now wears with pride. If each of the unfortunates who received kindness at Dr. Tom's hands while he was at the Dispensary were to present him with a hat, he could wear a different plug every day in the year. The gentleman said he thought he owed Dr. Robinson a Thanksgiving.

A DAY OF DIVORCE.

Judge Lindley Severs the Knot in Several Cases—Familiar Stories.

Judge Lindley to-day heard and disposed of his default divorce docket, with the result given below. In such cases where the defendants do not appear, evidence is heard upon the grounds of the prayer, desertion, bad treatment, drunkenness, failure to support, etc., and the decrees are granted in short order. The following knots were severed this morning:

Boll vs. Boll; decree of divorce granted plaintiff with restoration of maiden name, Jennie Bray.

Gaffney vs. Gaffney; decree of divorce granted with restoration of former name, Elizabeth Kuntz, and custody of child Laura.

Collins vs. Collins; decree of divorce granted plaintiff with restoration of maiden name.

Jeannette Ellard vs. Henry Ellard; decree of divorce granted plaintiff.

Cecelia Schneider vs. Henry Schneider; decree of divorce granted plaintiff.

Louise Butzbach vs. Henry Butzbach, decree of divorce granted plaintiff.

The case of Newcomb vs. Newcomb was dismissed by the plaintiff, and the case of Clark vs. Clark was dismissed for want of prosecution.

Look Out To-Day.

To day will be opened an immense stock of overcoats that were delayed by the recent wash-out on the railroad. The entire lot will be sold at a tremendous sacrifice, as the time is nearly up when this great sale must close. Call early and avoid the great rush, as in the afternoon the crowd is so great that many people are unable to get waited on at the great bankrupt sale of three consolidated stocks of men's clothing, hats, etc., at 210 North Fifth street. In the lots to be opened to-day are men's winter heavy pants 99c, guaranteed worth $1 or money returned; men's winter suits $3 92, worth $12; elegant beaver overcoats $4 45, worth $14 or money returned; men's fashionable hats 31 cents, guaranteed worth $1 50; men's heavy undershirts 22 cents, worth $1; handkerchiefs 3c, and 10,000 different articles for men's wear at 210 North Fifth street between Olive and Pine streets. Remember, the time is nearly up when this great sale must close. Store open till 8 at night.

War on the Proposed Club.

As will be seen by a notice published elsewhere, the down-town restaurant men are beginning to be greatly worked up over the prospects of the Mercantile Club. They claim that the club intends to open a public restaurant on Fifth street, where everybody will be welcome who pays, and that this will be run in addition to the usual club accommodations. The restaurant and hotel men say that a large portion of their patronage comes from down town business men, and that the club itself, even without the restaurant, will be the death of their establishments, especially the restaurants.

They further state that they purchase their furniture, carpets, tableware, etc., from the very merchants who are thus purposing to break them up. At the meeting to be held Monday afternoon the object is to protest against the club schemes, and the sentiments of the men seen to day was that the meeting would declare against patronizing any business man who joins or favors the new organization. It is probable that they are mistaken about the club's intention to open a public restaurant, but they declare that, even if this be so, they are still about to be injured, and that the club will take away from the down-town restaurants and hotels the best class of customers.

Sudden Death.

Charles L. Downie, a young man who came to this city from New York lately, died suddenly at his boarding-house, No. 1008 Pine street this morning. Downie was a resident of Indianapolis, where his relatives are wealthy and influential. The death of his father left him master of a large fortune, most of which he squandered in dissipation, but during the last couple of years he had reformed entirely and was attending strictly to business. He was awaiting a position as traveling salesman for a St. Louis house at the time of his death. Yesterday he visited Mr. W. E. Lee, on Pine street, took dinner with him, and left in the evening, feeling perfectly well and promising to come back in the morning and open a set of books for Mr. Lee. When his room mate, Mr. Blackwell, awoke this morning he found young Downie dead in his bed. His relations in Indianapolis have been telegraphed for and will take charge of the body. Heart disease was probably the cause of death. Deceased was a young man of very brilliant parts and generous to a fault. The Coroner has been notified and will hold an inquest.

Goulds—Ostrander.

The Goulds-Ostrander differences have been amicably settled and the partnership proceedings in court dismissed on the motion of the Goulds. The basis of settlement was payment of $5,000 by Mr. Ostrander to the Goulds, and the receiver has been ordered to turn over the property to the Goulds, less the amount of his compensation. This result was attained at a late hour on Thanksgiving evening.

Mr. Cupples Will Not Talk.

A reporter called on Mr. Cupples to day in reference to the sworn statement of Charles P. Johnson, published in yesterday's POST-DISPATCH, relating to the matter of the gambling war. Mr. Cupples pleasantly but firmly refused to speak about the matter. He said that he had made up his mind not to be interviewed in regard to the subject.

Sideboards.

We ask those about furnishing dining rooms to inspect our immense variety of sideboards, extension tables and chairs in walnut and mahogany. Prices the very lowest.

BURRELL, COMSTOCK & CO.

New Buildings.

A kitchen costing $250 will be built on De Kalk street, between Victor and Barton streets, by P. Strebler.

A frame stable will be built on Davis street, between Nineteenth and Twentieth streets, by J. Niehaus; cost is $30.

A frame cottage, costing $500, is to be built on Kennedy street, between Taylor avenue and Papin street, by J. McCaffry.

James Kent received permission to build a one-story brick factory on the corner of Seventh and Howard streets, to cost $500.

Five hundred and fifty dollars is to be expended by L. Neuiest in the erection of a cooper shop on the west side of Fourth street, between Wall and Harney streets.

The weather indications for to-day are warmer and generally fair.

WE HAVE OVERCOATS

MADE—For Merchants and Miners.
GOTTEN UP—For Gamblers and Grangers.
CONSTRUCTED—For Carpenters and Capitalists.
BUILT—For Bankers and Butchers.
CARVED OUT—For Contractors and Coal Dealers.
PUT UP—For Preachers and Plumbers.

In fact, there is no trade, business or profession, but that we have garments specially designed for it, and our well-known reputation for honorable dealing and selling only HONEST GOODS insures to each and every purchaser full value for his investment.

F. W. HUMPHREY & CO.

NORTHEAST CORNER FIFTH AND PINE.

OVERCOATS,
ULSTERS,
ULSTERETTES.

Self-lined, Wool-lined and Silk-lined, made to order in the most perfect style from $20, $25, $30, $35, and $40 and $50.

Nicoll the Tailor

PIONEER OF MODERATE PRICES.

9 South Fourth and 708 Olive St.

Samples and rules for self-measurement sent everywhere. Branch stores in principal cities.

LINDELL HOTEL.

Refitted, Redecorated and Refurnished.

Cafe and Restaurant opened on Thursday, November 3. Regular Dinner 12 to 3. Popular Prices.

This Elixir is specially prepared for Convalescents and Weak persons, and as a Tonic is strongly recommended by the Medical Faculty of Paris. Its principal ingredient is pure meat scientifically prepared with **DUCRO'S** Medical remedies, giving it wonderful stimulating properties invigorating the vital forces, without fatigue to the digestive organs.

ALIMENTARY

In cases of Typhoid, Yellow and Malaria Fevers the Elixir is invaluable, giving strength to overcome the waste caused by these malignant diseases. It is agreeable to the taste, prompt in its action, and especially recommended in cases of Lung diseases.

ELIXIR

E. Sougerea & Co., Agents, New York.

AT F. DE DONATO'S

Ladies' Hair Bazaar

Can be found the largest assortment of the various style at the Reduced Prices. Water Waves, with a complete line of Hair Goods and a splendid assortment of the Newest Designs of Hair Ornaments and combs in Steel, Cut Jet, Garnet, Rubber, Silver, Gold, etc

Also a full line of Toilet Articles.

F. DE DONATO'S,
Sixth and Olive streets.
(Opposite Burr's.)

THE

IMPERISHABLE PERFUME.

Murray & Lanman's FLORIDA WATER,

Best for TOILET, BATH, and SICK ROOM.

ANDREW McALLISTER,
COMPOSITION ROOFER.

Orders promptly attended to. Work guaranteed. Prices low. Office northwest corner Sixth and Pine streets.

MOUND CITY

411 N. FOURTH ST.

411 N. FOURTH ST.

SHOE STORE.

The Best Assortment in the City.

Sole Agent for E. C. Burt's Shoes.

REAL ESTATE.

JOHN MAGUIRE,

Real Estate and House Agent, Conveyancer and Notary Public.

Houses, lots and stores for rent, lease, sale or exchange in different parts of the city. Money loaned on real estate.

[illegible] Walnut st., Office hrs. 8 to 4.

LEGAL.

Sheriff's Sales

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court, at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Richard J. Howard is defendant,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

Number 1: Three lots of ground on Clay street in city block 3124, each 25 feet in front or width, and 140 feet in length or depth, being lots 3, 4 and 5 in block 23 in survey 3.

Number 2: Five lots of ground on Van Buren street in city block 3124, each 25 feet in front or width, and 140 feet in length or depth, being lots 20, 21, 22, 23 and 24 in block 23 in survey 3.

And I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 7TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis Mo.. November 10. 1881 5W

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff and Henry C. E. Bremser is defendant,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

Three lots of ground on Oregon avenue in city block 1634, each 25 feet in front or width, and 127 feet 2 inches in length or depth, being lots 44, 45 and 46 in Kerr's addition to said city.

And I will, on

MONDAY, THE 12TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis. Mo.. November 5, 1881 27W

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and John W. Snow and Henry M. Berry are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis, and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

Two lots of ground on Osage street in city block 2574, each 25 feet in front or width, and 125 feet in length or depth, being lots 6 and 7 in block 1 in city commons.

And I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 7TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis. Mo., November 10, 1881. 3W

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Bridget McKinney and her husband, Daniel McKinney, are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground in city block 3263 of said city, said lot being 25 feet front on Benton street by 141.9 feet deep, said lot being further described as lot 4 in block 86 2 of survey 3, etc.

And I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 30TH DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis. Mo.. November 5, 1881 59V

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Anna Hartman is defendant,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground on Second street in city block 3229, 25 feet in front or width, and 137 feet 6 inches in length or depth, being lot 9 in block 1 in Perkins addition to said city, in survey 3.

And I will, on

MONDAY, THE 12TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881,

between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above-described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo.. November 15, 1881 23W

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Ignatz Hartman is defendant,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

1. The east part of lot No. 6 in city block No. 2269 of the city of St. Louis, said part of said lot having a front of 15 feet on Convent (now La Salle) street by a depth of 136 feet.

2. Lots Nos 7 and 8 in city block No. 2269 of the city of St. Louis, each of said lots 7 and 8 having a front of 25 feet on Convent (now La Salle) street by a depth of 136 feet.

And I will, on

MONDAY, THE 12TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., November 15, 1881. 21W

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the city of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the city of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Godfrey Knight, William G. Knight, John F. Knight, Godfrey E. Knight, Jeremiah H. Knight, Mary K. Wood, Albert Wood, Jane E. Anderson and Murray Anderson are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground on Sublette avenue, in front or width 68 feet 6 inches in the one part and 38 feet 6 inches in the other part, and in length or depth 254 feet 8 inches in the one part and 144 feet 8 inches in the other part, being part of lot 5 in Dalton's addition to Chetlenham addition to said city, and bounded on the north by real estate of one Plannery, on the east by Sublette avenue, on the south by real estate of one John and others, on the west by January avenue and real estate of others.

And I will on

WEDNESDAY THE 14TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., November 15, 1881. 40W

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the city of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff and Abraham Herbel is defendant, I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill, on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 1. A lot of ground on Ninth street, in city block 2816, 20 feet 10 inches in front or width and 150 feet in length or depth, being lot 6 in block 53 in South St. Louis suburbs

No. 2. A lot of ground on Eighth street, in city block 2816, 30 feet 10 inches in front or width and 150 feet in length or depth being lot 15 in block 52 in South St. Louis suburbs.

No. 3. A lot of ground on Seventh street, in city block 2816, 30 feet 10 inches in front or width and 150 feet in length or depth being lot 15 in block 52 in South St. Louis suburbs.

No. 4. A lot of ground on Seventh street in city block 2816. 30 feet 10 inches in front or width and 150 feet in length or depth, being lot 16 in block 52 in South St. Louis suburbs.

No. 5. A lot of ground on Seventh street, in city block 2817, 15 feet 5¼ inches in front or width and 150 feet in length or depth, being the north part of lot 6 in block 51 in South St. Louis suburbs.

No. 6. A lot of ground on Sixth street, in city block 2817, 15 feet 5¼ inches in front or width and 150 feet in length or depth, being the north half of lot 21 in block 51 in South st. Louis suburbs.

No. 7 A lot of ground on Sixth street, in city block 2817, 5 feet 10½ inches in front or width and 165 feet in length or depth, being the north part of lot 6 in block 50 in South St. Louis suburbs.

And I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 14TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., November 15, 1881. 39W

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Charles E. Bradley is defendant, I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground on Seventh street in city block 850, in front or width 39 feet 11 inches in the one part and 17 feet 10 inches in the other part, and 203 feet in length or depth, being in block 1 in Lacadie's Addition to said city, and bounded on the north by real estate of one Booth, on the east by an alley, on the south by real estate of one Burnes, on the west by Seventh street.

And I will, on

WEDNESDAY, the 14th day of December, 1881, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of Saturday, at the east front door of the Court house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, November 17, 1881. 35W

LEGAL.

Sheriff's Sales.

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and John Mcintyre is defendant,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground on Angelrodt street in city block 1193, 27 feet 6 inches in front or width, and 120 feet in length or depth, being lot 19 in block 33 in Farrar's addition to said city.

And I will, on

FRIDAY, THE 9TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., November 12, 1881. 16W

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Playfair G. Ault, Edwin M. Ault, Alvin Fox, are defendants.

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 1. A lot of ground on Guilford street in city block 1897, 25 feet in front or width, and 132 feet 6 inches in length or depth, being lot 12 in block 3 in Darby's addition to said city.

No. 2 A lot of ground on Guilford street in city block 1897, 37 feet 1 inch in front or width, and 132 feet 6 inches in length or depth, being lot 13 in block 3 in Darby's addition to said city.

And I will, on

FRIDAY, THE 9TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., November 12, 1881. 12W

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Wells Hendershott is defendant,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 1. A lot of ground on Arsenal street in city block 1492, 25 feet in front or width, and 125 feet in length or depth, being lot 1 in block 2 in City Commons.

No. 2. A lot of ground on Arsenal street in city block 1492, 25 feet in front or width, and 131 feet 2 inches in length or depth, being lot 2 in block 2 in City Commons.

And I will, on

FRIDAY, THE 9TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., November 12, 1881. 55V

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Jesse S. Gray is defendant,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground in city block 2443 of said city of St. Louis, said lot being 25 feet in front on Thirteenth street by 130 feet deep, and said lot is further described as being the S. ½ of lot No. 11 of Bissell's addition to said city of St. Louis.

And I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 30TH DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1881,

between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., November 5, 1881. 57V

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Sarah A. Hopkins and Samuel Herman are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground on Eighth street in city block 2260, in front or width 7 feet 7½ inches in the one part, and 20 feet 9¾ inches in the other part, and 153 feet in length or depth, being the east part of lot 13 in Rene Paul subdivision addition to said city.

And I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 7TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881,

between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., November 10, 1881. 10W

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and John R. Farrar, Calvin F. Burnes, John W. Burd and Henry M. Berry are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 1. A lot of ground on Seventh street, in city block 2816, 30 feet 10 inches in front or width and 150 feet in length or depth being lot 15 in block 52 in South St. Louis suburbs

No. 2. A lot of ground on Seventh street, in city block 2816, 30 feet 10 inches in front or width and 150 feet in length or depth being lot 15 in block 52 in South St. Louis suburbs.

No. 3. A lot of ground on Seventh street, in city block 2816, 30 feet 10 inches in front or width and 150 feet in length or depth, being lot 16 in block 52 in South St. Louis suburbs.

No. 4. A lot of ground on Seventh street in city block 2816. 30 feet 10 inches in front or width and 150 feet in length or depth, being lot 16 in block 52 in South St. Louis suburbs.

No. 5. A lot of ground on Seventh street, in city block 2817, 15 feet 5¼ inches in front or width and 150 feet in length or depth, being the north part of lot 6 in block 51 in South St. Louis suburbs.

No. 6. A lot of ground on Sixth street, in city block 2817, 15 feet 5¼ inches in front or width and 150 feet in length or depth, being the north half of lot 21 in block 51 in South st. Louis suburbs.

No. 7 A lot of ground on Sixth street, in city block 2817, 5 feet 10½ inches in front or width and 165 feet in length or depth, being the north part of lot 6 in block 50 in South St. Louis suburbs.

And I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 14TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., November 15, 1881. 39W

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Charles E. Hospes are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 1. A lot of ground on Third street in city block 1782, 37 feet 4 inches in front or width, and 122 feet 6 inches in length or depth, being lot 7 in block 2 in St. Ange addition to said city.

No 2. Five lots of ground on Third street in city block 1782, each 25 feet in front or width, and 122 feet 6 inches in length or depth, being lots 8, 9, 10, 11 and 12 in block 2 in St. Ange addition to said city.

No. 3. A lot of ground on Park avenue in city block 1782, 154 feet 6 inches in front or width, and in length or depth 234 feet 4 inches in the one part, and 217 feet 4 inches in the other part, being part of lot 18, and bounded on the north by real estate of one Laberque, on the east by block 2166, on the south by Park avenue, on the west by real estate of one Roe.

And I will, on

MONDAY, THE 12TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St Louis, Mo., November 15 1881. 29W

LEGAL.

Sheriff's Sales.

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Dena Sander and Adam Sander are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground on Angelrodt street in city block 1193, 27 feet 6 inches in front or width, and 120 feet in length or depth, being lot 19 in block 33 in Farrar's addition to said city.

And I will, on

FRIDAY, THE 9TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., November 12, 1881. 16W

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Playfair G. Ault, Edwin M. Ault, Alvin Fox, are defendants.

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 1. A lot of ground on Guilford street in city block 1897, 25 feet in front or width, and 132 feet 6 inches in length or depth, being lot 12 in block 3 in Darby's addition to said city.

No. 2 A lot of ground on Guilford street in city block 1897, 37 feet 1 inch in front or width, and 132 feet 6 inches in length or depth, being lot 13 in block 3 in Darby's addition to said city.

And I will, on

FRIDAY, THE 9TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., November 12, 1881. 12W

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Wells Hendershott is defendant,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 1. A lot of ground on Arsenal street in city block 1492, 25 feet in front or width, and 125 feet in length or depth, being lot 1 in block 2 in City Commons.

No. 2. A lot of ground on Arsenal street in city block 1492, 25 feet in front or width, and 131 feet 2 inches in length or depth, being lot 2 in block 2 in City Commons.

And I will, on

FRIDAY, THE 9TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., November 12, 1881. 55V

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Richard Elliott, John F. Lay and E. G. Obear are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

Lot No. 10 in block No. 52 of Ivory's addition to the city of Carondelet, now the city of St. Louis, said lot also being in city block No. 3070 of said city of St. Louis, and having a front of 25 feet on Tenth street by a depth of 147½ feet.

And I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 30TH DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., November 5, 1881. 58V

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Anna Hartman is defendant,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground on Second street in city block 3229, 25 feet in front or width, and 137 feet 6 inches in length or depth, being lot 9 in block 1 in Perkins addition to said city, in survey 3.

And I will, on

MONDAY, THE 12TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881, between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above-described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., November 15, 1881. 23W

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Ignatz Hartman is defendant,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

1. The east part of lot No. 6 in city block No. 2269 of the city of St. Louis, said part of said lot having a front of 15 feet on Convent (now La Salle) street by a depth of 136 feet.

2. Lots Nos 7 and 8 in city block No. 2269 of the city of St. Louis, each of said lots 7 and 8 having a front of 25 feet on Convent (now La Salle) street by a depth of 136 feet.

And I will, on

MONDAY, THE 12TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., November 15, 1881. 21W

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the city of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the city of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Godfrey Knight, William G. Knight, John F. Knight, Godfrey E. Knight, Jeremiah H. Knight, Mary K. Wood, Albert Wood, Jane E. Anderson and Murray Anderson are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground on Sublette avenue, in front or width 68 feet 6 inches in the one part and 38 feet 6 inches in the other part, and in length or depth 254 feet 8 inches in the one part and 144 feet 8 inches in the other part, being part of lot 5 in Dalton's addition to Chetlenham addition to said city, and bounded on the north by real estate of one Plannery, on the east by Sublette avenue, on the south by real estate of one John and others, on the west by January avenue and real estate of others.

And I will on

WEDNESDAY THE 14TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., November 15, 1881. 40W

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the city of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff and Abraham Herbel is defendant, I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill, on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 1. A lot of ground on Ninth street, in city block 2816, 20 feet 10 inches in front or width and 150 feet in length or depth, being lot 6 in block 53 in South St. Louis suburbs

No. 2. A lot of ground on Eighth street, in city block 2816, 30 feet 10 inches in front or width and 150 feet in length or depth being lot 15 in block 52 in South St. Louis suburbs.

No. 3. A lot of ground on Seventh street, in city block 2816, 30 feet 10 inches in front or width and 150 feet in length or depth being lot 15 in block 52 in South St. Louis suburbs.

No. 4. A lot of ground on Seventh street in city block 2816. 30 feet 10 inches in front or width and 150 feet in length or depth, being lot 16 in block 52 in South St. Louis suburbs.

No. 5. A lot of ground on Seventh street, in city block 2817, 15 feet 5¼ inches in front or width and 150 feet in length or depth, being the north part of lot 6 in block 51 in South St. Louis suburbs.

No. 6. A lot of ground on Sixth street, in city block 2817, 15 feet 5¼ inches in front or width and 150 feet in length or depth, being the north half of lot 21 in block 51 in South st. Louis suburbs.

No. 7 A lot of ground on Sixth street, in city block 2817, 5 feet 10½ inches in front or width and 165 feet in length or depth, being the north part of lot 6 in block 50 in South St. Louis suburbs.

And I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 14TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., November 15, 1881. 39W

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Charles E. Bradley is defendant, I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground on Seventh street in city block 850, in front or width 39 feet 11 inches in the one part and 17 feet 10 inches in the other part, and 203 feet in length or depth, being in block 1 in Lacadie's Addition to said city, and bounded on the north by real estate of one Booth, on the east by an alley, on the south by real estate of one Burnes, on the west by Seventh street.

And I will, on

WEDNESDAY, the 14th day of December, 1881, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of Saturday, at the east front door of the Court house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, November 17, 1881. 35W

LEGAL.

Sheriff's Sales.

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Joseph Sumbery, trustee of Sarah L. Lanham, Sarah L. Lanham, Philip S. Lanham, David Smith, Ellen McKnight, James H. Brooks, trustee, August Reinders are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 1. A lot of ground on Market street in city block 925, 25 feet in front or width and 80 feet in length or depth, being lot 11 in block 2 in Mills addition to said city.

No. 2. A lot of ground on Chestnut street in city block 925, 25 feet in front or width and 80 feet in length or depth, being lot 27 in block 2 in Mills addition to said city.

And I will, on

FRIDAY, THE 2D DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, all the right, title, interest, claim, estate and property of the above named William V. M. Reilly of, in and to the above described property, to satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo, November 7, 1881. 62V

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Margaret A. Gibos, Della Gibbs, Huntington Smith are defendants. I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St.

LEGAL.

Sheriff's Sales.

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and John De Haan is defendant, I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis, and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

Number 1: A lot of ground on Twentieth street in city block 1247 81 feet in front or width, and 127 feet 6 inches in length or depth, being lot 11 in block 8 in West Bremen addition to said city.

Number 2: A lot of ground on Sophia street in city block 1417 north 42 feet 8 inches in front or width, and 124 feet 10 inches in length or depth, being in block 9 in Labadie and Lynch's addition to said city and bounded on the north and south by the real estate of one P. O'Neil, on the east by an alley, on the west by Sophia street.

And I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 7TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis. Mo., November 10, 1881. 2W

SHERIFF'S SALE—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Margaret F. Smith, John D. Davis, trustee Marcus A. Wolff, William Chambers sunth, Mary McQuaid, Henry A. Hunicke, Edward S. Rowse, trustee, are defendants.

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 1. A lot of ground on O'Fallon street in city block 2301, 25 feet in front or width, and 84 feet 3 inches in length or depth, being lot 12 of lot 4 in subdivision of survey 1438.

No. 2. A lot of ground on Broadway in city block 606, 41 feet in front or width, and 123 feet in length or depth, and bounded on the north by real estate of one Clemens, on the east by Broadway, on the south by real estate of one Schuilherr, on the west by an alley.

No. 4. A lot of ground on Main street in city block 22, 25 feet 6 inches in front or width, and 132 feet in length or depth, being lot 7.

No. 5. A lot of ground on Main street in city block 28 and 24, 26 feet 2 inches in front or width, and 140 feet 5 inches in length or depth, and bounded on the north by real estate of one Boyce, on the east by Main street, on the south by real estate of one Clemens, on the west by that of one Waddingham.

No. 6. A lot of ground on Second street in city block 66, 28 feet 3 inches in front or width, and 160 feet 5 inches in length or depth, and bounded on the north by real estate of one Boyce, on the west by that of the Bridge Company.

No. 8. A lot of ground on O'Fallon street in city block 575, 27 feet 4½ inches in front or width, and 99 feet in length or depth, and bounded on the north by real estate of one Kinney, on the east by that of O'Fallon Public Schools, on the south by O'Fallon street, on the west by real estate of one Hudson.

No. 9. A lot of ground on Twelfth street in city block 575, 27 feet 4½ inches in front or width, and 99 feet in length or depth, and bounded on the north by real estate of one Frost and others, on the east by Twelfth street, on the south by real estate of one Overmack, on the west by an alley.

No 11. A lot of ground on Sixth street in city block 581, 27 feet 6 inches in front or width, and 125 feet in length or depth, being lot 6, and bounded on the north by real estate of one Clemens, on the east by Sixth street, on the south by real estate of one Boyce, on the west by an alley.

No. 12. A lot of ground on Locust street, in city block 823, 25 feet in front or width, and 102 feet 8 inches in length or depth, and bounded on the north by an alley, on the east by real estate of one Jaminet, on the south by Locust street, on the west by real estate of one Harix.

No. 15. A lot of ground on Nebraska avenue in city block 1312, 208 feet 3 inches in front or width, and 125 feet in length or depth, being in block 12 in City Commons, and bounded on the north and east by an alley, on the south by real estate of one Lamotte, on the west by Nebraska avenue.

No. 16. A lot of ground on Potomac street in city block 1567, 102 feet 2 inches in front or width and 297 feet 10 inches in length or depth, being in block 61 in City Commons, and bounded on the north by Potomac street, on the east by Ohio avenue, on the south by real estate of one Larkin, on the west by real estate of one Boyce.

No. 17. A lot of ground on O'Fallon street in city block 1679, 25 feet in front or width, and 90 feet in length or depth, being lot 2 in Picot and others' addition to said city.

No. 18. A lot of ground on Carondelet avenue in city block 1781, 162 feet 8 inches in front or width, and 119 feet 6 inches in length or depth, being in St. Ange addition to said city, and bounded on the north by real estate of one Stock, on the east by an alley, on the south by real estate of one Clemens, on the west by Carondelet avenue.

No. 19 A lot of ground on O'Fallon street in city block 2301, 84 feet 3 inches in front or width, and 84 feet 3 inches in length or depth, being lot 9 of 4 in subdivision of survey 1438.

No. 20 Two lots of ground on O'Fallon street in city block 2301, each 25 feet in front or width, and 84 feet 3 inches in length or depth, being lots 10 of 4 and 11 of 4 in subdivision of survey 1438.

No. 21 Three lots of ground on Cass avenue in city block 2308, each 25 feet in front or width, and 83 feet 9 inches in length or depth, being lots 4 5 and 6 in Chambers' addition to said city, survey 734.

No. 22. Two lots of ground on Nineteenth street in city block 2509, each 25 feet in front or width, and 110 feet 3 inches in length or depth, being lots 41 and 42 in Chambers' addition to said city, survey 734.

No. 23. A lot of ground on Nineteenth street in city block 2237, 50 feet in front or width, and 110 feet 3 inches in length or depth, being the north part of lot 13 and the south part of lot 14 in Chambers' addition to said city, survey 734.

No. 24. A lot of ground on Potomac street in city block 1567, 30 feet in front or width, and 297 feet 10 inches in length or depth, being in block 61 in city commons, and bounded on the north by Potomac street, on the east by Ohio avenue, on the south by real estate of one Larkin, on the west by that of one Smith.

No. 25. A lot of ground containing fifteen acres, being part of lot 6 in survey 1835, and bounded on the north by real estate of one Clemens, on the east by that of one Chambers, on the south by that of one Delaney, on the west by that of one Thomas.

And I will, on

MONDAY, THE 28TH DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., October 31, 1881. 35T

LEGAL.

Sheriff's Sales.

SHERIFF'S SALE IN PARTITION.—Leopold Colbrunn vs. Louisa Leubrock, Joseph B. Brehm, Peter F. Brehm and F. W. Kaenter, executor of Elizabeth Brehm, deceased.

By virtue and authority of a decree and order of sale issued from the Clerk's office of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis in the above entitled cause, dated October 24, 1881, I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 23D DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, and more particularly described as follows, to-wit:

A certain lot in city block No. 270 of the city of St. Louis, Mo., fronting (14) feet and three (3) inches on the west line of Thirteenth (13th) street in said city, and being composed of the northern twelve (12) feet of lot No. 21 in said block No. 270, and the southern two (2) feet and three (3) inches of the south part of lot No. 20 of said block No. 270, of H. M. Shreves' addition, and being bounded on the east by Thirteenth (13th) street on the west by an alley twelve (12) feet wide, on the north by part of lot No. 20 in said block No. 270 and on the south by part of lot No. 21 of said block No. 270, being the same property acquired by Geo. Brehm, as evidenced by the deed of conveyance of Frederick Schneider and wife to the said George Brehm, dated February 26 1851, and recorded in the office of the Recorder of Deeds of the city of St. Louis, in deed book C 6, page 78.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff of the City of St. Louis.

St. Louis. October 27 1881. 63T

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the clerk of the Circuit Court at the city of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Charles E. Bradley is defendant I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with lien of tax bill, on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 2. A lot of ground on Lynch street in city block 850, 72 feet in front or width and 80 feet in length or depth, being in block 1 in Labadie's addition to said city, and bounded on the north and on the east by real estate of one Burnes, on the south by Lynch street, on the west by Seventh street.

No. 2. A lot of ground on Lynch street in city block 850 in front or width 132 feet in the one part and 134 feet in the other part, and 125 feet 6 inches in length or depth, being in block 1 in Labadie's addition to said city, and bounded on the north and on the west by real estate of one Burnes, on the east by an alley, on the south by Lynch street.

And I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 14TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, November 17, 1881 31W

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, is plaintiff, and A. H. Pickering are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to wit:

1. Lot 1M in block 4 in Prairie Place addition to the city of St. Louis, said lot M. in block 4 aforesaid being 24 feet in front on Glendale avenue of said city by 142½ feet deep.

2. A lot of ground being lot N in block 4 in Prairie Place addition to the city of St. Louis, said lot N. in block 4 aforesaid being 24 feet in front on Glendale avenue of said city of St. Louis by 142½ feet deep.

And I will, on

FRIDAY, THE 2D DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., November 7, 1881. 65V

SHERIFF'S SALE IN PARTITION.—Maxamillian P. Jones, Eugenis E. Jones, Leonidas F. Jones, Francis D. Jones, Mary A. Jones and Francis J. Nicholson, a minor, plaintiffs ex parte.—By virtue and authority of an order of sale issued from the Clerk's office of the Circuit Court of Perry county, Missouri, in the above entitled case, dated June the 28th, 1881, I will, on

TUESDAY, THE 6TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court house in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, the above described real estate, situated, lying and being in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, and more particularly described as follows, to-wit:

The east half of block No. four of the addition made by John C. Ivory, formerly known as "South St. Louis suburb," containing twenty-four lots, numbered from twenty-five to forty eight inclusive, each lot having a front of thirty feet ten and one half inches, except lot No. forty-eight, which has a front of forty-one feet one and one half inches on the north side, and a depth of one hundred and fifty-one feet, bounding an aggregate front of seven hundred and fifty-one feet and three inches by a depth westwardly of one hundred and fifty-feet, bounded on the north by Osceola street, east by Tenth avenue, south by Neosho street, and west by the west half of said block four, as allotted to Eugene Miltenberger in the aforesaid suitin partition.

Second: All of block number six in said former "South St. Louis Suburb," containing forty-eight lots, numbered from one to forty-eight inclusive, each lot having a front of thirty feet ten and one-half inches, except lot number one, which has a front of twenty-eight feet ten inches on the east line of Thirteenth avenue, and lot number forty-eight, which has a front of thirty one feet ten and one half inches on the west line of Grand avenue. Said block being bounded on the north by Osceola street, on which it fronts three hundred feet, east by Grand avenue, on which it fronts seven hundred and forty-two feet, on the south by Neosho street, on which it fronts three hundred feet, and west by Thirteenth avenue on which it fronts seven hundred and thirty-eight feet and three and three-eighths inches.

Third: The north half of block numbered eight of said former "South St Louis Suburb," containing lots one to twelve inclusive and four feet ten and three-fourth inches of lot number thirteen, making together a total front of three hundred and sixty-three feet seven and seven-eighths inches on the east side of Fifteenth avenue and lots thirty-seven to forty-eight inclusive and four feet ten and three-fourth inches off of the northern part of lot number thirty-six, making together a total front of three hundred and sixty-seven feet five and one-fourth inches on the west side of Fourteenth avenue, and is bounded on the north by Osceola street on which it has a front of three hundred feet, east by Fourteenth avenue, and on the west by Fifteenth avenue, and on the south by the south part of said lot as numbered and eight allotted to said Eugene Miltenberger in said partition suit.

Terms of Sale—Ten per cent of money to paid on day of sale, and balance in 12 months from the day of sale, to be secured by a deed of trust on the property, bearing six per cent interest.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff of the City of St. Louis.

St. Louis, November 8. 1881. 71V

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term 1881, of said court, and to me directed wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Ignatz Hartman is defendant,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 1. A lot of ground on Convent street in city block 2289, 15 feet in front or width, and 136 feet in length or depth, being the east part of lot 6 in block 4 in Moulton's addition to said city.

No. 2. A lot of ground on Convent street in city block 2289, 25 feet in front or width, and 136 feet in length or depth, being lot 8 in block 4 in Moulton's addition to said city.

And I will, on

MONDAY, THE 12TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., November 15, 1881. 25W

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Jefferson A. Mayhall, jr., Mabel M. Mayhall, Voxie O. Mayhall, Frederick La Beaume are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to wit:

No. 14. A lot of ground on Nineteenth street, in city block 2237, 25 feet in front or width and 110 feet 3 inches in length or depth, being the north part of lot 15 and the south part of lot 14 in Chambers' addition to said city.

No. 15 A lot of ground on O'Fallon street, in city block 2301, 25 feet in front or width and 84 feet 3 inches in length or depth, being lot 12 of 4 in subdivision of survey 1438.

No. 16. A lot of ground on Potomac street, in city block 1567, 30 feet in front or width and 297 feet 10 inches in length or depth, being in block 61 in city commons.

No. 17. A lot of ground containing fifteen and 10-100 acres, being part of lot 6 in subdivision of survey 1835, and bounded on the north by the real estate of one Clemens, on the east by that of Chambers, on the south by that of one Delaney, on the west by that of one Thomas.

No. 18. A lot of ground on O'Fallon street, in city block 2301, 84 feet 3 inches in front or width and 84 feet 3 inches in length or depth, being lot 9 of 4 in subdivision of survey 1438.

No 19. Two lots of ground on O'Fallon street, in city block 2301, each 25 feet in front or width and 84 feet 3 inches in length or depth, being lots 10 of 4 and 11 of 4 in subdivision of survey 1438.

And I will, on

MONDAY, THE 28TH DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1881, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., October 31. 1881. 94V

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Margaret F. Smith is defendant, I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the City of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 1. A lot of ground on Main street, in city block 22. 28 feet 6 inches in front or width and 132 feet in length or depth, being lot 7.

No. 2. A lot of ground on Main street, in city blocks 28 and 24, 26 feet 2 inches in front or width and 140 feet 5 inches in length or depth, and bounded on the north by the real estate of one Boyce, on the east by Main street, on the south by the real estate of one Clemens, on the west by Waddingham street.

No 3. A lot of ground on Second street, in city block 66, 28 feet 3 inches in front or width and 160 feet 5 inches in length or depth, and bounded on the north by the real estate of one Clemens, on east by Second street, on the south and west by real estate of one Illinois and St Louis Bridge Company.

No. 4. A lot of ground on O'Fallon street, in city block 573, 15 feet in front or width and 84 feet 3 inches in length or depth, and bounded on the north by the real estate of one Kinney, on the east by that of the Board of President and Directors of St. Louis Public Schools, on the south by O'Fallon street, on the west by real estate of one Hudson.

No. 5. A lot of ground on Twelfth street, in city block 575, 27 feet 4½ inches in front or width and 99 feet in length or depth, and bounded on the north by the real estate of one Frost and others, on the east by Twelfth street, on the south by the real estate of one Wickham, on the west by an alley.

No 6. A lot of ground on Sixth street in city block 581, 27 feet 6 inches in front, or width, and 125 feet in length or depth, and bounded on the north by the real estate of one Clemens, on the east by Sixth street, on the south by the real estate of one Boyce, on the west by an alley.

No. 7. A lot of ground on Locust street in city block 823, 25 feet in front or width and 102 feet 8 inches in length or depth, and bounded on the north by an alley, on the east by the real estate of one Jaminet, on the south by Locust street and on the west by real estate of one Harix.

No. 8 A lot of ground on Nebraska avenue, in city block 1312, 208 feet 3 inches in front or width, and 125 feet in length or depth, being in block 12 in city commons, and bounded on the north and east by an alley, on the south by the real estate of one Lamotte, on the west by Nebraska avenue.

No. 9 A lot of ground on Potomac street, in city block 1567, 102 feet 2 inches in front or width and 297 feet 10 inches in length or depth, being in block 61 in city commons and bounded on the north by Potomac street, on the east by Ohio avenue, on the south by the real estate of one Larkin, on the west by that of one Boyce.

No. 10. A lot of ground on O'Fallon street, in city block 1679, 25 feet in front or width and 90 feet in length or depth, being lot 2 in the addition of Picot and others to said city.

No. 11. A lot of ground on Carondelet avenue, in city block 1781, 162 feet 8 inches in front or width, and 122 feet 6 inches in length or depth, being in St. Ange addition to said city, and bounded on the north by the real estate of one Stock, on the east by an alley, on the south by the real estate of one Clemens, on the west by Carondelet avenue.

No. 13 Two lots of ground on Nineteenth street, in city block 2509, each 25 feet in front or width, and 110 feet 3 inches in length or depth, being lots 31 and 32 in Chambers addition to said city.

No. 14. A lot of ground on Nineteenth street, in city block 2237, 25 feet in front or width and 110 feet 3 inches in length or depth, being the north part of lot 15 and the south part of lot 14 in Chambers' addition to said city.

No. 15 A lot of ground on O'Fallon street, in city block 2301, 25 feet in front or width and 84 feet 3 inches in length or depth, being lot 12 of 4 in subdivision of survey 1438.

No. 16. A lot of ground on Potomac street, in city block 1567, 30 feet in front or width and 297 feet 10 inches in length or depth, being in block 61 in city commons.

No. 17. A lot of ground containing fifteen and 10-100 acres, being part of lot 6 in subdivision of survey 1835, and bounded on the north by the real estate of one Clemens, on the east by that of one Chambers on the east by that of one Delaney, on the south by that of one Thomas, on the west by that of one Clemens.

No. 18. A lot of ground on O'Fallon street, in city block 2301, 84 feet 3 inches in front or width and 84 feet 3 inches in length or depth, being lot 9 of 4 in subdivision of survey 1438.

No 19. Two lots of ground on O'Fallon street, in city block 2301, each 25 feet in front or width and 84 feet 3 inches in length or depth, being lots 10 of 4 and 11 of 4 in subdivision of survey 1438.

And I will, on

MONDAY, THE 28TH DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1881, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., October 31. 1881. 94V

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Conrad R. Stinde is defendant.

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

Lot No 60 in block 71 of survey No. 8, said lot being also in city block No. 3214 of the city of St. Louis, said lot having a front of 25 feet on Harch street by a depth of 130 feet and 7 inches.

And I will, on

FRIDAY, THE 16TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., November 18, 1881. 46W

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and B. M. Chambers and Thomas Walsh are defendants.

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and state of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to wit:

No. 1. A lot of ground on Second street in city block 688 41 feet in front or width and 93 feet 3 inches in length or depth, being lot 9 in Lindell estate addition to said city.

No 2. A lot of ground on Main street in city block No. 432, 42 feet 3 inches in front or width and 93 feet 3 inches in length or depth, being lot 15 in Lindell's estate addition to said city.

And I will, on

FRIDAY, THE 16TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., November 18, 1881. 59W

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, is plaintiff, and James Talbot is defendant.

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

Two lots of ground on Illinois avenue in city block 1527 each 25 feet in front or width, and 123 feet 3 inches in length or depth, being lots 33 and 34 in block in City Commons.

And I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 14TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., November 17, 1881. 41W

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and James W. Johnson, trustee of Addie Allison, Addie Allison, James W. Allison, John F. Williams, Insurance Commissioner, having in charge the Life Association of America, Felix Coste, trustee, are defendants.

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 1 A lot of ground on Susan street in city block 2129, 50 feet in front or width, and 167 feet 7 inches in length or depth, being lots 17 and 18 in the subdivision of Ridgeley's subdivision addition to said city.

No. 2. A lot of ground on Henrietta street in city block 2138, 60 feet in front or width and 135 feet in length or depth, being lots 9 and 10 in the subdivision of Ridgeley's subdivision addition to said city.

And I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 14TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., November 17, 1881. 43W

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, is plaintiff, and Esther D. Wright, Thomas Wright, Mary Ann Hill are defendants.

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

Two lots of ground on Grand avenue in city block 1445, 30 feet in front or width and 269 feet 6¾ inches in length or depth, being in Weizenecker's addition to said city, and bounded on the north of Powhattan street, on the east by Vandeberg avenue, on the south by Rappahannock street, on the west by real estate of Frorichett and others, on the west by Grand avenue.

And I will, on

FRIDAY, THE 16TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., November 18, 1881. 47W

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Conrad R. Stinde is defendant, I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

Lot No. 60 in block 71 of survey No. 8, said lot being also in city block No. 3214 of the city of St. Louis, said lot having a front of 25 feet on Harch street by a depth of 130 feet and 7 inches.

And I will, on

FRIDAY, THE 16TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., November 18, 1881. 46W

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Conrad R. Stinde is defendant.

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground on Spanish street, 25 feet 6 inches in front or width and 125 feet in length or depth, being lot 7 in block 8 in West Bremen addition to said city.

And I will, on

TUESDAY, THE 13TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., November 18, 1881. 48W

SHERIFF'S SALE IN PARTITION.—Susan E. Duffield and Samuel Duffield, her husband, William S. Hills, cestui que trust, and William M. Kinsay, trustee, vs. Mary Breitenbaugh, Rosa B. Breitenbaugh, a minor, and Robin A. Breitenbaugh, a minor. By virtue and authority of a decree and order of sale issued from the Clerk's office of the Circuit Court in the above entitled cause, dated Friday, the 14th day of October, 1881, I will, on

THURSDAY, THE 15TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1881,

between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the following described real estate, situated, lying and being in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and more particularly described as follows, to wit:

Being land in United States survey number three hundred and seventy-one (371) of the series of St. Louis lands in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, being lot number sixteen (16) in block number two (2) of the subdivision of said survey, made in the year 1856 by the Board of President's and Directors of the St. Louis Public Schools, and filed and recorded in the Recorder's office of the city of St. Louis, said lot fronting twenty-five (25) feet on the west side of Carondelet avenue and running back of that width westward one hundred and sixteen feet and ten inches (116' 10-12) to a twenty foot alley in the middle of said block, and bounded on the east by said Caronodelet avenue, on the north by lot number seventeen (17) in said block, on the west by said alley, on the south by lot number fifteen (15) in said block.

Also the north one-fifth of said lot number fifteen (15) in said block number two (2) in said subdivision mentioned, the said one-fifth of said lot number fifteen (15) fronting five (5) feet on the west side of said Carondelet avenue, and running back of that width one hundred and sixteen feet ten inches (116' 10-12) to said alley in the middle of said block, and is bounded on the east by said avenue, on the north by lot number sixteen (16), on the west by said alley and on the south by a line parallel to Pestalozzi street and seventy (70) feet distant north from the northern boundary of said street, and said line being parallel to the southern boundary of said lot number sixteen (16) and distant five feet southward from said boundary last mentioned.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City of St. Louis, Missouri.

St. Louis, November 17, 1881. 52W

LEGAL.

Sheriff's Sales.

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Myer A. Rosenblatt, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Margaret F. Smith is defendant, I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the City of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to wit:

No. 1. A lot of ground on Main street, in city block 22. 28 feet 6 inches in front or width and 132 feet in length or depth, being lot 7.

No. 2. A lot of ground on Main street, in city blocks 28 and 24, 26 feet 2 inches in front or width and 140 feet 5 inches in length or depth, and bounded on the north by the real estate of one Boyce, on the east by Main street, on the south by the real estate of one Clemens, on the west by Waddingham street.

No 3. A lot of ground on Second street, in city block 66, 28 feet 3 inches in front or width and 160 feet 5 inches in length or depth, and bounded on the north by the real estate of one Clemens, on east by Second street, on the south and west by real estate of one Illinois and St Louis Bridge Company.

No. 4. A lot of ground on O'Fallon street, in city block 573, 15 feet in front or width and 84 feet 3 inches in length or depth, and bounded on the north by the real estate of one Kinney, on the east by that of the Board of President and Directors of St. Louis Public Schools, on the south by O'Fallon street, on the west by real estate of one Hudson.

No. 5. A lot of ground on Twelfth street, in city block 575, 27 feet 4½ inches in front or width and 99 feet in length or depth, and bounded on the north by the real estate of one Frost and others, on the east by Twelfth street, on the south by the real estate of one Wickham, on the west by an alley.

No 6. A lot of ground on Sixth street in city block 581, 27 feet 6 inches in front, or width, and 125 feet in length or depth, and bounded on the north by the real estate of one Clemens, on the east by Sixth street, on the south by the real estate of one Boyce, on the west by an alley.

No. 7. A lot of ground on Locust street in city block 823, 25 feet in front or width and 102 feet 8 inches in length or depth, and bounded on the north by an alley, on the east by the real estate of one Jaminet, on the south by Locust street and on the west by real estate of one Harix.

No. 8 A lot of ground on Nebraska avenue, in city block 1312, 208 feet 3 inches in front or width, and 125 feet in length or depth, being in block 12 in city commons, and bounded on the north and east by an alley, on the south by the real estate of one Lamotte, on the west by Nebraska avenue.

No. 9 A lot of ground on Potomac street, in city block 1567, 102 feet 2 inches in front or width and 297 feet 10 inches in length or depth, being in block 61 in city commons and bounded on the north by Potomac street, on the east by Ohio avenue, on the south by the real estate of one Larkin, on the west by that of one Boyce.

No. 10. A lot of ground on O'Fallon street, in city block 1679, 25 feet in front or width and 90 feet in length or depth, being lot 2 in the addition of Picot and others to said city.

No. 11. A lot of ground on Carondelet avenue, in city block 1781, 162 feet 8 inches in front or width, and 122 feet 6 inches in length or depth, being in St. Ange addition to said city, and bounded on the north by the real estate of one Stock, on the east by an alley, on the south by the real estate of one Clemens, on the west by Carondelet avenue.

No. 13 Two lots of ground on Nineteenth street, in city block 2509, each 25 feet in front or width, and 110 feet 3 inches in length or depth, being lots 31 and 32 in Chambers addition to said city.

No. 14. A lot of ground on